



PUBLISHED BY  
Dollar T.T.—1s. "Hongkong Telegraph"  
The Standard China Morning Post, Ltd.  
Liberation Building, 81 Queen's Road, Hongkong  
Low Water:—10.26.

# The Hongkong Telegraph

FOUNDED 1861  
NO. 16317

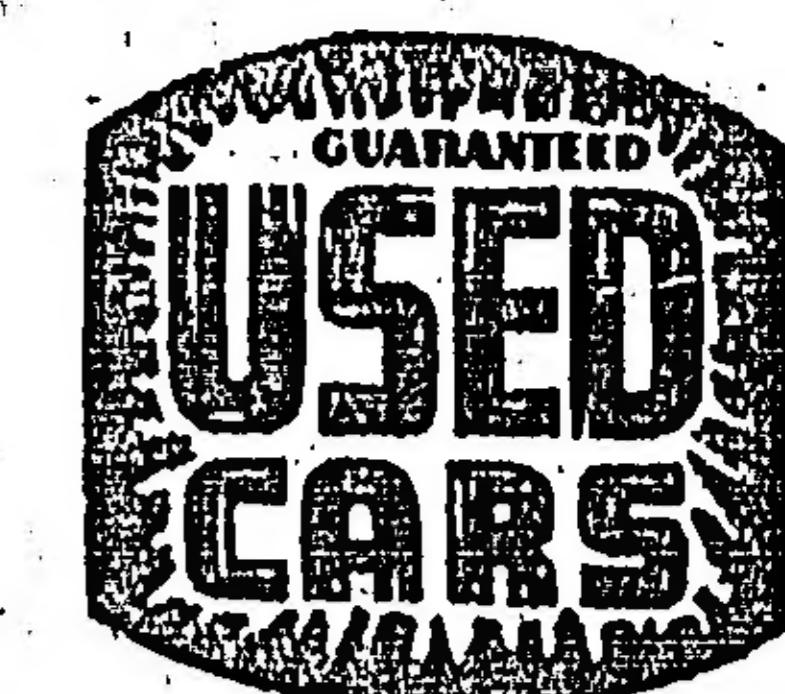
三拜禮 號三廿月七英港香

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1941.

FIRST EDITION

GILMAN'S

for—



日九廿月六

SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS  
\$30.00 PER ANNUM

## GERMANS MAKING BUT SMALL HEADWAY IN BIG BATTLES NOW RAGING

LONDON, JULY 22 (BRITISH WIRELESS).—A GREAT BATTLE BETWEEN THE GERMANS AND RUSSIANS IN WHICH THE OPPONING ARMIES ARE WRESTLING IN FIGHTING ZONES OF GREAT DEPTH CONTINUES WITH UNABATED VIOLENCE. IT IS CONSIDERED BY MILITARY CIRCLES HERE THAT CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS ARE NOW CLEAR.

Firstly, the German advance from Pskov towards Leningrad seems to be held up by the Russians.

Secondly, the Russians seem to be putting up fierce resistance to the enemy, who is endeavouring to advance on both flanks of Smolensk. It is still uncertain whether the Germans have occupied the city, but it is possible that German detachments are fighting beyond it to the east, although the main supporting forces are doing their best to break through on the flanks.

Thirdly, the Germans seem to be making an advance in the Kiev direction by a thrust developing down the right bank of the Dnieper, which will be watched carefully as a success might endanger the Russian forces in the Bessarabian sector.

## MOSCOW HARDLY SCATHED

Raid Causes Little Damage

*Special to the "Telegraph"*

MOSCOW, July 22 (UP).—Moscow experienced its first baptism of fire last night and early this morning and emerged scarcely scathed. En route to the subway station, "Palace of Soviets," the "U.P." correspondent saw the streets cleared of everybody except air wardens, nurses and policemen who were escorting people to the subway.

It was found that some 2,000 men and women and a few children were on the platform and rails quietly discussing the event. Unlike previous occasions, many brought blankets and coats and hurried to sleep.

Intensive anti-aircraft fire held the raiders at a considerable distance. A tour through the central portions of the city revealed but little damage. There were a few wrecked houses. By 7 a.m. the capital had assumed its normal appearance.

## New Air Attack On Naples

CAIRO, July 22 (Reuter).—Large fires and explosions were caused in Naples harbour during an attack by the R.A.F. on Sunday night.

An R.A.F. Middle East communiqué announcing this fact states: "Heavy bombers of the R.A.F. carried out an attack on the harbour at Naples and railway sidings in the vicinity on the night of July 20-21. The first bombs dropped on the target caused large fires and these were subsequently enlarged by the bombs of the following aircraft.

"Fires were accompanied by explosions."

"During the same night, heavy bombers again attacked docks and installations at Benghazi, causing fires and explosions on the moles. All aircraft returned safely."

## DAYLIGHT RAIDS ON N. FRANCE

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—A daylight R.A.F. attack on shipbuilding yards on the Seine and extensive sweeps over Northern France to-day are reported in the following British Air Ministry communiqué:

"Early this afternoon, Blenheim aircraft of the Bomber Command, escorted by fighters, attacked shipbuilding yards at Le Havre on the Seine to the west of Rouen. Bursts were seen at sheds and slipways and the target was left hidden in smoke. Our fighters also carried out extensive sweeps over Northern France.

"In the course of these operations, four enemy fighters were destroyed. Our losses were three fighters."

## ARRIVALS IN CHUNGKING

Chungking, July 22 (Central News).—Mr K. P. Chen, Chairman of the Chinese Currency Stabilisation Board and General Manager of the Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, returned here this morning by air from Hongkong.

Mr Chen was accompanied by Mr Manuel Fox, American Member of the Board.

## Strong Bomber Force Smashes Nazi Plants

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Describing last night's raids on Germany, the Air Ministry states that a strong force of aircraft did great execution among industrial buildings in Frankfurt-on-Main and Mannheim.

An important railway yard, the main railway station, there were the focus of attack at Frankfurt, which is one of the chief commercial centres of Germany and lies at a strategic point on the great trade routes between the north and south.

The crew of one aircraft said that they saw an explosion which destroyed a large building.

Many fires in the yard were reported as well.

Elsewhere in the town and especially in the neighbourhood of the

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1941.

SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS  
\$30.00 PER ANNUM

London but it is significant that the disquieting rumours regarding Japanese intentions concerning Indo-China continue notwithstanding changes in the Japanese Cabinet, says "Reuter's" Diplomatic Correspondent.

They also termed as "disquieting" the continued Japanese press attacks on the Indo-China administration.

*Significant*

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—There is no definite news from the Far East in authoritative quarters in

In this regard it is noteworthy that Mr Ohashi, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, who gave Sir Robert Craigie the most categorical assurances regarding the purity of Japanese intentions in Indo-China, has been relieved of his office at his own request.

*Base For New Drive*

CHUNGKING, July 22 (Reuter).—The possibility that Japan may shortly launch a new drive in an attempt to cut the Burma Road while awaiting clarification of the international situation before deciding on a north or south expansion is being discussed here.

The present Japanese negotiations with Indo-China are probably connected with the forthcoming drive since Japan is expected to use Indo-China as the base for an attack.

Chinese opinion further contends that Japan may push northward from Luokai along the railway towards Kunming or westward into Burma or both.

Japanese troop withdrawals from various fronts in China and the sighting of a Japanese convoy moving southward from Canton are attracting considerable attention here.

*Sumita Meets Decoux*

TOKYO, July 22 (Reuter).—The head of the Japanese Military Mission in Indo-China, Major-General Sumita, called on Admiral Decoux, Governor-General of Indo-China, this evening for a talk lasting an hour, according to a Hanoi telegram.

Another meeting is expected tomorrow which will be the third on successive days.

## British Oil And Japan Questions In Commons

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr William Gallacher asked whether the oil agreement made in 1940 whereby the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company was to sell one million barrels of oil to Japan is still in operation, and he asked what are the figures of oil exports to Japan from British-owned fields in the Middle East in 1941.

Mr Richard Law, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said that he was informed by the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company that the contract referred to was not now in operation. Mr Law understood that no oil exports to Japan from British-owned oilfields in the Middle East had taken place in 1941.

## CUNNINGHAM'S 'CONTEMPTIBLES'

NAIROBI, July 22 (Reuter).—General Cunningham's forces in East Africa did not exceed 20,000 infantry and 68 guns, it officially announced, but they defeated Italian forces numbering 170,000 including 96,000 infantry and 400 guns.

## No Change In Policy Says Admiral Toyoda

*Special to the "Telegraph"*

TOKYO, July 23 (Domel).—The Foreign Minister, Admiral Tetsuro Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

Admiral Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsukata.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

**25 words \$2.50  
for 3 days prepaid**

### SITUATIONS VACANT.

**WANTED** (temporarily Accountant-Storekeeper on a civil engineering contract in the Public Works Department. Salary \$350 to \$450 a month inclusive according to experience. Probable duration 6 months. Application forms may be obtained from the Correspondence Office, Public Works Department, Lower Albert Road. Applications should be sent to the Director of Public Works not later than noon on Monday, 28th July, 1941.

### PREMISES TO LET.

**TO LET**—From August 1, six-roomed furnished house on Peak. Large garden. Write Box 600, "Hongkong Telegraph."

### FOR SALE.

**THE HONGKONG NATURALIST**, Vol. X nos. 3 and 4. Price \$4 (postage extra). Now on sale at South China Morning Post Ltd.

## Girl's Trouzers Infuriate Him

Because he considered his step-daughter, 19, should not wear trousers, John Coutts Yendall, of Myrtle-road, Exeter, quarrelled with his wife and refused to pay her £1 a week maintenance.

He was sent to prison for a month for being £4 3s. 6d. in arrears.

The Mayor pointed out to Yendall that bus conductresses wear trousers. Yendall: But are they out at night until eleven o'clock?

The Mayor: Yes, they are.

The magistrate added that his daughter had been out until 2.30 a.m. morning wearing trousers.

Yendall: But did your wife have to go down and fetch her in from an Air Force man?

The Clerk: That is not a good reason for refusing to maintain your wife.

### Hongkong Telegraph Eleventh Annual Amateur Photographic Competition

June—September, 1941.

**Two Silver Trophies Awarded by ILFORD LTD.**

For the best and second-best entries.

**Three Silver Trophies Awarded by EASTMAN KODAK CO.**

First Prize in each of the three Sections.

**\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250**

### SECTION ONE

Interior scenes. Table Top and Still Life Studies. (Excluding portraiture, plants and flowers).

**1st KODAK SILVER TROPHY**  
**2nd \$40. 3rd \$30. 4th \$10**

### SECTION TWO

Portraiture.

**1st KODAK SILVER TROPHY**  
**2nd \$40. 3rd \$30. 4th \$10**

### SECTION THREE

Plants and Flowers.

**1st KODAK SILVER TROPHY**  
**2nd \$50. 3rd \$30. 4th \$10**

### RULES

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

1.—The Competition is open to all photographers.

2.—The entries awarded the Ilford Trophies for the best and second-best entries in each Section, will not be entitled to any other prizes.

3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are deemed to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be pasted on back of entry.

4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.

5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.

6.—Photographs will be accepted for competition only if they are not damaged or defaced in any way.

7.—All entries to be either black and white or colour prints and must be mounted on card. Ineligible photographs are ineligible.

8.—Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.

9.—Entries to be entered in more than one Section.

10.—Mounts to be only white or cream, must be of one of the following sizes:—10x12, 16x20.

11.—Correspondence will be entered in connection with the Competition.

12.—Members of the Staffs of the Hongkong Telegraph and the South China Morning Post are not permitted to compete.

13.—The decision of the Judges shall be final.

14.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

15.—The use of aliases is strictly forbidden.

### ENTRY FORM

NAME .....

SECTION .....

ADDRESS .....

Please use block letters and paste one of these forms on back of each Entry.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### POWER OF ATTORNEY

Notice is hereby given that on account of transfer to other duties the Power of Attorney issued to Bayard Craig Lawrence, a District Manager for The Texas Company (China) Ltd., at Hongkong has been cancelled and recalled.

Similar Power of Attorney has been issued to Christopher Jenkins Livingston who has been appointed District Manager at Hongkong to succeed Bayard Craig Lawrence.

**THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD.**

By P. F. LEFEVRE,  
Managing Director,  
Hongkong, July 21, 1941.

### APPEAL FOR FUNDS FOR ORTHOPAEDIC CENTRES IN FREE CHINA

At the request of Madame H. H. Kung and with the support of His Excellency the Governor and under the auspices of the British Fund for Relief of Distress in South China, an appeal is made for funds for the purpose of establishing and maintaining Orthopaedic Centres for disabled soldiers and civilians in China.

Cheques and donations may be sent to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. K. L. British Relief Fund for Distress in South China, Alexander Building, marked Orthopaedic Appeal or to the British Relief Fund for Distress in South China, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank marked Orthopaedic Appeal.

### FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

#### What to do to help a child

Anyone knowing of a child who has been assaulted, neglected, or ill-treated in a manner likely to cause unnecessary suffering or injury to health, or knowing of a parent who is seeking advice on any matter concerning a child, would be doing an act of kindness by communicating same with:

The Hon. General Secretary, H.K.S.P.C., Old City Hall, The Inspector, 40, Pokfulam Road, 1st floor.

The Inspector, 82 Stone Nullah Lane, 2nd Floor.

The Inspector, 12 Sal Young Choi St, Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and expenses borne, by the Society.

The Informant's name will be kept strictly private, except in cases where malice is proved.

### NOTICE

#### DEFENCE REGULATIONS 1940

The following rates will be charged for mailing single copies of the following newspapers abroad:

South China Morning Post

China and Macao

16 cents per copy

British Empire and Foreign

25 cents per copy

The Hongkong Telegraph

China and Macao

16 cents per copy

British and Foreign

20 cents per copy

25 cents Saturdays.

## RADIO

ZBW, 335 metres (845 k.c.) and 3145 metres (8,520 kilo-cycles)

### Dance Music and Variety Programme Arranged

Broadcast by ZBW on a Frequency of 845 k.c. and on Short Wave from 8-215 and 8-30-11-15 p.m. on 8.52 m.c.s. per second.

12.15 p.m. A Short Service of Intercession.

12.30 The Organ, The Dance Band and Me.

12.40 Songs by Turner Layton at the Piano.

1.00 Local Time Signal and Programme Summary.

1.02 A Gershwin Programme.

I Got Plenty, O' Nuttin'—"Forgy and Bess" . . . Peter Dawson (Bass-Baritone) with Orchestra; Second Rhapsody . . . Paul Whiteman and His Concert Orchestra; Blidin' My Time (From "Girl Crazy")—Oh! Lady Be Good (From "Oh! Lady Be Good") . . . The Foursons (Vocal); with Instrumental accomps.; Funny Face Selection . . . Rale Du Costa (Parlophone Girl) with Concert Orchestra; "Forgy and Bess"—Lullaby (Summer-time and the Livin' is Easy) . . . Helen Jepson (Soprano)—Bess, You Is My Woman Now . . . Lawrence Tibbett (Baritone) and Helen Jepson with Orchestra.

1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press and Announcements.

1.45 Humorous and Vocal Variety.

2.15 Close Down.

6.00 Indian Programme.

6.45 Closing Local Stock Quotations.

6.47 Dance Music.

7.00 A Variety Programme.

8.00 London—The News.

8.15 London—War Commentary.

8.25 London—"Listening Post".

Examination of Points in Daily German Propaganda.

8.30 Programme Summary.

8.32 Malcolm MacEachern (Bass) and Band of H. M. Coldstream Guards.

Fantasia ("Our Homeland"). Intro Hearts of Oak; John Peel; A Hundred Pipers; Garry Owen; Londonderry Air; Loudly Proclaim; Band of H.M. Coldstream Guards; My Grandfather's Clock (Hillman and Foole); Lucy Long (Hillman and F. Godfrey); Malcolm MacEachern with Piano; H.M.S. Pinatubo—Selection (Sullivan); Band of H. M. Coldstream Guards.

Fantasia ("Our Homeland"). Intro Hearts of Oak; John Peel; A Hundred Pipers; Garry Owen; Londonderry Air; Loudly Proclaim; Band of H.M. Coldstream Guards; My Grandfather's Clock (Hillman and Foole); Lucy Long (Hillman and F. Godfrey); Malcolm MacEachern with Piano; H.M.S. Pinatubo—Selection (Sullivan); Band of H. M. Coldstream Guards.

9.00 Local Time Signal and Announcements.

9.02 Studio—Review of New Records.

9.45-10.00 News in French (On Short Wave Only).

10.45 Charlie Kunz at the Piano.

10.00 London—The News and News Commentary.

10.15 Studio—Our Letter From Free China.

10.30 Compositions of Richard Strauss with his "Don Juan" Tone Poem.

"Don Juan" (Tone Poem), Op. 20 . . . The London Philharmonic Orchestra; Serenade . . . Walter Gieseking (Piano); Rosenkavalier Waltzes . . . Bruno Walter conducting the Philharmonic Orchestra.

11.00 London—"British To-day."

Discussion by Sir Frederick Whyte, 11.15 Close Down.

11.30 Worker for Indians

Valedictory Luncheon To Mr K. B. Vaidya

A farewell luncheon was given to Mr K. B. Vaidya, Secretary of the Indian Association, by the members of the Association in the Jacobean Room of the Hongkong Hotel on Saturday. A large gathering representing the different communities attended and paid tributes to his sterling qualities.

Mr K. B. Vaidya said they were sorry to lose their popular secretary and sincere worker.

Mr A. Vaswani said what Mr Vaidya had done for the Indian community could not be expressed in words. The Association owed its existence to his efforts, and beyond open activities he had done much behind the scenes to promote cordial relations of the Indians with officials and other communities.

The following official statement was made at midnight—"There was a vast improvement over last night. Aerial observation had to be given up shortly after 9 o'clock owing to ground mist. The shipping was better. Centres in Shaukiwan and Aberdeen were bad, but elsewhere people had taken the necessary steps."

A feature of last night's exercise was the co-operation of the Auxiliary Fire Service with the A.R.P. in tackling imaginary fires caused by incendiary bombs.

Other speakers included Mr P. K. Pavri and Mr A. R. H. Esmail.

Mr Vaidya in reply said:

"I am overwhelmed by the expression of sincere feelings shown towards me. I fail to find sufficient words to thank members of the Association and the Indian Community for their genuine appreciation of what little service I was able to do. I did it as a duty."

"Soon after I came here in 1932 I found a lot of misrepresentation and misunderstanding about India and Indians through cinemas and sometimes through newspapers. I decided to defend when attacked and to explain when real misunderstanding arose about India and Indians. Henceforward, I devoted my hours spare from my business to writing and speaking so that India's name should be upheld."

"At the same time I made it my business to promote cordial relations with other communities and I tried to translate this recently through the Indian Association."

Heavy gun anti-aircraft practice will be carried out in the south-eastern area of the Island to-morrow between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. Firing area "C" will be affected. Alternative date, July 29, 1941.

Light gun firing practice will be carried out on July 23, 1941 between the hours of 6 p.m. and 12 midnight by units of the Hongkong Infantry Brigade. Firing Areas "D" and "E" will be affected.

Light gun firing practice will be carried out on July 27, 1941, between the hours of 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. Firing area "D" will be affected.

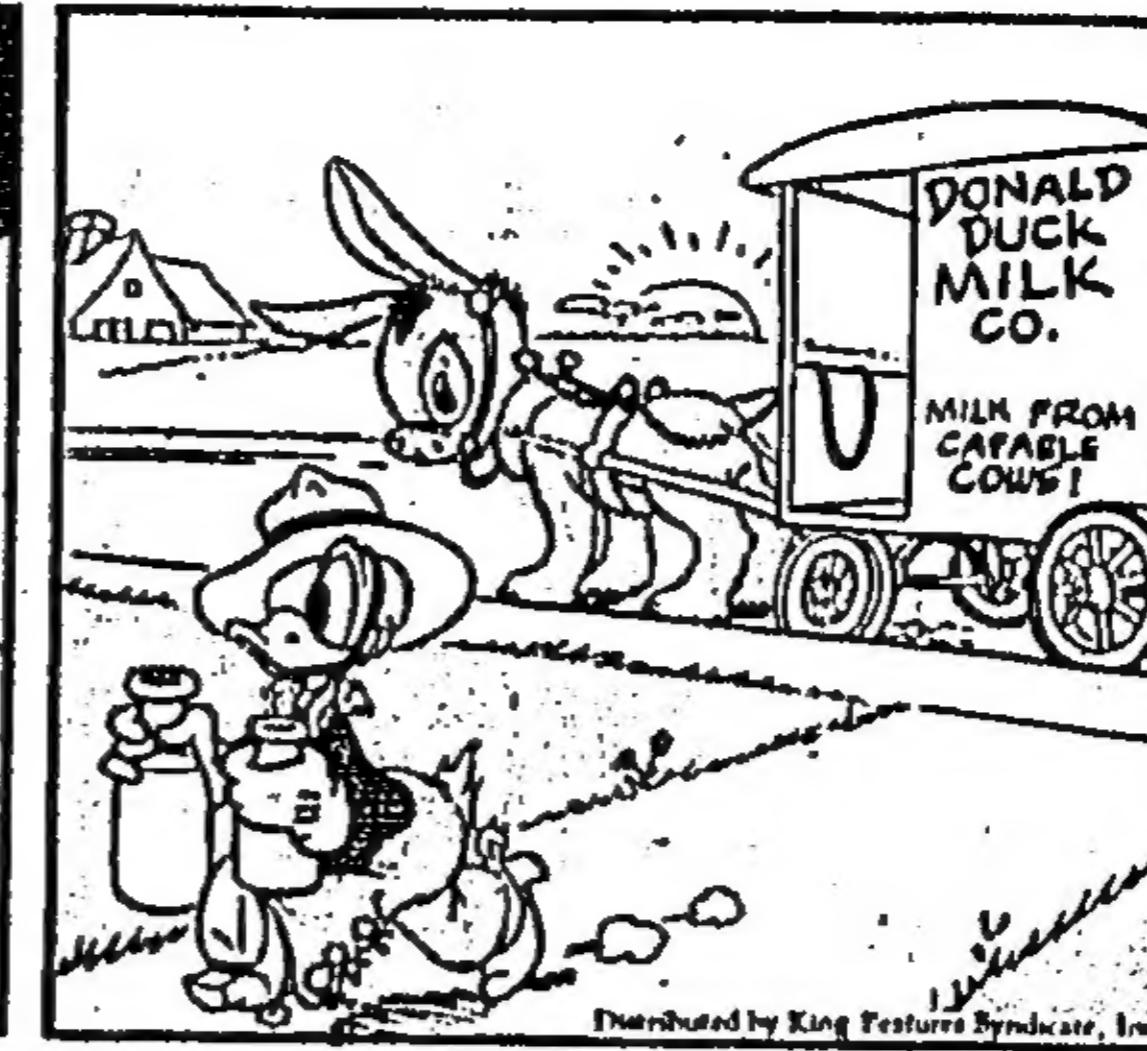
Heavy gun anti-aircraft practice will be carried out in the south-eastern area of the Island to-morrow between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. Firing area "C" will be affected.

Heavy gun anti-aircraft practice will be carried out in the south-eastern area of the Island to-morrow between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. Firing area "C" will be affected.

## DONALD DUCK

Copyright 1941, Walt Disney Productions  
World Rights Reserved

By Walt Disney



Try  
**"PRIMULA"**  
NORWEGIAN  
**CREAM CHEESE**  
DELICACIES.  
3 (2 oz.) pkts. .... \$1.40  
1 (2 oz.) pkt. .... .50  
IN THE FOLLOWING FLAVOURS  
TOMATO - CELERY - CURRY - HAM -  
CARAWAY - also PLAIN  
YOU WILL BE DELIGHTED WITH THEIR  
PIQUANT FLAVOUR  
LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

Blonde, beautiful . . . and balmy—that's Dulcy, the adorable dum-belle whose misadventures have amused millions of theatre-goers. One of the most popular characters created by the famous American playwrights, George S. Kaufman and Marc Connally, Dulcy is soon to be seen on the screen in Hongkong in the picture of the same name. Dulcy mixes millionaires and maniacs, ruins the sale of an invention and breaks up three romances (including her own). Start reading about her misadventures below.

"Miss Dulcy" calmly emerging from the cellar below completed the tableau.

There was a loud grumbling report. The whole house seemed to shiver. A section of the bannister along the balcony teetered fitfully and fell. The servants stood transfixed.

"Earthquake!", cooed Miss Dulcy in sincere ingenuousness and wide-eyed wonder.

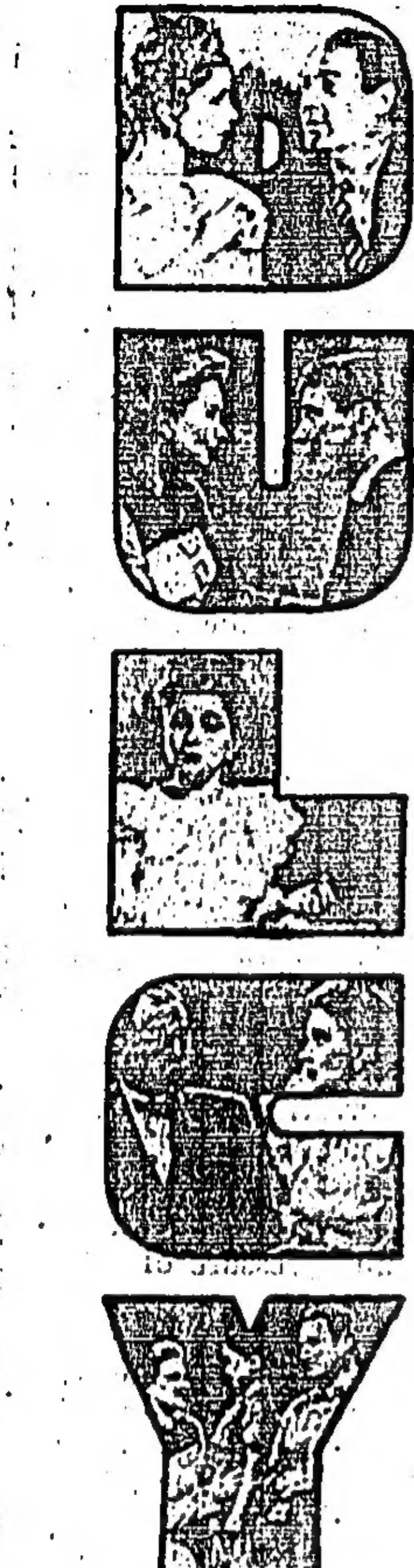
Dulcy Ward's amazing personality was a subject of continued discussion among all those who knew her. Few weeks passed that made no contribution to her "case history." She had lots of time and money to follow whatever whim engrossed her. Her friends observed two outstanding generalities. Whatever she did was in sincere effort to help somebody else—and whatever effort she expended usually produced exciting results contrary to her original expectations. "Not a 'busyboby,'" the diagnosticians concluded. "Her heart is where her brain should be."

The servants in the comfortable home she occupied with her brother Bill knew the boiler was going to blow up the minute Dulcy tried to fix it!

Certainly as Dulcy stood there that morning—and murmured "Earthquake!" there was nothing about her to suggest the busybody. She was as quiet, calm, and entirely feminine as she was girlishly lovely to look at. Smudges on her frock—where she had "fixed" the boiler—had done nothing to detract from the charm which won—and kept—for her a place in the affections of everyone she encountered, no matter what embarrassing results her efforts to help them brought about.

Brother Bill's bath had been rudely disturbed. There would be plumbers' and carpenters' bills to pay. But one couldn't live with Dulcy and keep harking back to the past, no-matter-how-annoying—or recent—it was. Bill didn't have to ask questions; he knew exactly what had happened.

"What are you fussing around with the boiler for anyway," he exclaimed. "Look at you—you're filthy! Why aren't you dressing?"



MISS DULCY fixing the boiler!

True, there was a measure of excitement in the usually sedate manner of the butler as he made this simple declaration and raced through the kitchen into the outside peace and quiet of a late summer morning in uptown New York. But not enough excitement to explain in itself the consternation it caused. The cook-dropped the bowl she was using, the chambermaid and the chauffeur fairly leapt from the table at which they had been eating and fled after Huggins with cries akin to terror.

An apparition appearing on the balcony above checked them momentarily in their flight. "What the devil's going on?", Bill Ward shouted. A bathrobe clutched about him was his only claim to decency.

Their boat's probably docked now!

"Whose boat?", asked Dulcy with a bewilderment which was much more her normal state of mind than an aftermath of the excitement of the moment.

"The Forbes! The girl I'm going to marry! Remember?", exploded Bill.

"I don't think I've ever met them," returned Dulcy with slightly furrowed brow.

"Of course you haven't—but will you if you'll only get dressed!"



BILL joined Dulcy at the curb a half hour later as she was about to step into the family limousine. He saw Tom, the chauffeur, hand his sister a bunch of keys and hear him remark: "Huggins asked me to give you these. He and Martha and Rhoda have left. They told me to tell you not to mind about the two weeks' pay you owe them."

"Oh, then I guess they're quit," was Dulcy's complacent response. "But you're staying, aren't you, Tom?"

"Sure . . . I'm kinda eccentric myself," the Irishman replied.

Dulcy was still not interested in the Forbeses and the dockling steamer Bill was so anxious to meet.

"Drive as quickly as possible to the Parole Board, Tom," she said. "I have an appointment there to rescue a poor lost soul."

She made a concession, she thought, when she agreed to meet Bill at the dock when she had finished her more important business.

"It's Pier 47," Bill shouted as he hurried away in a taxi. "You'd better write it down—you'll forget it."

"Oh, no, I-won't!" called back Dulcy. "Forty-seven is my lucky number."

Even the judge knew Dulcy—and her reputation. If he hadn't he'd have argued a bit more with her about the helping hand she purposed to extend to the "poor lost soul".

"Are you sure, Miss Ward, that you know enough about this man to have him paroled in your custody?" he asked quite dubiously.

It was quite a big pier—and Bill didn't know that at that very moment Dulcy was on it, working

"Oh, indeed, Judge," babbled Dulcy. "I investigated him through our Welfare League. Henry here is really a sweet, simple, loyal, misunderstood person. After all, there's good in all of us. I believe that every cloud has a silver lining—and so has Henry!"

The Judge turned to look again. All he could see in Henry—with the aid of his well-spectacled eyes and the records before him—was big hulking convict with close-cropped hair who had spent many years of his life climbing porches and snatching pocketbooks!



BUT Henry became the Wards' new butler.

When a controlling providence is quiet, calm, unruffled—the mills of the Gods grinding slowly but exceeding fine"—it's sometimes hard to recognise its influence on every human life. Dulcy's "controls" were impish; they drove her through a tangle of errors to weave the pattern of her living in a manner to prove to all who observed that "Man purposes but God disposes!"

She did forget the pier number. She went to "Seventy-four"—not "Forty-seven". But the Green Flag boat was docking there, the Forbeses were there, and Bill was deliriously happy in reunion with Angel Forbes, the girl he was going to marry when deep-seated objections on her father's part had been overcome.

Dulcy was fondling the child when Mr Daly, young and handsome, hurried to claim his consignment. The strange young lady seemed to have become a part of this unusual situation which had long made Mr Daly somewhat ill at ease every time he thought of it—and he hesitatingly volunteered an explanation. "I'm adopting him," he said. "His father was a classmate of mine. He died a couple of months ago."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised she would: "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologised. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was just the kind of gushing response Dulcy might have been expected to make.

"Come along, son," the benevolent foster father said as he tried to gather the youngster up in his arms. It must have been one of Dulcy's controlling impulses that made the youngster bite him. "Ouch, you little devil," was not uttered with any great parental love!

"Why, Mr Daly!", exclaimed Dulcy.

"Hush me," was the impatient retort.

The child clung to Dulcy's skirts. "Listen! I'm adopting him—and I'd like to get him home!" said Gordon pettishly.

"He doesn't want to leave me," observed Dulcy delightedly. "May be it isn't your face he dislikes—maybe he's hungry. I think I'd better go with him—just for his first meal."

"Well, perhaps that would be a help—if it isn't too much trouble," replied Gordon good-naturedly.

"I'd love to—and I haven't a thing to do," was Dulcy's surprising answer. "My brother's getting married and he wanted me to meet the future family-in-law—but this is a lot more important!"

DULCY had the boy in her arms when she traipsed past Mr and Mrs C. Roger Forbes, Miss Angel Forbes, and her husband—that-hoped-to-be, Mr Bill Ward, Gordon "Daly," quite obviously in interest, tagged on behind.

"Hello, Bill! Hello, everybody! Can't stop now," she shouted. "I feel as though I'd already met you all anyhow . . . Isn't he just too sweet?"

Angela spoke first when Dulcy Gordon, and their Chinese orphan had gathered in the crowd. "You didn't tell me your sister was married," she said—and Bill felt a slight chill coming on.

"Oh, she isn't," he answered gaily.

Mrs Forbes spoke next. "Who was that man—and child?" she asked.

"I never saw them before in my life," Bill replied.

The look all the Forbeses gave him—not excluding the already hostile tycoon—made him feel that at times at least there was little virtue in the plain unvarnished truth.

The picture features Ann Sothern, Ian Hunter, Roland Young, Billie Burke and Lynne Carver. Read about Dulcy's "big idea" in tomorrow's instalment.

Ann Sothern  
as DulcyCONSECRATION  
OF A BISHOP

The consecration of the Very Rev. John Leonard Wilson, Dean of St John's Cathedral, as Bishop of Singapore, took place in the Cathedral yesterday, when an impressive service, accompanied by traditional ceremonial, was held before a large congregation.

The Presiding Bishop was Rt Rev. Norman S. Binsted, of the American Episcopal Church in the Philippine Islands. He was assisted by Rt Revs. Ronald O. Hall (Bishop of Hongkong), Mok Sau-tsang (Assistant Bishop of Hongkong and Bishop of Canton), and C. T. Song (Bishop of Western Szechuan).

The ceremony was a unique one for Hongkong for seldom are Bishops consecrated overseas. Special arrangements had to be made by the Archbishop of Canterbury for the Hongkong service which was necessitated by wartime conditions.

Prior to the service, the Oath of Allegiance to the King was administered by the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, in the Cathedral Hall. This was witnessed by His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote.

The Cathedral was specially decorated for the service, which was Holy Communion.

Chaplains to the Presiding Bishop were Revs. N. V. Halward and F. H. Myhill; to Bishop Hall, Rev. Edward Lee; to Bishop Song, Rev. E. E. Low; to Bishop Mok, Rev. Chung Yen-lap. The Precentor was Rev. D. Morgan Richards.

The service was conducted by Rev. A. P. Rose (Chaplain to the Cathedral), and Rev. C. A. Higgins (Assistant Chaplain and Marshal).

The new Bishop was presented for consecration by two Presiding Presbyters, Revs. H. D. Rosenthal and S. L. Lee Kau-yun.

The Cathedral choir was augmented by the choirs of other Anglican Churches and Churches of the Chung Hua Sheng Kung Hui. Mr J. R. M. Smith was the organist.

The service closed with the Blessing, pronounced by the new Bishop. Other clergy who took part in the procession and service were Revs. E. Morton, F. Short, K. Mackenzie Dow, J. E. Sandbach, C. W. Shoop, T. C. Chao, Tsang Kel-ning, James C. L. Wong, S. Kunde, H. A. Wittenbach, C. Brown, C. Strong, J. G. Baker, G. E. S. Updell, Paul S. F. Tsou, H. L. O. Davis, C. F. Teng Kien-chiu, S. Hincliffe, S.C.F., Pastors G. Reichelt and N. N. Thiele, and Deaconess Lee Tim-o.



A touch of "Mischief" adds an air of charm to this figure. Whether she is dressed for work or stepping out, this fragrance has that unusual attraction and always keeps freshens and undies or hankies.



SAVILLE'S  
*Mischief*

APS COSMETIC SHOPPE  
opposite HONGKONG HOTEL

## MR J. BERTRAM

To Address Gathering At Military Club Event

The July dinner of the Royal Army Ordnance Corps Warrant Officers' and Sergeants' Club will be held in the Reading Room of the Gloucester Hotel on Friday, July 25, at 8.15 p.m. The members of the Club will have the privilege of hearing the distinguished writer and author, Mr James Bertram, talk on "China's Peoples' Army."

Mr Bertram was a New Zealand Rhodes Scholar at Oxford University, where he took his degree in English and Modern Languages. After a brief period in the office of The Times, London, he came to China on the recommendation of Lord Lothian on a special Rhodes Far Eastern travelling fellowship. After a year of study at Yenching University, he remained in China as a freelance journalist and assistant correspondent of the London Daily Herald.

Mr Bertram was the only foreign correspondent to reach Sian during the Sino affair. In the mid-winter of 1937, and his experiences in his first book, "Crises in China". He was in Peiping, when the Sino-Japanese War began, and shortly afterwards travelled to Yenan and spent six months in the field with the Chinese Eighth Route Army. Material gathered on this trip formed the basis of his next book, "North China Front".

After a lecture tour in the United States and England, Mr Bertram returned to China in 1939, where he worked with the China Defence League and the Chinese Red Cross, and was appointed special correspondent of the Manchester Guardian. He revisited Australia and New Zealand in 1939, returning to China last year.

## Fellowship

of the  
Bellows

## JUNE

SCORE

470

**WATSON'S  
ORANGE SQUASH**

Made From Fresh Juicy Oranges.  
PREPARED BY A SPECIAL PROCESS WHICH ENSURES FULL VITAMIN CONTENT. FRUIT CELLS UNDAMAGED. FLAVOUR FROM BOTH PULP AND RIND UNIMPAIRED.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.  
Manufacturers of High Class Aerated Waters & Cordials.  
ESTD. 1841.

### "PREST-O-LITE" YOUR NEXT BATTERY

NO BETTER ASSURANCE OF  
RELIABLE  
SERVICE

Than the Expressed Satisfaction  
Of Car Owners

#### TYPES AVAILABLE

(Dry, uncharged)

6 VOLTS—13 & 15 PLATES

12 VOLTS—7 PLATES

For further particulars apply

**HONGKONG HOTEL  
GARAGE**

Phone 27778-9 Stubbs Road

### The Hongkong Telegraph.

Wednesday, July 23, 1941.

Wyndham St., Hongkong

Telephone: 26615

THE prefix "Special to the Telegraph" is used by the "Hongkong Telegraph" to indicate news which is strictly copyright under the provisions of the Telecommunications Ordinance, 1936. Such news as bears the indication "UP" is received in Hongkong on the date of publication by the United Press Association, who reserve all rights and forbid republication, either wholly or in part without previous arrangement.

#### WHAT HITLER FACES

IT has taken the world the better part of a decade to realise that Hitler's supreme objective in life has always been domination of the world. Europe scoffed at the notion until a year ago, and only to-day is the United States beginning to appreciate the ultimate menace of Naziism. So far Hitler has been successful in subjugating the greater part of Europe, but it is obvious that he knows that until he has conquered Britain and disintegrated the British Empire, his mission will remain unfulfilled. His continental achievements are futile until Britain has been overcome; but this involves the task of obliterating the British navy; attempts have been made to this end, but they have failed miserably. It can, therefore, be reasonably claimed, that despite the overrunning of Central Europe, Hitler has to date lost the war.

Hitler's progress is considered on a world map in relation to land population of the Empire, United States and Russia, can be seen as no more than tactical successes against militarily weaker Powers, which has left Britain strategically stronger than she was a year ago. Britain's command of the seas, and the magnificent work of the R.A.F. have thwarted every effort by the Nazis to achieve their ultimate objective—the disruption of Britain and her Empire. The attempt to control the North Atlantic by the invasion of Norway, the subsequent plan of invading the British Isles and dominating the mid-Atlantic, and his venture in Libya proved failures because of the dominance of the British navy and air force. These are striking defeats and have not, perhaps, been fully appreciated in the light of Hitler's spectacular triumphs on the continent. They may well account for his sudden decision to attack Russia—a gambler's throw based on the expectation of lightning and complete success.

WHEN Hitler went to war with Russia, he also involved himself in active war with another power. That is the Comintern, the world organisation of Communist parties. A significant point for Hitler, Goering and Goebbels is that its leader is George Dimitrov, the hero of the Reichstag Fire.

Nothing can have displayed more exactly and precisely what Stalin felt about Hitler than the fact that when the Germans released Dimitrov because Soviet citizenship had been conferred on him he was made the world leader of Communism.

He made Goering spit and sputter with rage by his attacks on the Nazis from the dock during the trial. He must have made the Nazi leaders rage again and again during his tenancy of his present post.

The Pact between Stalin and Hitler in 1939 did not put Dimitrov out of action. From his office in Moscow he has maintained all possible contacts with Communists abroad, "guiding" them, sending messages to them, and when any Communist party has been able to produce a message of its own, giving it world-wide publicity.

#### "La Passionaria"

ONE of his chief assistants in his war with Fascism is that remarkable woman, Dolores Ibarruri (also called "La Passionaria"). Threatened by the Falangists in Spain, she created the great rallying cry: "Better to die on your feet than live on your knees."

With them are Wilhelm Pieck, formerly a German M.P., and Andre Marty, formerly a French M.P. He organised the International Brigade in Spain. Along with them are representatives of other countries. Working with them as diplomatic expert, is Litvinov, formerly the Soviet Foreign Secretary.

It is constantly said that the possibility of internal revolt in Germany is dead now. Himmler certainly does not think so. The day after the blitzkrieg was turned against Russia he issued a White Paper on "Illegal Bolshevik Disruptive Work in Germany." His triple purpose was to threaten the German workers, stiffen the secret police, and help Hitler's propaganda about the wickedness of the Reds.

Two of their methods can be described without giving the Nazis any information. One is that the organisation of the Communists is often by tiny units. In any case, the committee does not number more than two or three, and of these only one would be in contact with another member of another cell. Another method is based on Dimitrov's instructions to

But the blitzkrieg on the eastern front is already behind schedule and complete success is improbable in view of Stalin's grim determination to fight on anywhere. Whatever the final outcome, it is plain that the Nazi war machinery will be so disorganised as a result of the tremendous losses in the Russian war, that it will take practically a year to restore its equilibrium, by which time, if not before, Britain will be in the position to strike with her combined army, navy and air force. Present indications are that Hitler's Eastern gamble is doomed to failure.

## HITLER v STALIN

# The War Behind the Scenes

continuation of German imperialism's military campaign to subjugate the European peoples under the domination of the financial and industrial magnates of Berlin. . . . This is not a war against plutocracy. . . . Yugo-Slavia's struggle is a call to the working people of Germany to voice their fraternal solidarity with the peoples of the occupied countries.

At the same time, Dimitrov's office issued a statement of the same kind circulating in Austria. Extracts are:

The war is ever spreading and its end is not in sight. . . . The workers and peasants of Yugoslavia and Greece are not the enemies of the Austrian soldiers: they are their brothers. . . . Austrian soldiers will render great service to freedom and peace if they demand to be sent home.

Was it a co-incidence that our own War Office announced that everything from the German Labour Front down to the Stamp Collecting Clubs. Among their strongest points are believed to be "Strength Through Joy," and the women's organisations.

They have joined almost everything from the German Labour Front down to the Stamp Collecting Clubs. Among their strongest points are believed to be "Strength Through Joy," and the women's organisations.

It is a method which calls for almost super-human self-control.

It is argued that it is being used in the right way. Many Continentals with advanced views believe that this kind of movement has gone so far in Germany and the occupied countries that it was one of Hitler's reasons for deciding on a Russian gamble.

Do we see here at work Dimitrov's principle that every effort should be made to link up with every school of thought that is anti-Fascist?

This political warfare, which Hitler has never ceased, and of which Dimitrov and his associates have never ceased, and of which Hitler has never ceased to be conscious, is one of the Soviet's calculated weapons. But as

should be realised by now, they have not forgotten other weapons while they were forging, and using the sword of the spirit.

Those who know the relative ability and thoroughness of the German police and the Soviet police are convinced that Germany has no real underground movement in Russia. Hitler's method therefore is the Quisling idea. There never was a Nazi vote in the Soviets. The last Communist vote in Germany (1932) was six millions.

#### Feared Nobody

ONE way in which Dimitrov has underlined his activities to Communists in various countries is that he has from time to time been able, through the influence of the Soviet Government, to secure the release of their leaders from political prisons.

He is an example of how Hitler creates his own worst enemies. Dimitrov in 1933 was an unknown exile from Bulgaria in Berlin. He was picked out by plane, a man weakened but not broken, he said: "You must realise how well we have treated you, but we must never see you again in Germany."

"On the contrary," said Dimitrov, "Good-bye till I see you again (Auf wiedersehen) in Communist Germany." —from "The Star" (London).

## Cauliflower Is R.A. Picture Of The Year

By Hannen Swaffer

#### Call To Workers

#### THE

#### tenor

#### of

#### it

#### may

#### be

#### judged

#### by

#### Dimitrov

#### through

#### one

#### of

#### his

#### propa

#### gan

#### da

#### o

#### g

#### o

## Travel In China To-day By Road, Rail, Sea & Air

China has still access to the world by dozens of routes according to the opinion of an expert, Mr Tang Wei-pin, Vice-Director of the China Travel Service, who gave a talk on the subject at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., Kowloon, during the week-end, states "Central News."

Referring to communications in China since the war, Mr Tang said that though many railways and highways have fallen into enemy hands or have been destroyed by the Chinese themselves, a large number of new communication lines have been inaugurated.

Thus in the southwest, Kweliang, formerly an isolated and backward city, is now an important communication centre. From Kweliang a highway now leads eastward to Chongming measuring 1,000 kilometres, a second westward to Kunming measuring 602 kilometres, a third northward to Chungking measuring 400 kilometres and a fourth southward to Luchow measuring 632 kilometres.

From Kunming there is the Burma Road running to Wangting, a small town on the Yunnan-Burma Border. From Chungking there is the Sino-Soviet International highway, passing through Chengtu, Kienkuo, Ninglang, Hanchung, Tienhsing, Lan-chow, Kuchuan, Changyue, Wuwei, Singingsha, Humpi and Tihwa, measuring a length of 5,270 kilometres.

The main highways in the southwest and northwest measure approximately 9,039 kilometres.

Recently a new highway between Nanking in Szechwan and Sichang in Siktang has been completed. In addition, there are a large number of main highways of shorter distances, branch highways and provincial highways.

### Railways Still Run

According to Mr Tang, railways still in operation include the Kunming-Kaiyuan section of the Yunnan Railway measuring 350 kilometres, the Kweliang-Kwangsui Railway measuring 100 kilometres, the Tang-tungpu-Kukung section of the Canton-Hankow Railway measuring 478 kilometres, the Hunan-Kwangsi Railway measuring 537 kilometres, the Lunghai Railway from Sian eastward to Tungkwan, Shantou, Loyang and Kunghsien, westward to Paochi and northward to Tungkun aggregating 767 kilometres, and the Cheliang-Kuangsi Railway from Kinhwa to Chuk, Lanki, Chuchow and Yingtan aggregating 400 kilometres. The total of railways in operation is 2,707 kilometres.

Important air routes, Mr Tang said, include the Hongkong-Chungking-Kunming-Lashio-Rangoon line which will be extended to Calcutta soon, the Hongkong-Shikuan line, the Chungking-Luchow-Suifu-Kia-ting (Lochia) line, the Chungking-Kwei-hua line, the Chungking-Kunming line, the Chungking-Chengtu line and the Sino-Soviet line, passing through Luchow, Humpi, Tihwa and Alma Ata.

### Shipping Routes

With regard to navigation Mr Tang said the principal shipping routes include the Chongsha-Hengyang route, the Hengyang-Pengshui-Peiping-Chungking route, the Chung-king-Wanhsien-Luhsien - Hsien-chou-Loshan route, the Wuchow-Luchow route, and the Luchow-Nanning route.

Chinese students in Hongkong desiring to go to the interior of China to study, Mr Tang said, may go by either of three ways: Firstly, they may go by C.N.A.C. or Eurasia plane to Chungking for HK\$540, to Kunming for HK\$600, to Numyung for HK\$270, to Chengtu for HK\$508 and to Lanchow for HK\$728.

Secondly, they may go by way of Rangoon and the Burma Road. Four shipping companies, including the Douglas S.S. Co., are maintaining regular shipping services between Hongkong and Rangoon. It takes about 12 days to travel by boat from Hongkong to Rangoon.

Thirdly, they may go by way of Kwangchowwan, Wattam, Luchow, Chinchinghien, Hiochih and Kwei-ying to Chungking or Kunming. Three steamships, namely, the Tai Po Shek, the Tai Shun Hong and the Jago are running between Hongkong and Kwangchowwan.

## Bulgarians Visit Pope

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Reports that the Pope is unwell appear to be contradicted by a statement by the official Italian news agency describing a visit to the Vatican by the Bulgarian Premier and Foreign Minister who are now in Rome.

They were received with some ceremonial and were escorted by the Swiss Guard to a library where they had a "long and cordial talk" with the Pope.

They later paid a visit to Cardinal Maglione, the Secretary of State.

## Significant Censorship

WASHINGTON, July 22 (UPI).—At the press conference to-day, President Roosevelt stated that he considered the establishment of censorship by Japan as being significant.

Subsequently, Senator Waller George, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, asserted that the Administration does not contemplate any new international moves "for the time being, at least."

### BOMBS ON SUEZ

CAIRO, July 22 (Reuter).—There was an air raid on the Suez Canal area early this morning, the Ministry of the Interior announces.

A few bombs were dropped, causing no casualties but only slight damage.

The alarm was also sounded in other parts of the delta.

### Japanese C-in-C For Central China Waters

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TOKYO, July 22 (Domei).—Vice-Admiral Marquis Teruhisa Komatsu, Commander-in-Chief of the Port Arthur (Ryojun) Naval Base, has been appointed Supreme Commander of the Japanese Fleet in Central China Waters. It was announced by the Navy Ministry to-day.

Vice-Admiral Komatsu, 53 years old, is the fourth son of the late H.I.H. Prince Yoshishige Kitashirakawa.

### Principals In Syria

JERUSALEM, July 22 (Reuter).—Major-General John Chrystall has been appointed Chairman of the Armistice Control Commission in Syria. Chief Vichy representative is General de Verdine, who was the principal Vichy delegate during the armistice negotiations.

A few bombs were dropped, causing no casualties but only slight damage.

The alarm was also sounded in other parts of the delta.



## University Men Must Join Training Units

Conditions under which University students, student teachers and industrial apprentices may be dealt with in relation to service in the Forces have now been decided by the Government. Men under 20, the age group into which students naturally fall, will be registered as soon as they become 19.

Registration will proceed by half-year classes, so that those who have reached 19 by the first half of this year will register about July, and those who become 19 during the last six months of 1941 will register about January.

Apart from medical and dental students who are registered at all ages, all students who wish to go to a University must first obtain the approval of a Joint Recruiting Board, composed of University and military authorities.

### Must Show Ability

Men intending to follow a scientific or technical course will then receive deferment from service. Those taking other courses will be required to enlist in one of the Services, but will be placed on the Reserve and allowed to complete one year's study. They are to be recommended for a university course only if they show exceptional intellectual ability or capacity for leadership.

University students must make satisfactory progress in their studies and must join a senior Training Corps or an Air Training Corps, unless they are members of the Home Guard, the Royal Observer Corps or the Civil Defence services.

Student teachers will be reserved during the completion of their course subject to the following conditions:

If they enter a training college in the autumn term, 1940, had not reached 18½ years on Oct. 1, 1940, and are due to take their final examination in March, 1942; or enter a training college in the autumn term, 1941, and have not reached 18 by October.

### Finishing Apprenticeship

Apprentices will not be called up until they have finished their apprenticeship or reached the age of 20, whichever is the earlier. Applications will be granted only in occupations of first importance to the war effort.

Mr Tsuneji Taniguchi, Deposit Bureau Director, is expected to be appointed Vice-Minister of Finance in prevailing upon Dr Kumalare Honda to withdraw his resignation as the Japanese Ambassador to China, it was authoritatively revealed.

Mr Chuichi Ohnishi, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, has been relieved of his post at his own request, the Foreign Office Official Gazette announced.

Mr Tsuneji Taniguchi, Deposit Bureau Director, is expected to be appointed Vice-Minister of Finance in prevailing upon Dr Kumalare Honda to withdraw his resignation as the Japanese Ambassador to China, it was authoritatively revealed.

Opinion in political circles that the third Konoye Cabinet's first move will be a series of measures designed to safeguard its position and centralise the administrative power in the Government, was featured by leading Papers this morning.

### New Cabinet Policy

Opinion in political circles that the third Konoye Cabinet's first move will be a series of measures designed to safeguard its position and centralise the administrative power in the Government, was featured by leading Papers this morning.

### Japan And Germany

TOKYO, July 22. Admiral Teijiro Toyoda, immediately after being named Foreign Minister on July 19 met the Italian and German Ambassadors on the same evening and informed them that the third Konoye Cabinet "will continue to uphold the spirit and aims" of the Tripartite Pact, Mr Koh Ishii, spokesman of the Information Board, disclosed this morning.

The Japanese troops in Canton, General Yu said, are now taking measures in fear of large-scale Chinese attacks.

The Japanese in the southern sector of the Canton-Hankow Railway, General Yu further said; have been subjected to harassing raids by the Chinese who besides inflicting casualties have captured considerable war materials and important documents. Japanese defence works were also severely damaged and a number of prisoners were taken.

Principals In Syria

JERUSALEM, July 22 (Reuter).—Major-General John Chrystall has been appointed Chairman of the Armistice Control Commission in Syria. Chief Vichy representative is General de Verdine, who was the principal Vichy delegate during the armistice negotiations.

A few bombs were dropped, causing no casualties but only slight damage.

The alarm was also sounded in other parts of the delta.

## Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Investment Bankers and Brokers

Members of New York Cotton Exchange  
Chicago Board of Trade  
Manila Stock Exchange  
Winnipeg Grain Exchange  
Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York  
Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal  
New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange  
Hong Kong Sharebrokers Association  
Shanghai Stock Exchange

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA and BUENOS AIRES  
Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

## K SHOES



You can get  
cheaper shoes  
than Ks—  
but in our opinion  
you can't get  
better value.

from \$32.50—less 10% cash discount

## MACKINTOSH'S LTD.

K Shoe  
Agents

Lovely to look at—



because she keeps herself immaculately groomed. "HAZELINE SNOW" is her choice of toilet preparation for day use; for "HAZELINE SNOW" keeps the skin smooth and supple. Its delicate fragrance adds charm to a lovely complexion.

"HAZELINE SNOW"

(TRADE MARK)  
The original non-greasy  
toilet preparation

Glass jars  
All Chemists and Stores

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.  
Proprietors THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND  
xx 8429 LONDON AND SHANGHAI COPYRIGHT

## The Direct Breatheable Cure for COUGHS & BRONCHITIS

JUST as you breathe in the germs of throat, chest and lung troubles, so you must breathe in the remedy to counteract them. Taken regularly, Peps provide this ideal, direct treatment.

Dissolved in your mouth a Peps releases rich, medicinal essences, which mix with your breath and, as the diagram shows, are carried down the windpipe (1) direct into the lungs; liquid medicines are swallowed down the gullet (2), into the stomach. Thus, Peps soothe and strengthen throat and bronchials, ease the breathing and cure colds, chills, etc.

To preserve the concentrated essences which Peps contain, each tablet is sealed in a little paper. They are packed in sealed glass bottles, along with full directions printed in leading languages. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Take  
**PEPS**  
Breatheable Tablets

Agents: GILMAN & CO., Ltd., Des Voeux Rd., Hongkong.

## AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

TRANS PACIFIC and ROUND WORLD SERVICES

Next Sailing

### UNITED STATES

Second and Third week in August

For further particulars apply

### AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

"ROUND WORLD SERVICES"  
AGENTS FOR TRANCONTINENTAL & WESTERN AIR AND UNITED AIR LINES.

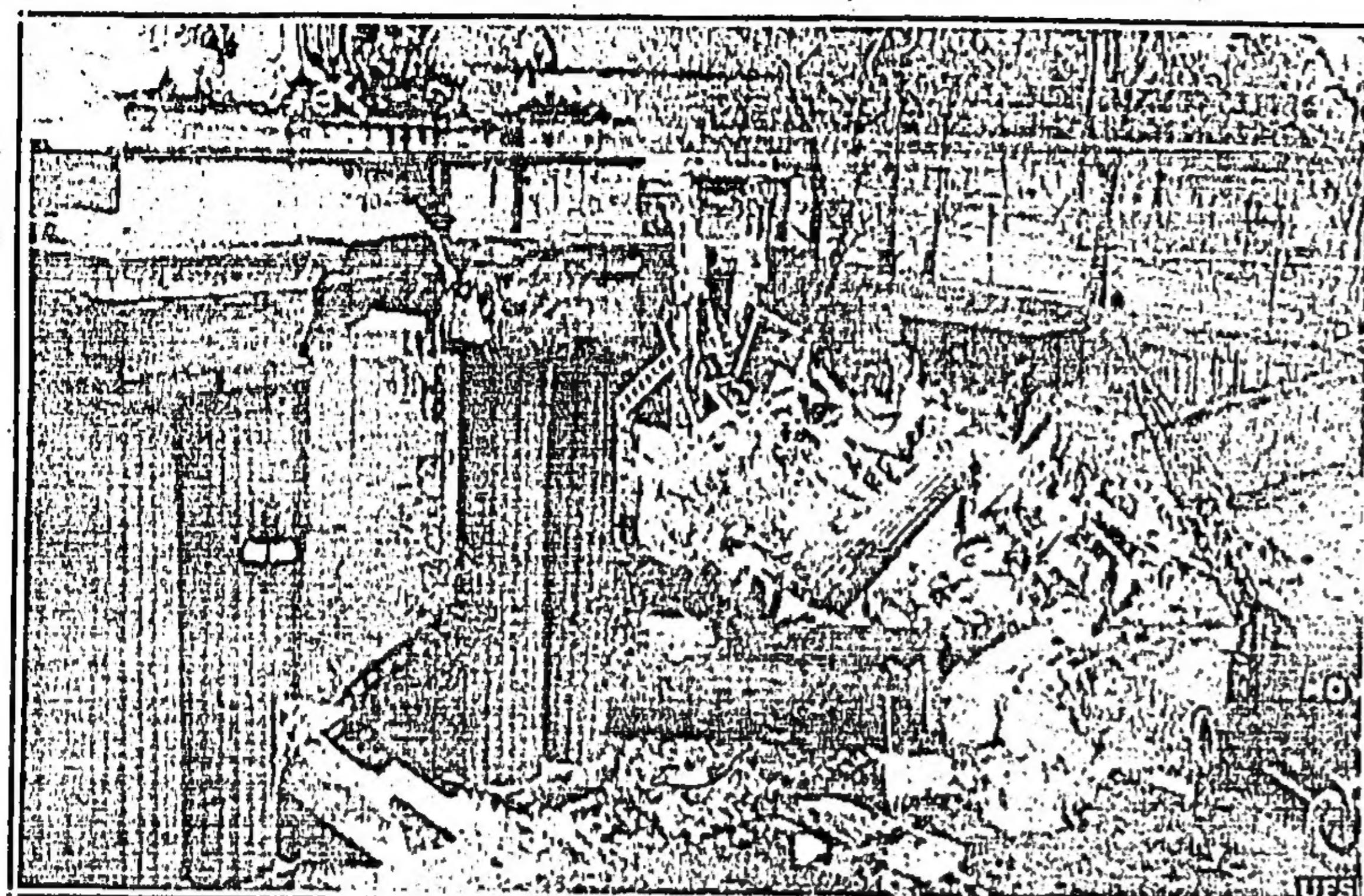
12 Pedder Street Telephone 28371



NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller



**BUCKINGHAM BOMBED**—For fourth time Buckingham Palace, London home of Britain's King and Queen, was target for Hitler's raiders. Cable picture from London shows porter's lodge in ruins. Young policeman on duty there was killed, but King and Queen were absent at the time.

## Standard Oil, N. J., Tells Of Trade With Japanese

**FLEMINGTON, N. J.**—The Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) outlined to stockholders details of an agreement to sell additional supplies of oil to Japan "negotiated with the full knowledge of the American, British, and Netherlands East Indies governments."

W. S. Farish, President of the holding company with interests wherever the world gets its oil, read a prepared statement to the annual meeting with the preface that the question of oil shipments to Axis powers had been raised and the concern wished to explain its programme.

The New Jersey corporation, which meets in this rural borough of 2,700 residents, explained it owned 50 per cent interest in Standard Vacuum Oil Company, with Far Eastern headquarters in the Netherlands East Indies.

### Sells Japan Oil

Mr Farish's statement continued: "About six months ago this affiliate joined with a Dutch-British oil company, a major producer of oil in the Netherlands East Indies, in special arrangement, over a limited period, to sell Japan additional supplies of oil and ordinary oil products. One hundred octane aviation gasoline, for example, was excluded."

"The agreement was negotiated with the full knowledge of the American, British, and Netherlands East Indies governments."

"Up to date, the Japanese have not taken delivery of the full quantity of products they bargained for."

Mr Farish said Standard Oil has marketed oil in the Orient for more than 50 years and "even to-day, notwithstanding increased deliveries to Japan under terms of the special sales agreement, the total movement of oil from the Dutch East Indies to Japan, including shipments of the Dutch-British Company, as well as those of Standard Vacuum Company, are much smaller than Japan imports currently from other sources of supply."

### Follow Government

He said the New Jersey concern at all times endeavoured to adhere strictly to the policy of the United States Government.

"So long as the United States maintains normal relations with another country, Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) must also maintain normal relations. If the company on its own initiative, undertook to establish embargoes on shipments of oil from one country to another it might find itself running directly counter to the policy and interests of its own Government. Obviously it cannot permit itself to be drawn into such a position."

Mr Farish said that he was "particularly gratified" with the company's business in the first six months of this year compared with a year ago.

### Earnings Outlook Good

"Our guess is that earnings for the first six months will be very healthy and will run between \$75,000,000 and \$80,000,000," he said, adding that if things kept going as they were he hoped the directors would be able to declare a \$1-a-share dividend at the end of the year. The year-end payment last December was 50 cents regular and 25 cents extra.

Discussing possible oil shortages on the eastern seaboard due to lack of tankers, Mr Farish said the oil industry was working on two major plans. One involved the building of a pipe line from Texas to New York and Philadelphia and the other the formation of an industry-owned corporation to build tankers.

Mr Farish said Standard Oil Co. of Louisiana was building a "bulky" rubber plant at Baton Rouge costing between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000 that would produce 15,000 tons of synthetic rubber a year and raw materials therefor as well as 20,000,000 gallons of alcohol.

### King Of Israel

She said that she was certain that God's kingdom was now being established with visible representatives on earth, who would have charge of the affairs of the nations. Among these would be David, the former king of Israel.

Another unusual will was that of Mrs Esther Carter, of Sydney, who expressed the wish that her second husband should allow her first-husband to live with him in her Maclean house after her death. She thought that "they would be company for each other."

John Pool, a Bathurst hotel-keeper, left the rents and profits from an hotel at Bathurst "to purchase every Christmas Day one glass of the best port wine and a sufficient quantity of good plum pudding for every one of the patients at the Bathurst Hospital."

Perturbed at the possible effect of port wine and plum pudding on ailing patients at the hospital, the executors of the will took the matter to the Equity Court, which ruled that the gift was not a good charitable bequest.

## Pekinese Becomes Dog Of 'Independent Means'

**BEQUEATHED** 1s. a week in the will of a Park Street dentist, Ming Chang, a Pekinese dog in Sydney recently joined a select circle of privileged pets. He has become a "dog of independent means."

The late John Hunter, an Australian, who died in 1938, aged 75, remembered in a similar manner, "his faithful dog, Jack," and in his will, he bequeathed 2s. a week for Jack's maintenance.

A Toowoomba medical practitioner, Dr Aeneas John McDonnell, who was also 75 when he died, and who left a substantial New South Wales estate, was even more generous—in his will was the gift of an annuity of £50 "for the purpose of feeding and caring for his Scottish terrier, Sandy, as long as Sandy lives."

Animal lovers, however, do not always agree on what is the generous, or correct, thing to do.

Mrs Jessie Stuart Broomfield, of Northmead, who died in 1938, was in case in point.

In the first place she left instructions that a substantial part of her £3,714 estate should be used for the erection of drinking fountains and water troughs throughout the city and suburbs for the benefit of stray dogs; then, in another clause, she made certain that her own pets should never become "strays."

### Painlessly Destroyed

For she directed that "any pets, animals or birds in her possession at the time of her death" should be painlessly destroyed. She always had a horror that such pets might become unwanted and uncared for, and after her death, a pet dog and some canaries fell a victim to her decree.

For more than 12 years, at the horse's home controlled by the R.S.P.C.A., there was a pony named Stumpy, receiving maintenance at the princely rate of 7s. 6d. a week.

A cow, named Daisy, at Riverstone, according to the wishes of her former mistress, Miss Jane Sanders, is to receive a life-time of care and attention.

There have been gifts for bird sanctuaries and gifts for the erection of horse troughs—the probable records, throughout the years, have accumulated many strange and unusual stories of bequests, designed to relieve the load of stray dogs and unwanted cats.

But the unusual, bizarre, and sometimes fantastic in will-making is not restricted to animal gifts. Many strange wills, in Australia and elsewhere, have been reported during the past few years.

One of the strangest was the will of Mrs Catherine Hathaway of Auckland, New Zealand, who, last year, directed that her Auckland residence be held in trust for ultimate occupation by David and other Biblical characters named in the 11th chapter of Hebrews "when they returned to earth."

### King Of Israel

She said that she was certain that God's kingdom was now being established with visible representatives on earth, who would have charge of the affairs of the nations. Among these would be David, the former king of Israel.

Another unusual will was that of Mrs Esther Carter, of Sydney, who expressed the wish that her second husband should allow her first-husband to live with him in her Maclean house after her death. She thought that "they would be company for each other."

John Pool, a Bathurst hotel-keeper, left the rents and profits from an hotel at Bathurst "to purchase every Christmas Day one glass of the best port wine and a sufficient quantity of good plum pudding for every one of the patients at the Bathurst Hospital."

Perturbed at the possible effect of port wine and plum pudding on ailing patients at the hospital, the executors of the will took the matter to the Equity Court, which ruled that the gift was not a good charitable bequest.

## Australian Great War Epic Filmed

The gala premiere of "Forty Thousand Horsemen," the Australian picture sponsored by the Commonwealth Government of Australia, will take place at the King's Theatre to-morrow at 9.30 p.m. The major portion of the proceeds of this gala performance, it is learned from the management of the theatre, will be donated to the Bomber Fund.

His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, and high Government officials as well as other leading residents will be present.

The picture, which was made with the co-operation of the Department of Defence of Australia, and the officers and men of the 1st and 2nd Australian Cavalry Divisions, deals with the Light Horse campaign against the Germans in Palestine during the Great War.

In the 1914-18 war the most picturesque unit of the Australian forces was the Light Horse, which won immortal glory by victory in the Sinai Desert under the command of Sir Harry Chauvel. The charge at Beersheba, which forms the climax of the film, is one of the most impressive scenes ever filmed.

"Forty Thousand Horsemen" is the most ambitious Australian film ever made, and the cast is headed by Betty Bryant, hailed as a real screen discovery, Grant Taylor, "Chips" Roffett, Pat Twohill and Harvey Adams.

### Gibraltar Now An Island

Transformation of Gibraltar into an "island" is now almost complete, and Canadian soldiers are finishing digging a moat thirteen feet wide and ten feet deep and filling it with water across the neck of the promontory.

The hospital and several other installations which were on the top of the rock have been transferred to underground rooms hewn out of the rock. Some of them are below water level.

New guns, including some very heavy ones, have been put in position and ships with war materials are arriving daily.

All this has been reported on the Moscow radio.

### STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary, issued yesterday, is:

**Buyers**

H.K. Govt. 4% Loan 97.50

H.K. Govt. 3 1/4% Loan (1934) 97

Bank of East Asia 74

Canton Ins. \$225

Unions Ins. \$400

H.K. Fire Ins. \$105

Wharves \$90

Lands \$35

Lights "O" \$5.90

Electric "O" X. Ris \$22

Electric "N" \$21

Electric Ris \$11

**Sellers**

Hotels \$3.60

Lands \$35.75

Trams \$17.40

**Sales**

Providents \$8.00

Canton Ins. \$1

Watsons \$10.75



## U. B. STOUT

OBTAIABLE AT ALL LEADING COMPRADORES

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (China) LTD.

## BACK ROOM BOY WHO DESIGNED "SABRE"

### May Make Aviation History

NON-FLYING people well know such names as Fokker, De Havilland, Rolls and Royce, Messerschmitt, and Hawker, the men behind the aeroplanes. But few outside aero engineering know of Halford—yet he may go down as the greatest of them all.

You remember Lord Beaverbrook's "boys in the back room," who were deservedly given world publicity because they supported an astonishing new aero engine, the Napier "Sabre," up to now fearfully hush-hush?

Here at last is the story of Major Frank Bernard Halford, the boy who has been in the back room for 27 years—the man who designed the "Sabre," says J. D. S. Alan, the "Sunday Dispatch" air correspondent.

He has designed more successful types of aero engines than any person in the world.

He has designed the most powerful aero engine ever to pass Service tests.

He went to France, a brilliant pilot instructor, in 1914. Instead of letting him fly, they put him in the back room, and he has been there ever since.

### Got The Job

Major Halford is above medium height, of sturdy build, and has light blue eyes. He was born in Nottingham 47 years ago, and was educated at Felsted and Nottingham University.

He learned to fly at the old Bristol school at Brooklands in 1913. An assistant instructor was killed, so he got the job.

He joined the Royal Flying Corps before the Great War, and went to France in 1914.

Greater than the need for pilots was the need for technical knowledge, of men who could keep as many of our quaint assembly of planes flying as possible.

To his great disappointment he was grounded, in spite of his experience and flying skill. Disappointment in one way—yet in another he revelled at getting his teeth into a difficult and vital job.

### The Great "Puma"

He was loaned to Beardmore, and then came the great "Puma" engine, of which 6,000 were made.

It was known as the B.H.P.—the Beardmore-Halford-Pullinger. It did immense service in the Independent Air Force.

Halford followed up with his 300 horsepower "Nimbus."

After the war he represented engineering interests in America for some years. On returning, he set up as an independent designer.

The light aeroplane club movement swept the country. In the late twenties, because of Major Halford.

He designed the famous "Circus" engine, which made the movement possible. It was ingeniously designed to incorporate many of the parts, then cheaply available, of an old Renault type.

Then came the amazingly successful "Gipsy" range for De Havillands. Up to the beginning of this war over 10,000 "Gipsy" engines had

## Better Tanks For Britain

### Greater Speed

The British armoured fighting vehicle now being issued to the troops is a great advance on earlier types. Its armour is heavier, its armament more powerful and its speed greater.

Tank policy, which has long been in a state of flux, is now settled. Instead of light and medium machines the Government is concentrating on the heavier type. The light tank is now obsolete, and there is no longer a "medium" machine.

The "opportunity tank" is the cruiser with the speed of a greyhound. The fighting qualities of the "I," or Infantry tank have also been improved. Its role is the close support of Infantry.

It is possible that among the heavy material abandoned in Greece were tanks as well as guns. The Empire's productive capacity, supplemented by America's help, will soon make these losses good.

Smokers who desire the best ask for—

STATE EXPRESS 555

STATE EXPRESS 555 cigarettes have always been the best at any price. Their consistent high standard of quality is still maintained and they are the natural choice for those who gladly pay that little extra to obtain the best cigarette in the world.

50 for \$1.45

The Best Cigarette in the World

TYPES OF BOMBERS HITTING HITLER

6.—The Fairey Battle Medium Bomber.

DONATIONS TO DATE: \$2,393,379.39 and £1,0-0 REMITTED TO LONDON: £145,939.19.6d

Wednesday,

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

July 23, 1941.



SHOWING TO-DAY At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 &amp; 9.30 P.M.



ALSO LATEST FOX MOVITONE NEWS

**"FORTY THOUSAND HORSEMEN"**

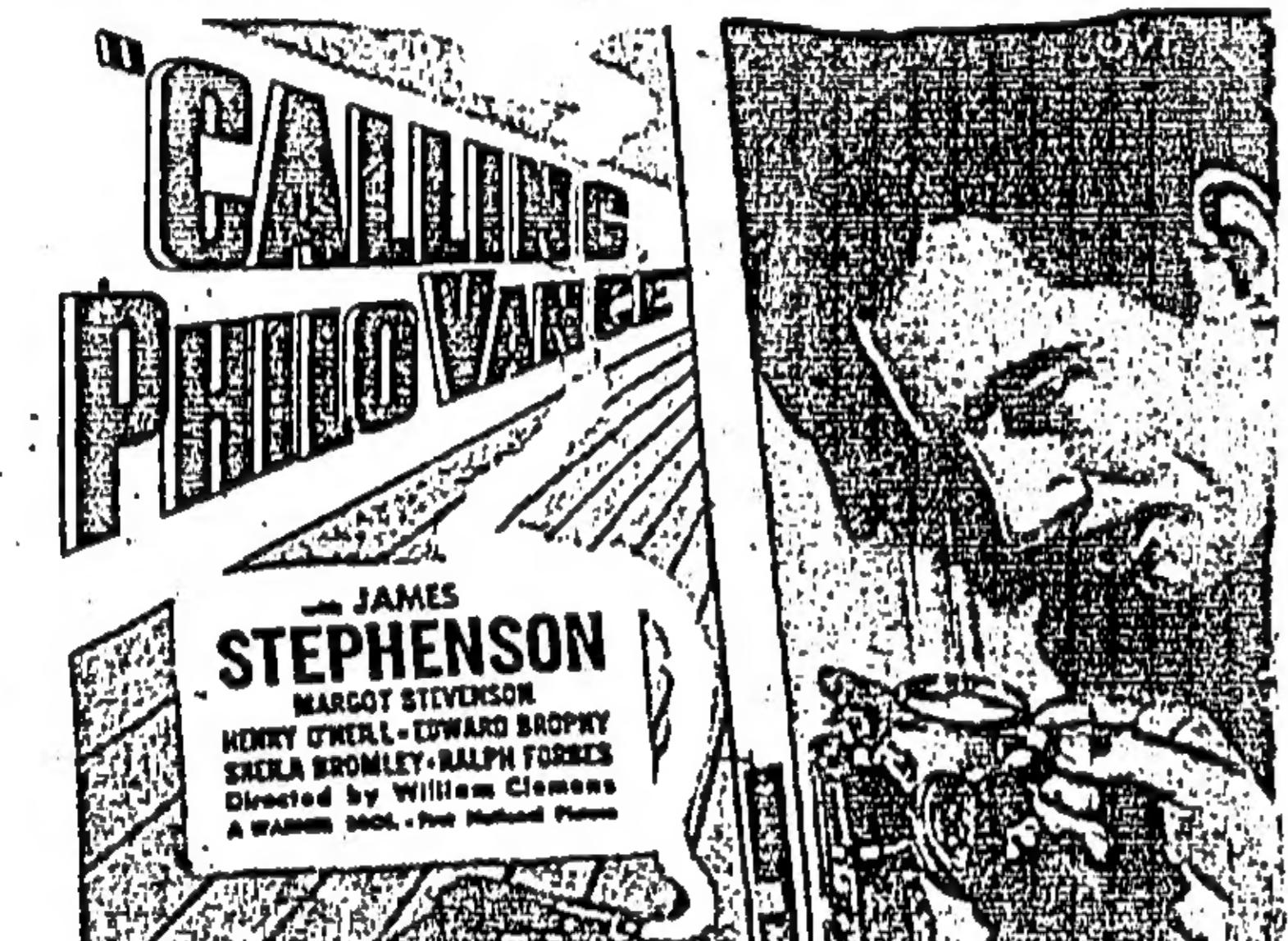
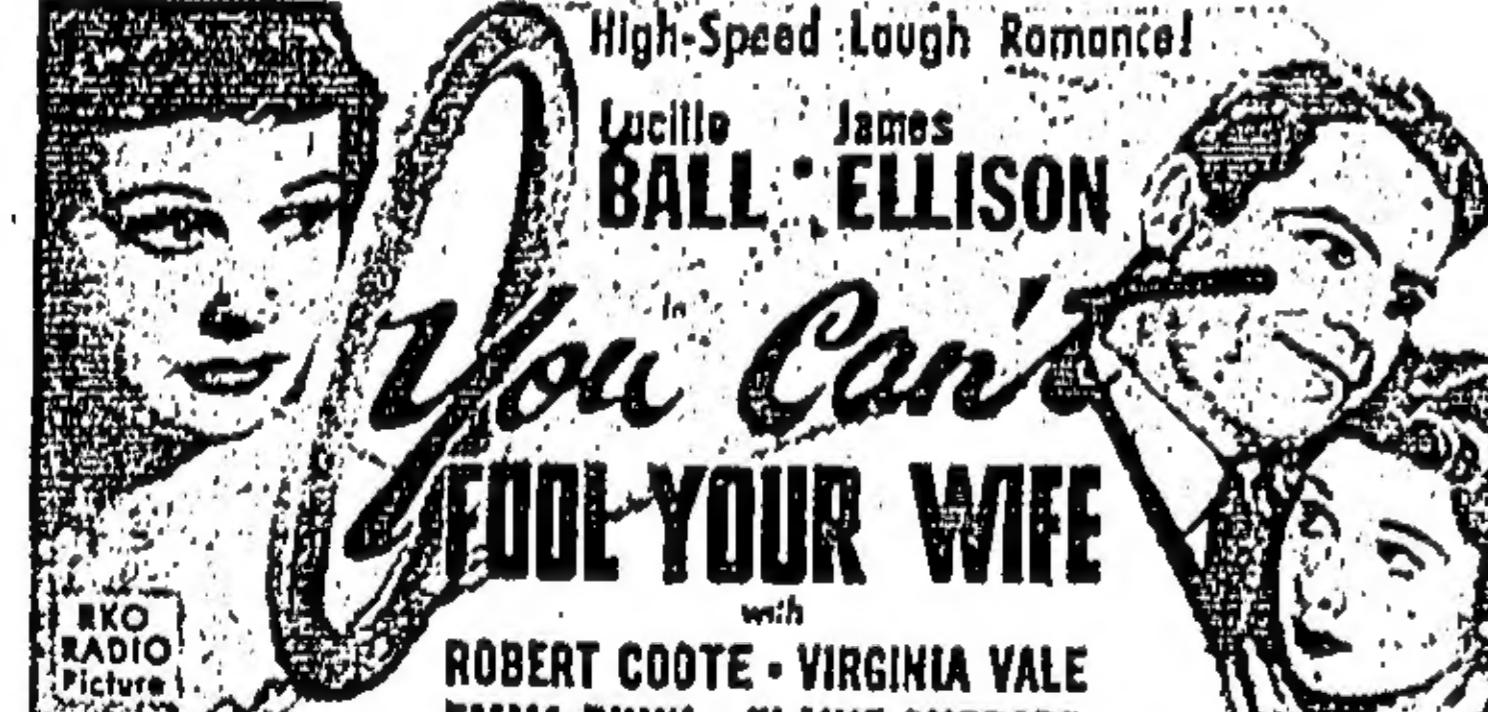
with BETTY BYRANT, GRANT TAYLOR, "CHIPS" RAFFERTY

Released by Universal Picture

FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW  
HERE'S A REAL FAST ACTION DETECTIVE THRILLER!

You'll see the screen's most popular sleuth in his latest sensational adventure.

A PERFECT CRIME THAT JUST MISSED BY A HAIR!

FRI. SECOND CHORUS Fred Astaire  
SAT. MATINEES: 30c, 40c. EVENINGS: 30c, 40c, 55c, 70c.• TO-DAY & TO-MORROW •  
LAUGH with the wife who tried to trap her hubby — and found herself trapped . . . in his arms!FRIDAY: "THE GREAT PROFILE"  
SATURDAY: John Barrymore - Mary Beth Hughes**SOBRANIE**  
HAND MADE RUSSIAN CIGARETTESBLACK RUSSIAN GOLD 50's \$5.30  
C INGENOHL'S CIGAR STORES LA PERLA DEL ORIENTE

# New \$425,000,000 Loan To Britain is Announced

Special to the "Telegraph"

WASHINGTON, July 22 (UP).—The Reconstruction Finance Corporation to-day announced its approval of a \$425,000,000 loan to Britain to pay for war supplies contracted for, prior to the enactment of the lend and lease bill.

## Indians Amenable To Help

→ FROM PAGE ONE

separate portfolios of Education, Health, and Land and Indians Overseas and also the creation of the portfolios of Information and Civil Defense.

The Viceroy has also succeeded in securing co-operation in the establishment of a National Defence Council of distinguished and representative Indians in British India and the rulers of Indian states.

### No Constitutional Change

Though no constitutional change is involved in these announcements and the enlarged Executive Council will not be responsible to the Legislature, the Viceroy will now have what to all intents and purposes is a War Cabinet with a marked majority of Indian public men instead of the former European and official majority.

The new members of the Council are as representative of and as responsive to public opinion as the refusal of Indian Congress and the Muslim League to co-operate makes possible.

The changes in the White Paper, while making a significant step towards augmenting and consolidating the Indian war effort, are not in any way concerned with constitutional developments in India. Authoritative quarters recall that in various statements made on behalf of the British Government since the outbreak of war, it had been made clear that constitutional changes in India are quite impracticable while the British Empire is engaged on a vital struggle for its existence and that an agreement between the major political parties and interests in India is the fundamental condition of consideration of any new constitutional scheme.

### Sequel To First Effort

It was last summer, following many attempts to ease the political tension in India and to bring Indian public opinion into close contact with the Central Government in the conduct of the war that the Viceroy promulgated proposals for an extension of his Council and for the setting up of what was then described as a War Advisory Council.

For a number of reasons, these proposals were found unacceptable by the major political parties in India, but it was made clear by the Viceroy that the Government would leave the door open for acceptance of such a plan as soon as a sufficient degree of representative support was forthcoming.

## LATE NEWS

→ FROM PAGE ONE

The Administrator, Mr. Jesse Jones, stated that President Roosevelt had approved the plan of a loan to provide Britain with dollars for exchange without the necessity of disposing of their securities at a forced sale.

He said that the interest would be 3 per cent. annually to mature in 15 years, with an extension of another five years if two-thirds of the principal is paid on the original maturity date.

The British will pledge collateral of over \$700,000,000 and it is estimated that the interest dividends on the collateral will amortize the loan in about 15 years. Meanwhile, funds will be available to Britain as needed to meet commitments at about \$100,000,000 monthly.

### Emergency Matter

LONDON, July 22 (UP).—Sir Kingsley Wood, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announcing the R.F.C. loan in the House of Commons today stressed the fact that it "again reflects the readiness of the United States Administration to extend their assistance to us."

He asserted that the Government had considered the execution of the agreement as a matter of emergency.

### Full Approval

WASHINGTON, July 22 (Reuter).—The announcement of the American loan to Britain, made over the radio early this morning, surprised most people, but it is expected to arouse anything but approval because it is increasingly realised by the average person that in the interests of world economy in general and America in particular it is essential that Britain should be a going business concern and that unless she can earn, she cannot buy.

The spirit in evidence before the passage of the Lease and Lend Bill amongst those who opposed the Bill—that Britain should be given nothing until her investments on this side of the Atlantic are liquidated—has disappeared, and the present loan is likely to assume the appearance of an act between allied concerns which are in business with a single objective, the destruction of Nazism.

### Sensible Arrangement

Amongst the few businessmen contacted early this morning, the first reaction was that it is a far more sensible arrangement to lend money against such excellent collateral than ruin the market by dumping securities in order to liquidate them for ready cash.

The removal of a huge volume of British-owned American securities from the market as loan collateral provided added stimulus to this morning's rally of the New York Stock Exchange although the announcement of the loan had been anticipated for some time.

Wall Street welcomes the removal of the possibility of additional forces of liquidations which was one of the numerous threats hanging over the market-in-the-past several months.

## MOSCOW HARDLY SCATHED

→ FROM PAGE ONE

lights were observed near the Kremlin, the Germans likening the raid to the "heaviest dealt on targets of military importance in Britain."

### Leningrad Raid Fails

MOSCOW, July 22 (UP).—Today's communiqué states that the German Luftwaffe tried to bomb Leningrad twice but the Russian defenders intercepted them.

### L.C.C. Sympathy

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Mr. C. G. Ammon, Chairman of the London County Council, has sent the following telegram to the Chairman of the Soviet Union:

"On behalf of the people of London, I send sympathetic greetings to the people of Moscow in the wanton damage to their city. We share with you the hazards and dangers of these inhuman attacks."

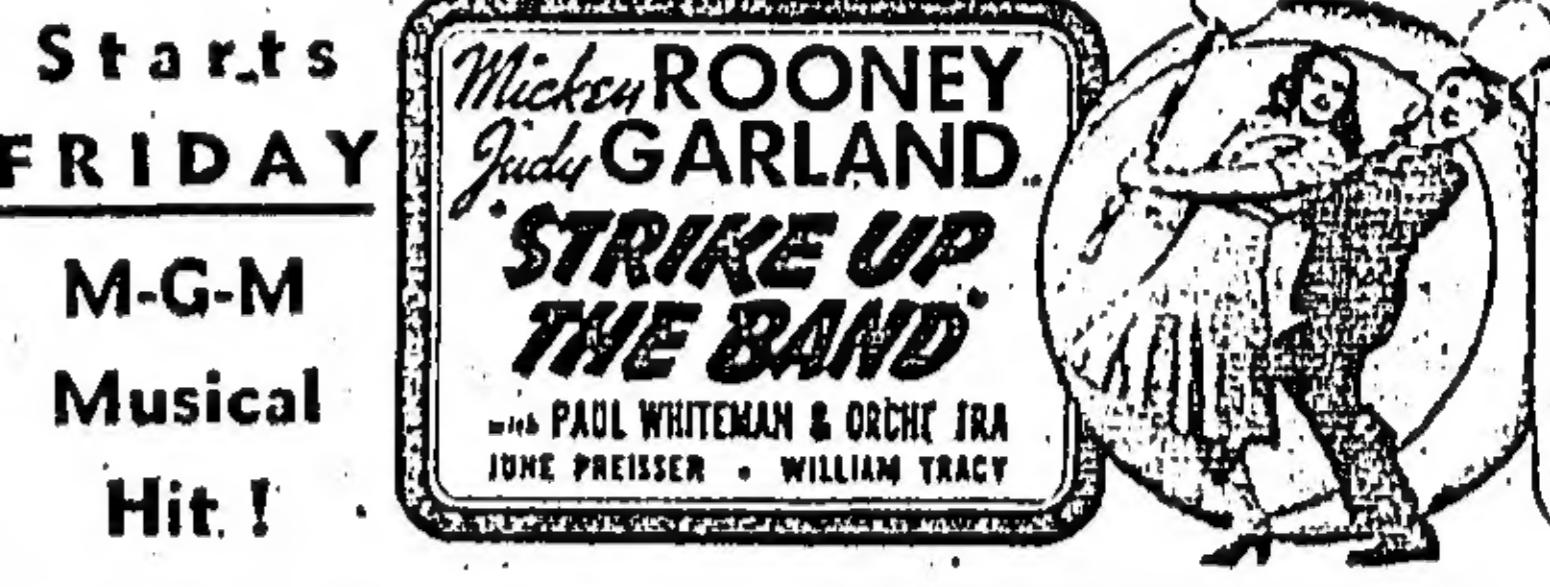
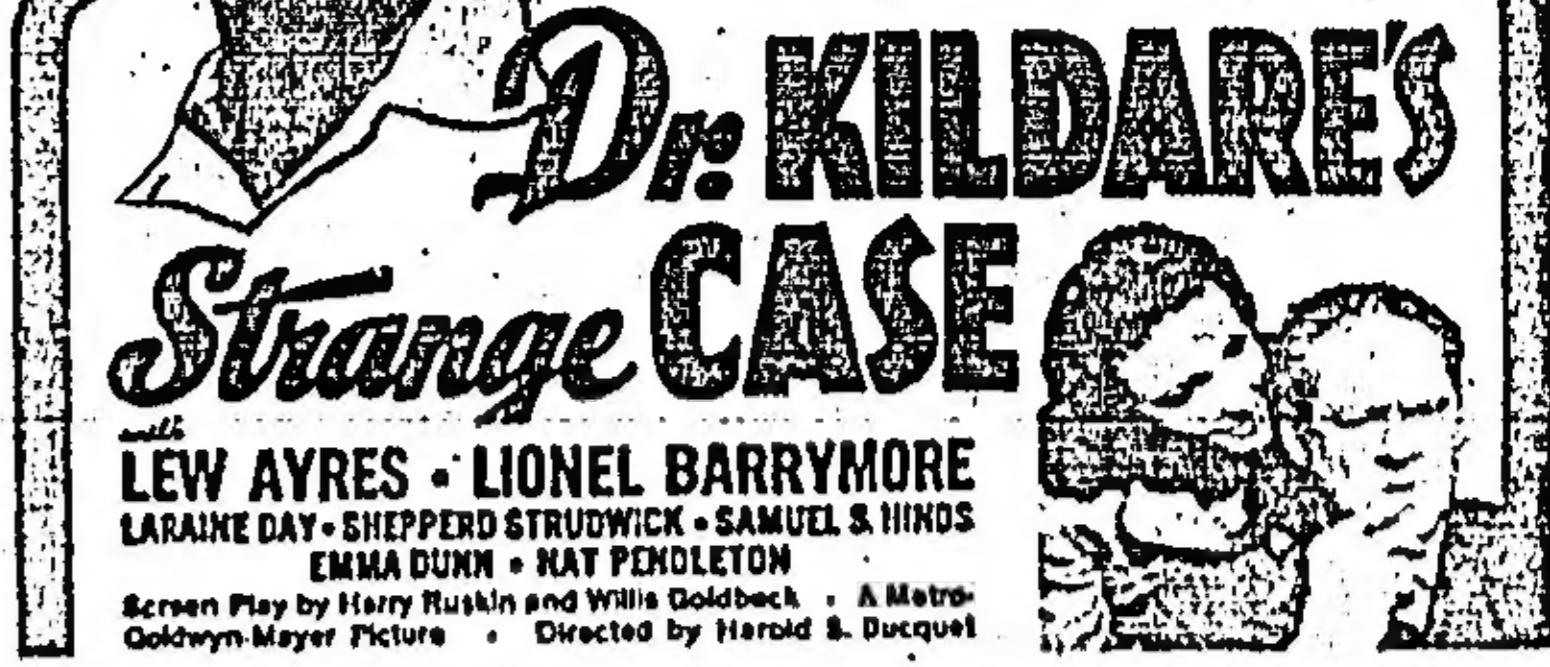
"In the pride of resistance, we salute you. We will stand together until the end. Victory is assured."



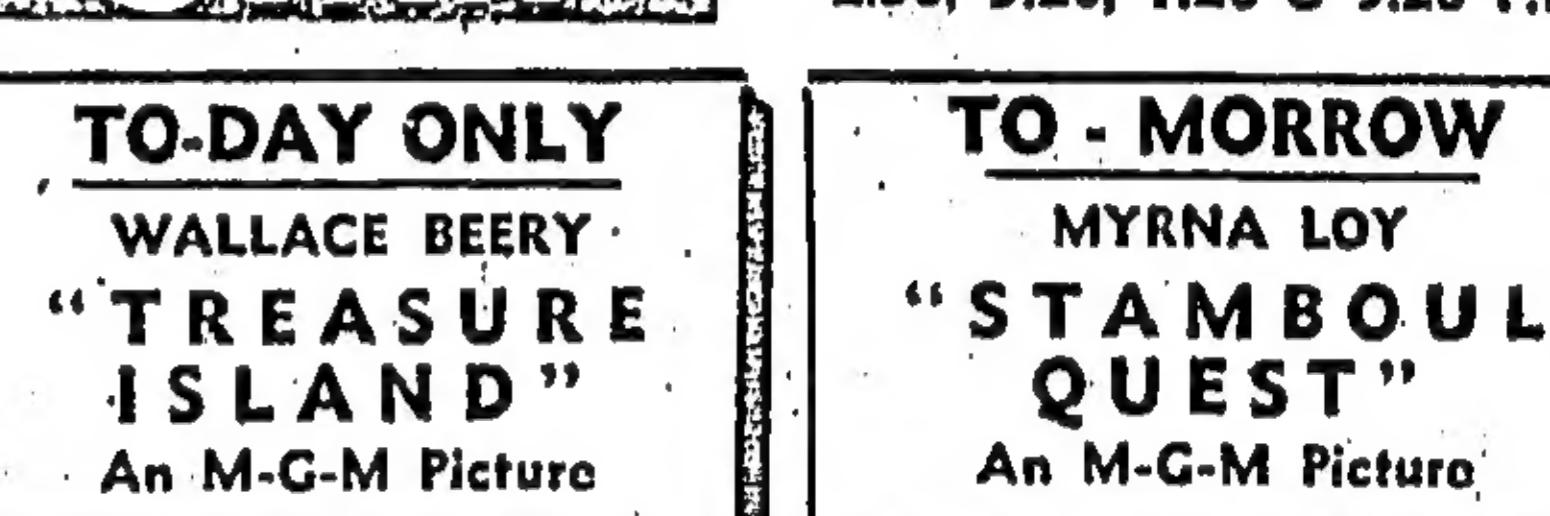
BRAZIL STEEL INDUSTRY.—With \$20,000,000 U. S. loan, Brazil's new steel industry at Volta Redonda is inaugurated. Above, U. S. Ambassador Coffey, President Vargas and President Pierson of Export Import bank confer.

QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA  
AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30 TEL 31453 AT 2.30-5.20-7.20-9.30 TEL 56856

• TO-DAY &amp; TO-MORROW •

ALL NEW!  
400 HYPNOTIC THRILLS  
INA NEW STARTLING ADVENTURE  
from the secret case book of  
the screen's romantic M. D.!

Starts FRIDAY  
M-G-M Musical Hit!



TO-DAY ONLY  
WALLACE BEERY  
"TREASURE ISLAND"  
An M-G-M Picture

TO-MORROW  
MYRNA LOY  
"STAMBOUL QUEST"  
An M-G-M Picture

STAR  
4 SHOWS DAILY AT  
2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.



STRONG FORCE Smashes Nazi Plants  
→ FROM PAGE ONE

An aircraft flying well above 12,000 feet.

### "V" Lights Seen

Lights in the shape of "V's" were seen by R.A.F. pilots while over France, Holland and Belgium last night, adds the Air Ministry.

A report to this effect by one of the British crews on their return from France was at first received with a sceptical smile by the interrogation officer. But other crews had also seen this and other "V's" both in France and the Low Countries.

The crews said that they were not anything like the lights of aerodromes. One "V" was made by white lights enclosed in circles of red lights and another by five yellow lights in each arm. They varied between 12 and 50 feet in length but a "V" in Belgium seemed to be about 100 yards long and made continuous lines of lights "like a neon sign," as the pilot, who reported it, said.

### Germans Attack Ports

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—A German High Command communiqué states that in the waters around England, German bombers scored direct hits on two large freighters.

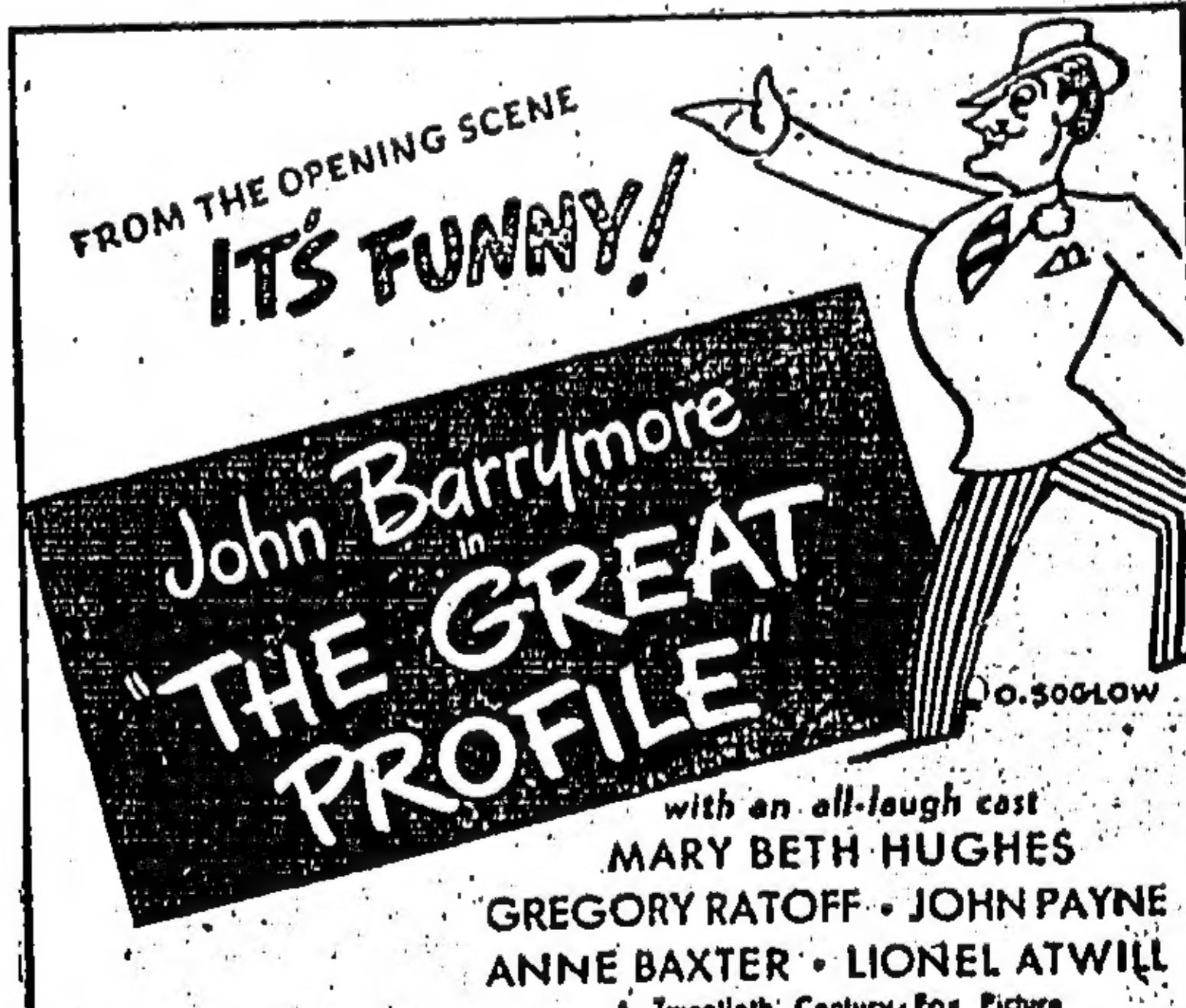
Others attacked harbour installations in southeast England.

In the attempted enemy sweeps over the Channel coast, says the communiqué, six British fighters were brought down by German fighters.

British bombers dropped high explosive and incendiary bombs at various places in southwest Germany, killing and wounding some civilians. Mostly, houses were damaged or destroyed.

Anti-aircraft artillery shot down one attacking bomber.

MAJESTIC THEATRE  
NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON  
TEL 87222  
MATINEES: 30c-40c. EVENINGS: 30c-40c-50c-70c.  
FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY  
The Funniest, Craziest Comedy of the Season!



• TO-MORROW & FRIDAY •  
"RIVER'S END"  
A Warner Bros. Action Drama!

Baron's Court PRIVATE HOTEL - TEL. 58921  
23-25 Nathan Rd., Kowloon,  
RESIDENTIAL HOTEL - QUIET LOCALITY - THREE MINUTES TO  
FERRY - GOOD FOOD - DAILY and/or MONTHLY RATES - SPECIAL  
RATES TO FAMILIES - PUBLIC DINING ROOM AND LOUNGE.  
Special Time \$1.20  
Under European Supervision.

New places are springing up everywhere. But for best service and quality none can compare with your Old Favourite Restaurant.  
THE CHANTECLER TRY OUR POPULAR \$1.00 TIFFINS  
Served in the Snack Bar

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK FERDY FRANKLIN,  
at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.



FAR EAST MOTORS  
26 Nathan Road  
Kowloon.

Manager  
"Hongkong Telegraph"  
Editor-in-Chief South China Morning Post, Ltd.  
T. T. Clark, 100 Queen's Street, Hongkong.  
High Water: -23.03.  
Low Water: -16.26.

# The Hongkong Telegraph

FOUNDED 1861  
NO. 10317

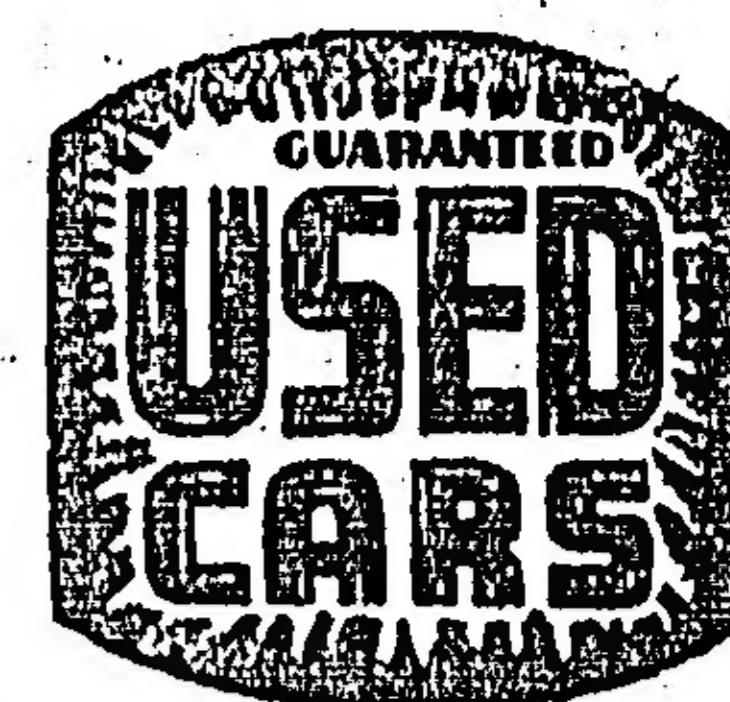
三拜禮 號三廿月七英港香

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1941 日九廿六

SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS  
\$30.00 PER ANNUM

GILMAN'S

for—



## GERMANS MAKING BUT SMALL HEADWAY IN BIG BATTLES NOW RAGING

LONDON, JULY 22 (BRITISH WIRELESS).—A GREAT BATTLE BETWEEN THE GERMANS AND RUSSIANS IN WHICH THE OPPONING ARMIES ARE WRESTLING IN FIGHTING ZONES OF GREAT DEPTH CONTINUES WITH UNABATED VIOLENCE. IT IS CONSIDERED BY MILITARY CIRCLES HERE THAT CERTAIN DEVELOPMENTS ARE NOW CLEAR.

Firstly, the German advance from Pskov towards Leningrad seems to be held up by the Russians.

Secondly, the Russians seem to be putting up fierce resistance to the enemy, who is endeavouring to advance on both flanks of Smolensk. It is still uncertain whether the Germans have occupied the city, but it is possible that German detachments are fighting beyond it to the east, although the main supporting forces are doing their best to break through on the flanks.

Thirdly, the Germans seem to be making an advance in the Kiev direction by a thrust developing down the right bank of the Dnieper, which will be watched carefully as a success might endanger the Russian forces in the Bessarabian sector.

## MOSCOW HARDLY SCATHED

Raid Causes Little Damage

*Special to the "Telegraph"*

MOSCOW, July 22 (UP).—Moscow experienced its first baptism of fire last night and early this morning and emerged scantly scathed. En route to the subway station, "Palace of Soviets," the "U.P." correspondent saw the streets cleared of nurses and policemen who were escorting people to the subway.

It was found that some 2,000 men and women and a few children were on the platform and rails quietly discussing the event. Unlike previous occasions, many brought blankets and coats and hurried to sleep. Intensive anti-aircraft fire held the raiders at a considerable distance. A tour through the central portions of the city revealed but little damage. There were a few wrecked houses. By 7 a.m. the capital had assumed its normal appearance.

*Ignored By Papers*

Newspapers devoted only two short paragraphs to the air raid on page three indicating the official view that slight importance was attached to the raid.

Three hours after the raid, most traces of damage had disappeared although workmen here and there were still cleaning up. An incendiary bomb set fire to one building occupied by Britons, the staff of which co-operated with the municipal firemen and speedily extinguished the flames. Public utilities are functioning normally.

A heavy explosive bomb fell in Manege Square opposite the American Embassy leaving a deep crater.

*German Version*

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—The first German mention of the Nazi air raid on Moscow was made early this afternoon by the official news agency reporting that bomber and dive-bomber formations participated, causing great destruction.

"In a series of raids lasting from early night till dawn, the German squadrons dropped high explosives of all calibres and thousands of incendiary bombs on targets of military importance in Moscow, extensive fires being observed south of the River Moskva."

According to the report, 12 expl-

TURN to Back Page, Column 3

## DAYLIGHT RAIDS ON N. FRANCE

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—A daylight R.A.F. attack on shipbuilding yards on the Seine and extensive sweeps over Northern France to-day are reported in the following British Air Ministry communiqué:

Early this afternoon, Blenheim aircraft of the Bomber Command, escorted by fighters, attacked shipbuilding yards at Le Trait on the Seine to the west of Rouen. Bursts were seen on sheds and slipways and the target was left hidden in smoke. Our fighters also carried out extensive sweeps over Northern France.

In the course of these operations, four enemy fighters were destroyed. Our losses were three fighters.

*Nazis Lose Four*

LONDON, July 22 (UP).—It is automatically reported that four German fighter planes were shot down over northern France to-day when the shipbuilding yards at Le Trait were attacked. Three R.A.F. fighters are missing.

*Communists Shot*

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—The official news agency to-day released a dispatch from Belgrade which stated that "a great number of Communists and Jews" were shot after attempting "communistic sabotage" near Valjevo, Yugoslavia, 45 miles southwest of Belgrade.

## Strong Bomber Force Smashes Nazi Plants

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Describing last night's raids on Germany, the Air Ministry states that a strong force of aircraft did great execution among industrial buildings in Frankfurt-on-Main and Mannheim.

An important railway yard was the focus of attack at Frankfurt, which is one of the chief commercial centres of Germany and lies at a strategic point on the great trade routes between the north and south.

The crew of one aircraft said that they saw an explosion which destroyed a large building.

Many fires in the yard were reported as well.

Elsewhere in the town and especially in the neighbourhood of the

main railway station, there were large and well-established fires burning in clouds of smoke.

At Mannheim, glimpses of the river led the first few of the British crews to the attack and soon there were good fires burning to guide their successors.

Industrial areas both at Mannheim and in the suburb of Ludwigshafen across the Rhine were vigorously bombed. The flash of one of the most powerful British bombs lit up

TURN to Back Page, Column 3

## Nazi Thrust Against Gib. Believed Imminent

*Special to the "Telegraph"*

WASHINGTON, July 22 (UP).—There is intense speculation that the possibility of a German thrust towards Portugal, Spain and Gibraltar may compel President Roosevelt to act to prevent Nazi domination of the Atlantic outposts.

## Optimism In Turkey As Blitz Is Dulled

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Turkish military experts consider it unlikely that Germany will want to create a new front before having materially reduced Russian resistance, according to the Ankara correspondent of the Independent French Agency.

There is growing scepticism in Ankara as to Germany's chances against Russia; even those Turks who had predicted a rapid collapse of the Russian front are now reserved in their opinions.

The statement of the German Military Attaché in Ankara that the Russian campaign would be over in six weeks, which was at first given certain credence, is now subject to ironical comment.

*Ural Before Caucasus*

Although it is believed in Ankara that the Germans would appear too deeply engaged in Russia for any action in the Near East to be feared, the correspondent says that experts admit that the situation might become critical again if the Germans were to reach the Caucasus before the end of August.

Military observers point out that the German attack is being directed rather towards the Urals as if the German High Command wanted first of all to eliminate the main Russian forces before facing the long lines of communication that an advance on the Caucasus would entail.

*LATEST*

## BOMBER FUND DONATION

A cheque for \$1,072.05 for the Bomber Fund has been received from Mr. C. F. Hyde, Chairman of the YMCA Swimming Section. This represents the net proceeds of the A.N.S. versus H.K.V.D.C., Nursing Detachment Swimming Gala, which recently proved such an outstanding success.

## Senate Approves Shipping Bill

WASHINGTON, July 22 (Reuter).—The Senate unanimously and without debate passed and sent to the White House a Bill authorising a \$645,000,000 expansion in naval shipping, ship repair and ordnance facilities.



The Luftwaffe made a comparatively unsuccessful attempt to attack Moscow on Monday night, the damage caused being very slight. Here is a Moscow view.

## London Disquiet At Outlook In Indo-China

*Special to the "Telegraph"*

LONDON, July 22 (UP).—Authoritative circles to-day described as "rather disquieting" the news that Mr Chuichi Ohashi, Vice Secretary of Foreign Affairs—who early in July assured Ambassador Craigie that Japan did not intend to attack Indo-China—is among the latest high officials of the Japanese Government to resign.

They also termed as "disquieting" the continued Japanese press attacks on the Indo-China administration.

*Significant*

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—There is no definite news from the Far East in authoritative quarters in

London but it is significant that the disquieting rumours regarding Japanese intentions concerning Indo-China continue notwithstanding changes in the Japanese Cabinet, says "Reuter's" Diplomatic Correspondent.

In this regard it is noteworthy that Mr Ohashi, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, who gave Sir Robert Craigie the most categorical assurances regarding the purity of Japanese intentions in Indo-China has been relieved of his office at his own request.

*Base For New Drive*

CHUNGKING, July 22 (Reuter).—The possibility that Japan may shortly launch a new drive in an attempt to cut the Burma Road while awaiting clarification of the international situation before deciding on a north or south expansion is being discussed here.

The present Japanese negotiations with Indo-China are probably connected with the forthcoming drive since Japan is expected to use Indo-China as the base for an attack. Chinese opinion further contends that Japan may push northward from Loochow along the railway towards Kunming or westward into Burma or both. Japanese troops withdraws from various fronts in China and the sighting of a Japanese convoy moving southward from Canton are attracting considerable attention here.

*Sumita Meets Decoux*

TOKYO, July 22 (Reuter).—The head of the Japanese Military Mission in Indo-China, Major-General Sumita, called on Admiral Decoux, Governor-General of Indo-China, this evening for a talk lasting an hour, according to a Hanoi telegram.

Another meeting is expected tomorrow which will be the third on successive days.

*Siberia Safe At Present*

WASHINGTON, July 22 (Reuter).—Despite reports of Japanese troop movements to the north from China in the direction of Outer Mongolia and Siberia, well-informed Washington circles do not believe that Japan intends any immediate attack on Siberia.

It is felt that she is more likely to move to establish herself more firmly in Indo-China to be ready for any further promising developments.

It is similarly believed that such troops are moving north in conformity with a policy of watchful waiting in readiness to strike should Russia completely collapse before the German onslaught and should this result in a breakdown of the Russian Eastern army.

*Japanese Admiration*

Japan, however, does not appear to expect such a collapse. The only first hand accounts of the Russian fighting to reach Washington come TURN to Back Page, Column 3

## JAPAN TO MOVE IN NORTH?

SHANGHAI, July 22 (Reuter).—An early Japanese move against Siberia is believed likely by well-informed Russian circles here. The opinion is held that should anything happen in Indo-China, it would be in the nature of a smoke-screen of the activities on the Manchurian border.

## No Change In Policy Says Admiral Toyoda

*Special to the "Telegraph"*

TOKYO, July 23 (Domei).—The Foreign Minister, Admiral Teijiro Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr Matsuoka.

Informed quarters attached importance to the withdrawal of resignation by Dr Kumatori Honda, Japanese Ambassador to China. These quarters said that this is proof of the immutability of Japan's policy toward China.

Pointing out that the new Foreign Minister, Admiral Toyoda, received on the tripartite pact, well-informed quarters expressed the belief that the fact that the Axis Ambassadors visited Admiral Toyoda ahead of the customary receptions by the new Foreign Minister of foreign diplomatic envoys scheduled for July 26, is sufficient to forestall any possible talk of a change of Japan's foreign policy.

It is understood that Admiral Toyoda will confer with high officials of the Foreign Ministry three times a week and will also appoint successors to Mr. Teijiro Honda and Mr. Yoshio Saito who have resigned as Advisor to the Foreign Office.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

**25 words \$2.50  
for 3 days prepaid**

### SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED (temporarily) Accountant-Storekeeper on a civil engineering contract in the Public Works Department. Salary \$350 to \$450 a month inclusive according to experience. Probable duration 6 months. Application forms may be obtained from the Correspondence Office, Public Works Department, London, Albert Road. Applications should be sent to reach the Director of Public Works not later than noon on Monday, 20th July, 1941.

### PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—From August 1, six-roomed furnished house on Peak. Large garden. Write Box 600, "Hongkong Telegraph."

### FOR SALE.

THE HONGKONG NATURALIST, Vol. X nos. 3 and 4. Price 4s (postage extra). Now on sale at South China Morning Post Ltd.

## Girl's Trousers Infuriate Him

Because he considered his step-daughter, 19, should not wear trousers, John Coutts Yendall, of Myrtle-road, Exeter, quarrelled with his wife and refused to pay her £1 a week maintenance.

He was sent to prison for a month for being £4 3s. 6d. in arrears.

The Mayor pointed out to Yendall that bus conductresses wear trousers.

Yendall: But are they out at night until eleven o'clock?

The Mayor: Yes, they are.

The magistrate added that his daughter had been out until 2.30 one morning wearing trousers.

Yendall: But did your wife have to go down and fetch her in from an Air Force man?

The Clerk: That is not a good reason for refusing to maintain your wife.

### The Hongkong Telegraph Eleventh Annual Amateur Photographic Competition

June—September, 1941,  
Two Silver Trophies Awarded  
by ILFORD LTD.

For the best and second-best entries.

Three Silver Trophies Awarded by EASTMAN KODAK CO.  
First Prizes in each of the three Sections.

\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250

### SECTION ONE

Interior scenes. Table Top and Still Life Studies. (Excluding portraiture, plants and flowers).

1st KODAK SILVER TROPHY  
2nd \$40. 3rd \$30. 4th \$10

### SECTION TWO

Portraiture.  
1st KODAK SILVER TROPHY  
2nd \$40. 3rd \$30. 4th \$10

### SECTION THREE

Plants and Flowers.  
1st KODAK SILVER TROPHY  
2nd \$50. 3rd \$30. 4th \$10

### RULES

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

1.—The Competition is open to all photographers.

2.—The entries awarded the Ilford Trophies for the best and second-best pictures in the Competition will not be entitled to any other prizes.

3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section which can now be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be sent on the back of the card.

4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.

5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.

6.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to any entries.

7.—All entries to be either black & white, or toned pictures, and must be mounted. Coloured photographs are ineligible.

8.—Entries submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.

9.—No picture to enter in more than one Section.

10.—Mounts to only white or cream, must be of one of the following sizes:—10x12, 10x20.

11.—No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.

12.—Members of the Staffs of the Hongkong Telegraph and the South China Morning Post are not permitted to compete.

13.—The decision of the Judges shall be final.

14.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

15.—The use of aliases is strictly forbidden.

### ENTRY FORM

NAME .....  
SECTION .....  
ADDRESS .....

Please use block letters and parts one of these forms on back of each entry.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### POWER OF ATTORNEY

Notice is hereby given that on account of transfer to other duties the Power of Attorney issued to Bayard Craig Lawrence, as District Manager for The Texas Company (China) Ltd., at Hongkong has been cancelled and recalled.

Similar Power of Attorney has been issued to Christopher Jenkins Livingston who has been appointed District Manager at Hongkong to succeed Bayard Craig Lawrence.

#### THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD.

By P. F. LEFEVRE,  
Managing Director.  
Hongkong, July 21, 1941.

#### APPEAL FOR FUNDS FOR ORTHOPAEDIC CENTRES IN FREE CHINA

At the request of Madam H. H. Kung and with the support of His Excellency the Governor and under the auspices of the British Fund for Relief of Distress in South China, an appeal is made for funds for the purpose of establishing and maintaining Orthopaedic Centres for disabled soldiers and civilians in China.

Cheques and donations may be sent to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. M. K. Lo, British Relief Fund for Distress in South China, Alexandra Building, marked Orthopaedic Appeal or to the British Relief Fund for Distress in South China, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank marked Orthopaedic Appeal.

#### FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

##### What to do to help a child

Anyone knowing of a child who has been assaulted, neglected, or ill-treated in a manner likely to cause unnecessary suffering or injury to health, or knowing of a parent who is seeking advice on any matter concerning a child, would be doing an act of kindness by communicating at once with—

The Hon. General Secretary, H.K.S.P.C., Old City Hall, The Inspector, 49, Pokfulam Road, 1st floor.

The Inspector, 82, Stone Nullah Lane, 2nd Floor.

The Inspector, 12 Soi Yeung Choi St., Kowloon.

The Inspector, 52, Argyle St., Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and expenses borne, by the Society.

The Informant's name will be kept strictly private, except in cases where malice is proved.

#### NOTICE

#### DEFENCE REGULATIONS 1940

The following rates will be charged for mailing single copies of the following newspapers abroad:

South China Morning Post  
China and Macao  
10 cents per copy  
British Empire and Foreign  
25 cents per copy

The Hongkong Telegraph  
China and Macao  
10 cents per copy  
British and Foreign  
20 cents per copy  
25 cents Saturdays.

#### ASSURANCE TO CHINESE

## Gandhi Will Not Oppose Indian Executive Council

BOMBAY, July 22 (Reuter).—Gandhi in an interview at Wardha told "Reuter's" that the announcement of the expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council and establishment of the National Defence Council "does not affect the stand taken by Congress nor does it meet the Congress demand."

Replying to a further question, he said: "I can at once say that I have no authority to prevent members of the All-India Congress Committee from doing anything they wish to do. The authority given me by the All-India Congress Committee does not permit my interference with the fullest freedom of its members and in any case the body that gave me authority can at any time refuse it or withdraw it."

#### Mr L. M. AMERY.

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Mr Amery described those who had joined the Viceroy's Executive Council as a "team of ability and experience which it would be difficult to rival in India or, indeed, elsewhere."

They were, he declared, men with administrative, political and business experience and personal ability. The Viceroy's War Council would be very much stronger for their inclusion. They would in the fullest sense share in the collective responsibility and statutory responsibility of the Executive Council as well as direct the important departments which had been entrusted to them.

The aim, said Mr Amery, was to increase the efficiency of the Government and to make full use of the reservoirs of Indian ability and vast and hitherto insufficiently tapped patriotism.

#### Britain's Desire.

Measures "marking a change in spirit if not in the letter of the Indian constitution" were an earnest of the British Government's desire to transfer to Indian hands a steadily increasing share in India's destiny.

"The National Defence Council will be very far from being a body

## Indians Amenable To Help In Government

### Holding Portfolios

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Indians are to be taken into the Viceroy's Executive Council and more Indians are to hold portfolios in the Central Government.

This step toward augmenting and consolidating India's war effort was announced to-day when a White Paper on "India and the War" was presented to Parliament by Mr L. S. Amery, Secretary of State for India.

This announced the decision to enlarge the Executive Council in order to permit the separation of the portfolio of Law and Supply and of Commerce and Labour, and the division of the present portfolio of Education, Health and Lands into separate portfolios of Education, Health and Land and Indians Overseas, and also the creation of the portfolios of Information and Civil Defence.

The member for Civil Defence is Mr Jagadendra Rao. He was Acting Governor of the Central Provinces in 1936 and has twice been a Minister in the Central Provinces Government of which he was appointed Home Member in 1930.

The member for Labour is Sir Firoz Khan Noon, the High Commissioner for India in London, who has only very recently returned from an extensive tour of the United States.

The member for Indians overseas is Mr Madhav Shrikant Aney. He is a Member of the Legislative Assembly for Berar, and was Acting President of the Indian Congress Party in 1933 and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new Law member is Sir Syed Sultan Ahmed, Advocate General of Bihar.

The new member for Education, Health and Land is Mr Naline Ranjan Sarkar, former Finance Minister in the Bengal Government.

The new member for Information and Civil Defence is Sir Athol MacGregor (Salisbury), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

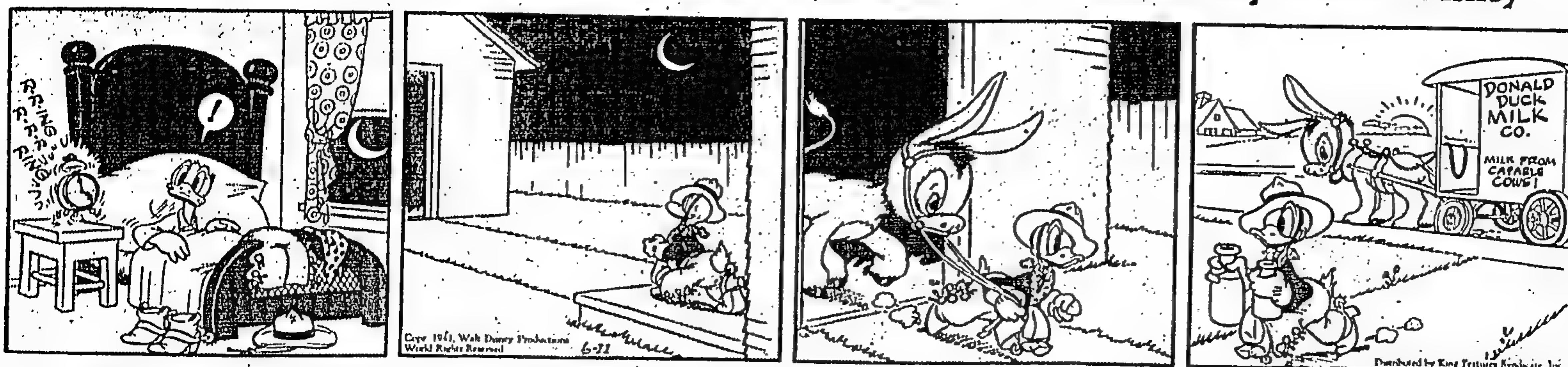
The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the Working Committee until 1934.

The new member for Civil Defence is Mr Gladys Coates (London), a former Member of Parliament for Berar, and a member of the

## DONALD DUCK

Copy 1941, Walt Disney Productions  
World Rights Reserved

6-71

By Walt Disney

Try  
**"PRIMULA"**  
NORWEGIAN  
**CREAM CHEESE**  
DELICACIES

3 (2 oz.) pkts. .... \$1.40  
1 (2 oz.) pkt. .... .50  
IN THE FOLLOWING FLAVOURS  
TOMATO - CELERY - CURRY - HAM -  
CARAWAY - also PLAIN  
YOU WILL BE DELIGHTED WITH THEIR  
PIQUANT FLAVOUR

LANE; CRAWFORD, LTD.

**MISS DULCY'S** fixing the boiler!

True, there was a measure of excitement in the usually sedate manner of the butler as he made this simple declaration and raced through the kitchen into the outside peace and quiet of a late summer morning in up-town New York. But not enough excitement to explain in itself the consternation it caused. The cook dropped the bowl she was using, the chambermaid and the chauffeur fairly leapt from the table at which they had been eating and fled after Huggins with cries akin to terror.

An apparition appearing on the balcony above checked them momentarily in their flight.

"What the devil's going on?", Bill Ward shouted. A bathrobe clutched about him was his only claim to decency.

Blonde, beautiful . . . and balmy — that's Dulcy, the adorable dumb-belle whose misadventures have amused millions of theatre-goers. One of the most popular characters created by the famous American playwrights, George S. Kaufman and Marc Connelly, Dulcy is soon to be seen on the screen in Hongkong in the picture of the same name. Dulcy mixes millionaires and maniacs, ruins the sale of an invention and breaks up three romances (including her own). Start reading about her misadventures below.

"Miss Dulcy" timidly emerging from the cellar below completed the tableau.

There was a loud grumbling report. The whole house seemed to shiver. A section of the banister along the balcony teetered fitfully and fell. The servants stood transfixed.

"Earthquake!", cooed Miss Dulcy in sincere ingenuousness and wide-eyed wonder.

Dulcy Ward's amazing personality was a subject of continued discussion among all those who knew her. Few weeks passed that made no contribution to her "ace history." She had lots of time and money to follow whatever whim engrossed her. Her friends observed two outstanding generalities. Whatever she did was in sincere effort to help somebody else, and whatever effort she expended usually produced exciting results contrary to her original expectations. "Not a busybody," the diagnosticians concluded. "Her heart is where her brain should be."

The servants in the comfortable home she occupied with her brother Bill knew the boiler was going to blow up the minute Dulcy tried to fix it!

Certainly Dulcy stood there that morning and murmured "Earthquake!" There was nothing about her to suggest the busybody. She was as quiet, calm, and entirely feminine as she was girlishly lovely to look at. Smudges on her frock — where she had "fixed" the boiler — had done nothing to detract from the charm which won — and kept — for her a place in the affections of everyone she encountered, no matter what embarrassing results her efforts to help them brought about.

Brother Bill's bath had been rudely disturbed. There would be plumbers' and carpenters' bills to pay. But one couldn't live with Dulcy and keep harboring back to the past, no matter how annoying — or recent — it was. Bill didn't have to ask questions; he knew exactly what had happened.

"What are you fussing around with the boiler for anyway?" he exclaimed. "Look at you — you're filthy! Why aren't you dressing?

Their boat's probably docking now!"

"Whose boat?", asked Dulcy with a bewilderment which was much more her normal state of mind than an aftermath of the excitement of the moment.

"The Forbes! The girl I'm going to marry! Remember?", exploded Bill.

"I don't think I've ever met them," returned Dulcy with slightly furrowed brow.

"Of course you haven't—but you will if you'll only get dressed!"

BILL joined Dulcy at the curb a half hour later as she was about to step into the family limousine. He saw Tom, the chauffeur, hand his sister a bunch of keys and hear him remark: "Huggins asked me to give you these. He and Martha and Rhoda have left. They told me to tell you not to mind about the two weeks' pay you owe us."

"Oh, then I guess they've quit," was Dulcy's complacent response.

"But you're staying, aren't you, Tom?"

"Sure . . . I'm kinda eccentric myself," the Irishman replied.

Dulcy was still not interested.

In the Forbeses and the docking steamer Bill was so anxious to meet as quickly as possible to the pier.

"Drive as quickly as possible to the Pier 47," Bill shouted as he hurried away in a taxi. "You'd better write it down—you'll forget it."

"Oh, no, I won't!" called back Dulcy. "Forty-seven is my lucky number."

Even the judge knew Dulcy — and her reputation. If he hadn't he'd have argued a bit more with her about the helping hand she purposed to extend to the "poor lost soul".

"Are you sure, Miss Ward, that you know enough about this man to have him paroled in your custody?" he asked quite dubiously.

It was quite a big pier—and Bill didn't know that at that very moment Dulcy was on it, working

"Oh, indeed, Judge," babbled Dulcy. "I investigated him through our Welfare League. Henry here is really a sweet, simple, loyal, misunderstood person. After all, there's good in all of us. I believe that every cloud has a silver lining—and so has Henry!"

The Judge turned to look again. All he could see in Henry—with the aid of his well-spectacled eyes and the records before him—was a big hulking convict with close-cropped hair who had spent many years of his life climbing porches and snatching pocketbooks!

BUT Henry became the Wards' new butler.

When controlling providence is quiet, calm, unruffled—"the mills of the Gods grinding slowly but exceeding fine"—it's sometimes hard to recognise its influence on every human life. Dulcy's "controls" were impish; they drove her through a tangle of errors to weave the pattern of her living in a manner to prove to all who observed that "Man purposes but God disposes!"

She did forget the pier number. She went to "Seventy-four" — not "Forty-seven". But the Green Flag boat was docking there, the Forbeses were there, and Bill was deliciously happy in reunion with Angela Forbes, the girl he was going to marry when deep-seated objections to her father's part had been overcome.

C. Roer Forbes, of Forbes Aircraft, was the king of person who was "deep-seated" about everything. He'd made a lot of money, mostly by bossing people, and his wife and daughter found life bearable only when they didn't cross him.

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party as Bill had promised her. "Where's your sister, Bill?" she asked. "I'm afraid she won't be here." Bill apologized. "It's my fault . . . I gave her the wrong pier number—by mistake."

It was Mrs Forbes who noticed that Dulcy hadn't met the returning party

**WATSON'S  
ORANGE SQUASH**

Made From Fresh Juicy Oranges.  
PREPARED BY A SPECIAL PROCESS WHICH ENSURES—  
FULL VITAMIN CONTENT.  
FRUIT CELLS UNDAMAGED.  
FLAVOUR FROM BOTH PULP AND RIND UNPAIRRED.

**A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.**  
Manufacturers of High Class Aerated Waters & Cordials.  
ESTD. 1841.



## GIVE YOUR CHILDREN THE SAFE LAXATIVE THEY ENJOY TAKING

From babyhood to 11 years, all children love Castoria's wonderful taste—and you can give it with full confidence. Above all else Castoria is **SAFE**—it contains no harsh "adult" drugs which, when given even in small doses, are much too irritating for a child's delicate system. "Specialists say everything a baby gets should be made especially for him" even a special laxative.

Castoria is made especially and only for children.

You couldn't ask for a safer, more effective laxative than Castoria. It's pure and really safe—no castor oil, no harmful or harsh drugs in Castoria. Mild enough for tiny systems Castoria acts gently, thoroughly without irritation or grip-

ing. You also avoid the danger of nervous upsets to your child's system, often caused by forcing him to take a bad tasting laxative. Castoria's taste is even made for children—they love it—take it willingly. When the younger members of the family show signs of catching cold, or have upset stomachs or are "bound up" inside, give them Castoria. Keep a bottle in your home always.

Where there are children, Castoria is needed. Economical. 12 doses or more in each bottle.

**CASTORIA**  
The SAFE laxative for children

**TO-MORROW AT THE KING'S**

FAMOUS PEAUME FILMS  
CHARLES CHAUVEL'S

**FORTY THOUSAND HORSEMAN**

MICHIE CAST  
BETTY BRYANT GRAN TAYLOR  
CHIPS RAFFERTY PAT TYNCHILL  
JOE VALLETT HARVEY ADAMS

Count the  
**"TELEGRAPHS"**  
everywhere

## "PREST-O-LITE" YOUR NEXT BATTERY

NO BETTER ASSURANCE OF  
RELIABLE  
SERVICE  
Than the Expressed Satisfaction  
Of Car Owners

### TYPES AVAILABLE (Dry, uncharged)

6 VOLTS—13 & 15 PLATES  
12 VOLTS—7 PLATES

For further particulars apply  
**HONGKONG HOTEL  
GARAGE**

Phone 27778-9 Stubbs Road

## The Hongkong Telegraph.

Wednesday, July 23, 1941.

Wyndham St, Hongkong

Telephone: 20015

THE prefix "Special to the Telegraph" is used by the "Hongkong Telegraph" to indicate news which is strictly copyright under the provisions of the Telecommunications Ordinance, 1936. Such news as bears the indication "UP" is received in Hongkong on the date of publication by the United Press Association, who reserve all rights and forbid republication, either wholly or in part without previous arrangement.

### WHAT HITLER FACES

IT has taken the world the better part of a decade to realise that Hitler's supreme objective in life has always been domination of the world. Europe scoffed at the notion until a year ago, and only to-day is the United States beginning to appreciate the ultimate menace of Nazism. So far Hitler has been successful in subjugating the greater part of Europe, but it is obvious that he knows that until he has conquered Britain and disintegrated the British Empire, his mission will remain unfulfilled. His continental achievements are futile until Britain has been overcome; but this involves the task of obliterating the British navy; attempts have been made to this end, but they have failed miserably. It can, therefore, be reasonably claimed, that despite the overrunning of Central Europe, Hitler has to date lost the war.

Hitler's progress is considered on a world map in relation to land population of the Empire, United States and Russia, can be seen as no more than tactical successes against militarily weaker Powers, which has left Britain strategically stronger than she was a year ago. Britain's command of the seas, and the magnificent work of the R.A.F. have thwarted every effort by the Nazis to achieve their ultimate objective—the disruption of Britain and her Empire. The attempt to control the North Atlantic by the invasion of Norway, the subsequent plan of invading the British Isles and dominating the mid-Atlantic, and his venture in Libya proved failures because of the dominance of the British navy and air force. These are striking defeats and have not, perhaps, been fully appreciated in the light of Hitler's spectacular triumphs on the continent. They may well account for his sudden decision to attack Russia—a gambler's throw based on the expectation of lightning and complete success.

WHEN Hitler went to war with Russia, he also involved himself in active war with another power. That is the Comintern, the world organisation of Communist parties. A significant point for Hitler, Goering and Goebbels is that its leader is George Dimitrov, the hero of the Reichstag Fire.

Nothing can have displayed more exactly and precisely what Stalin felt about Hitler than the fact that when the Germans released Dimitrov because Soviet citizenship had been conferred on him he was made the world leader of Communism.

He made Goering spit and sputter with rage by his attacks on the Nazis from the dock during the trial. He must have made the Nazi leaders rage again and again during his tenancy of his present post.

The Pact between Stalin and Hitler in 1939 did not put Dimitrov out of action. From his office in Moscow he has maintained all possible contacts with Communists abroad, "guiding" them, sending messages to them, and when any Communist party has been able to produce a message of its own, giving it world-wide publicity.

### "La Passionaria"

ONE of his chief assistants in his war with Fascism is that remarkable woman, Dolores Ibarruri (also called "La Passionaria"). Threatened by the Falangists in Spain, she created the great rallying cry: "Better to die on your feet than live on your knees."

With them are Wilhelm Pieck, formerly a German M.P., and Andre Marty, formerly a French M.P. He organised the International Brigade in Spain. Along with them are representatives of other countries. Working with them as diplomatic expert, is Litvinov, formerly the Soviet Foreign Secretary.

It is constantly said that the possibility of internal revolt in Germany is dead now. Himmler certainly does not think so. The day after the blitzkrieg was turned against Russia he issued a White Paper on "Illegal Bolshevik Disruptive Work in Germany." His triple purpose was to threaten the German workers, stiffen the secret police, and help Hitler's propaganda about the wickedness of the Reds.

Two of their methods can be described without giving the Nazis any information. One is that the organisation of the Communists is often by tiny units. In any case, the committee does not number more than two or three, and of these only one would be in contact with another member of another cell. Another method is based on Dimitrov's instructions to

But the blitzkrieg on the eastern front is already behind schedule and complete success is improbable in view of Stalin's grim determination to fight on anywhere. Whatever the final outcome, it is plain that the Nazi war machinery will be so disorganised as a result of the tremendous losses in the Russian war, that it will take practically a year to restore its equilibrium, by which time, if not before, Britain will be in the position to strike with her combined army, navy and air force. Present indications are that Hitler's Eastern gamble is doomed to failure.

## HITLER v STALIN

# The War Behind the Scenes



DIMITROV

The Nazis picked a tartar.

German Communists that they should join every possible kind of popular organisation, try to become officials, and bide their time.

They have joined almost everything from the German Labour Front down to the Stamp Collecting Clubs. Among their strongest points are believed to be "Strength Through Joy," and the women's organisations.

It is a method which calls for almost super-human self-control. It is argued that it is being used in the right way. Many Continentals with advanced views believe that this kind of movement has gone so far in Germany and the occupied countries that it was one of Hitler's reasons for deciding on a Russian gamble.

Those who know the history of underground work in Germany believe that the circulation of information and illegal printed matter, often on slips no thicker and bigger than a cigarette paper, has never ceased, and of which Hitler has never ceased to be conscious.

They believe that as this war was foreseen in Russia, so it was in Communist Germany, and that at this moment a wave of underground propaganda is going on which has caused Hitler his special anxiety.

### Call To Workers

THE tenor of it may be judged from a specimen issued by Dimitrov through one of his propaganda organisations, the "Round the World News Agency." While Stalin and Hitler were still linked in their pact of uneasy amity, he issued in April the following statement which was being illegally distributed in Germany:

The German Government does not want a single free people to remain in Europe. . . . The attack on Yugo-Slavia is a con-

tinuation of German imperialism's military campaign to subjugate the European peoples under the domination of the financial and industrial magnates of Berlin. . . . This is not a war against plutocracy. Yugo-Slavia's struggle is a call to the working people of Germany to voice their fraternal solidarity with the peoples of the occupied countries.

At the same time, Dimitrov's office issued a statement of the same kind circulating in Austria. Extracts are:

The war is ever spreading and its end is not in sight. . . . The workers and peasants of Yugo-Slavia and Greece are not the enemies of the Austrian soldiers; they are their brothers. . . . Austrian soldiers will render great service to freedom and peace if they demand to be sent home.

Was it a co-incidence that our own War Office announced that Austrian soldiers had mutinied and surrendered?

### Secret Warning

AFTER that it is hardly surprising to read in June this year the following manifesto of the Italian Communist Party, smuggled to America:

"The British people never threatened the freedom of the Italian people. . . . They provided hospitality for Garibaldi and Mazzini. . . . Flung out the lackey of German imperialism."

Do we see here at work Dimitrov's principle that every effort should be made to link up with every school of thought that is anti-Fascist? This political warfare, which Dimitrov and his associates have never ceased, and of which Hitler has never ceased to be conscious, is one of the Soviet's calculated weapons. But as "The Star" (London).

## Cauliflower Is R.A. Picture Of The Year

By Hannen Swaffer

WAR—and "There'll Always be an England." That sums up this year's Royal Academy, which opened in May. But it is only so-so. You see on the walls dozens of pictures of planes, in the sky and in the assembling sheds; airmen and soldiers, L.D.V.s, air-raid wardens at work, warships on the seas—and London burning.

One burned-out interior, to remind people who don't fire-watch, is called "Locked-up Friday Street."

Then two of our famous generals seem to have been able to spend, in an artist's studio, even more time than our Cabinet Ministers waste at public lunches.

Although two large paintings, facing each other, show the evacuation of Dunkirk and the last-minute defence of Calais, it is amazing that the picture which will probably cause most comment shows—a giant cauliflower!

This, the result of a real dig for victory, fills half a suburban garden, in which the proud owner is receiving a gold cup from the Mayor, while the B.B.C. asks him to make a speech, news-reels grind, and police hold back the crowd.

It is an amusing comment on how, even amid the world's tragedy, artists turn to the trivial and the commonplace.

Besides these reminders of war are the eternal hills, the ever-running streams, and the spreading landscapes of Britain. As Dame Laura contributes almost the only nude, I conclude that economy has not yet spread to clothes.

### Cynical Exhibits

James Pryde's very recent death in poor circumstances makes cynical two exhibits—an enormous portrait of Pryde in James Gunn's sombre style and a brilliant painting, "The Doctor," by Pryde himself.

"The Interior," after his death, has been bought by the Chantrey Bequest.

Three very human pictures, by Gerald Kelly, of the Queen will attract great attention. For—although she is in Court dress—her pleasant smile makes her look as friendly as she is among the ruins.

In the Academy is a Dutch-like study of Jermyn-street. Outside—well, you should see what the bombs have done in the real Jermyn-street, nearby.

I came away from Burlington House deplored the financial plight to which so many of our clever artists have fallen, and convinced more than ever that, during a great war, nearly every creative brain stands still.



## Exchange Of Badly Hurt Prisoners

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Asked in the House of Commons today for an account of the progress of negotiations with enemy Powers for the exchange of badly-wounded prisoners of war, Mr. Richard Law, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said that proposals for repatriation by means of hospital or other suitable ships were made by the British Government last year but were not accepted by the German Government.

A counter proposal for repatriation from neutral countries by ambulance aircraft had, however, recently been received from Berlin.

While for practical reasons the British Government has been unable to accept it in the form in which it was made, they had made an alternative suggestion which they hoped would be acceptable to the German Government.

### Neutrals Approached

Meanwhile the governments of those neutral countries with whose co-operation it was hoped that the scheme would be put into effect were being approached.

Negotiations with Italy were not necessarily so far advanced as in the case of Germany in view of the fact that no large numbers of prisoners were in question until this year.

Medical Commissions, added Mr. Law, should soon be functioning in Italy, Middle East and India with a view to selecting those entitled to repatriation.

Meanwhile, means by which repatriation would be effected were under discussion.

## H.K. Stock Market

The following quotations were issued on the Hongkong Stock Market this morning:

	BANKS
H.K. Banks \$	1,415 n.
H.K. Banks £	.00½ n.
Chartered Banks £	.04 n.
Mercantile, A & B £	.23½ n.
Mercantile C £	.11 n.
East Asia \$	.74½ b.

	INSURANCES
Canton \$	.225 b.
Union Ins. \$	.400 b.
China Underwriters \$	.1 n.
H.K. Fire Ins. \$	.185 b.

	SHIPPING
Douglas \$	.120 n.
Steamboats \$	.8½ n.
Indo-Chinas P. S.	.90 n.
Indo-Chinas D. S.	.70 n.
Shell (Bearers) s/-	.47½ n.
Waterboats \$	.055 n.

	DOCKS ETC.
Wharves \$	.90 b.
Docks \$	.16.80 n.
Providents \$	.5.00 s.
Shai Dockyards \$	.30½ n.

	MINING
Kallian s/-	.13/2 n.
Rubus \$	.8 n.
H.K. Mines \$	.2 cts n.

	LANDS
Hotels \$	.300 s.
Lands \$	.35½ s.
Lands 4% Debentures	.07½ n.
Shai Lands Sh. \$	.20 n.
Humphreys \$	.7 n.
H.K. Realities \$	.33 n.
Chinese Estates \$	.101 b.

	UTILITIES
Trams \$	.17.40 s.
Peak Trams (old) \$	.7 n.
Peak Trams (new) \$	.34 n.
Star Ferries \$	.52½ n.
Y. Ferries \$	.22 n.

	Bulgarians Visit Pope
LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Reports that the Pope is unwell appear to be contradicted by a statement by the official Italian news agency describing a visit to the Vatican by the Bulgarian Premier and Foreign Minister who are now in Rome.	

They were received with some ceremonial and were escorted by the Swiss Guard to a library where they had a "long and cordial talk" with the Pope.

They later paid a visit to Cardinal Maglione, the Secretary of State.

### Soviet-Czech Relations

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—"Reuter's" Diplomatic Correspondent learns that M. Zdenek Flerlinter, former Czech-Slovak Minister to Moscow, has been appointed to represent Czech-Slovakia in the Soviet Union as a result of an agreement whereby relations between the two countries are resumed.

Subsequently, Senator Walter George, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, asserted that the Administration does not contemplate any new international moves "for the time being, at least."

### Censorship Announced

WASHINGTON, July 22 (UPI).—President Roosevelt has announced Japanese censorship of radio and cable communication.

CHUNGKING, July 22 (Central News).—General Yu Han-mou, Commander-in-Chief of Chinese forces in Kwangtung, reported at the Weekly Memorial Service meeting yesterday morning that taking advantage of the transfer of Japanese troops from various parts of southern Kwangtung, the Chinese recently launched attacks in wide-spread areas and inflicted numerous losses on the enemy.

The Japanese troops in Canton, General Yu said, are now taking measures in fear of large-scale Chinese attacks.

The Japanese in the southern sector of the Canton-Hankow railway, General Yu further said, have been subjected to harassing raids by the Chinese who, besides inflicting casualties have captured considerable war materials and important documents. Japanese defence works were also severely damaged and a number of prisoners were taken.

## New \$425,000,000 Loan To Britain Is Announced

*Special to the "Telegraph"*

WASHINGTON, July 22 (UP).—The Reconstruction Finance Corporation to-day announced its approval of a \$425,000,000 loan to Britain to pay for war supplies contracted for, prior to the enactment of the lend and lease bill.

The Administrator, Mr. Jesse Jones, stated that President Roosevelt had approved the plan of a loan to provide Britain with dollars for exchange without the necessity of disposing of their securities at a forced rate.

He said that the interest would be 3 per cent, annually to mature in 15 years, with an extension of another five years if two-thirds of the principal is paid on the original maturity date.

The British will pledge collateral of over \$700,000,000 and it is estimated that the interest dividends on the collateral will amortize the loan in about 13 years. Meanwhile, funds will be available to Britain as needed to meet commitments at about \$100,000,000 monthly.

Referring to communications in China since the war, Mr. Tang said that though many railways and highways have fallen into enemy hands or have been destroyed by the Chinese themselves, large number of new communication lines have been inaugurated.

Thus in the southwest, Kwangyuan, formerly an isolated and backward city, is now an important communication centre. From Kwangyuan a highway now leads eastward to Chungking measuring 1,000 kilometres, a second westward to Kunming measuring 662 kilometres, a third northward to Chungking measuring 488 kilometres and a fourth southward to Liuchow measuring 632 kilometres.

From Kunming there is the Burma Road running to Wangting, a small town on the Yunnan-Burma border. From Chungking there is the Sino-Soviet International highway, passing through Chengtu, Kienko, Ningkang, Hunchung, Tenshui, Lan-chow, Kiuchuan, Changyu, Wuwei, Singisang, Hami and Thiwu, measuring a length of 5,270 kilometres.

The main highways in the southwest and northwest measure approximately 9,930 kilometres.

Recently a new highway between Neiklang in Szechwan and Sichang in Sikong has been completed. In addition, there are a large number of main highways of shorter distances, branch highways and provincial highways.

### Railways Still Run

According to Mr. Tang, railways in operation include the Kunming-Kaliyan section of the Yunnan Railway, measuring 350 kilometres, the Kweilin-Kwameng Railway, measuring 100 kilometres, the Pan-tungpu-Kukung section of the Canton-Hankow Railway, measuring 478 kilometres, the Hunan-Kwangsi Railway, measuring 537 kilometres, the Lungtan Railway from Sian eastward to Tungting, Shanchow, Loyang and Kungshien, westward to Paochi and northward to Tungting aggregating 707 kilometres, and the Chekiang-Kuangsi Railway from Kinmen to Chuk, Lanck, Chuchow, Hami, Thiva and Alma Ata.

### Shipping Routes

With regard to navigation Mr. Tang said the principal shipping routes include the Changsha-Hongyong route, the Hsiangyang-Pengshui-Peiping-Chungking route, the Chungking-Wanhsien-Luhsien-Hochuen-Loshan route, the Wuchow-Liuchow route, and the Liuchow-Nanning route.

Important air routes, Mr. Tang said, include the Hongkong-Chungking-Kungming-Lashio-Rangoon line which will be extended to Calcutta soon, the Hongkong-Shiuksan line, the Chungking-Luchow-Suifu-Kiating (Loshan) line, the Chungking-Kweilin line, the Chungking-Kungming line, the Chungking-Chengtu line and the Sino-Soviet line, passing through Lanchow, Hami, Thiva and Alma Ata.

Any hostile move against Singapore or any other country in the Pacific or elsewhere would be regarded as a hostile move by the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company to sell one million barrels of oil to Japan is still in operation, and he asked what are the figures of oil exports to Japan from British-owned fields in the Middle East in 1941.

Mr. Richard Law, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said that he was informed by the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company that the contract referred to was not now in operation. Mr. Law understood that no oil exports to Japan from British-owned oilfields in the Middle East had taken place in 1941.

Wall Street welcomes the removal of the possibility of additional forces of liquidation which was one of the numerous threats hanging over the market in the past several months.

WALL STREET

Reports that the Pope is unwell appear to be contradicted by a statement by the official Italian news agency describing a visit to the Vatican by the Bulgarian Premier and Foreign Minister who are now in Rome.

They were received with some ceremonial and were escorted by the Swiss Guard to a library where they had a "long and cordial talk" with the Pope.

They later paid a visit to Cardinal Maglione, the Secretary of State.

### Soviet-Czech Relations

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—"Reuter's" Diplomatic Correspondent learns that M. Zdenek Flerlinter, former Czech-Slovak Minister to Moscow, has been appointed to represent Czech-Slovakia in the Soviet Union as a result of an agreement whereby relations between the two countries are resumed.

Subsequently, Senator Walter George, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, asserted that the Administration does not contemplate any new international moves "for the time being, at least."

### Censorship Announced

WASHINGTON, July 22 (UPI).—President Roosevelt has announced Japanese censorship of radio and cable communication.

CHUNGKING, July 22 (Central News).—General Yu Han-mou, Commander-in-Chief of Chinese forces in Kwangtung, reported at the Weekly Memorial Service meeting yesterday morning that taking advantage of the transfer of Japanese troops from various parts of southern Kwangtung, the Chinese recently launched attacks in wide-spread areas and inflicted numerous losses on the enemy.

The message was transmitted to the Yang family through Mr. Tu Yuch-shen, member of the National Relief Commission and a close friend of the late Mr. Yang.

The Japanese in the southern sector of the Canton-Hankow railway, General Yu further said, have been subjected to harassing raids by the Chinese who, besides inflicting casualties have captured considerable war materials and important documents. Japanese defence works were also severely damaged and a number of prisoners were taken.

### Japanese C-in-C For Central China Waters

*SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"*

TOKYO, July 22 (Domei).—Vice-Admiral Marquis Teruhisa Komatsu, Commander-in-Chief of the Port Arthur (Ryojun) Naval Base, has been appointed Supreme Commander of the Japanese Fleet in Central China Waters. It was announced by the Navy Ministry to-day.

Vice-Admiral Komatsu, 53 years old, is the fourth son of the late H.H. Prince Yoshimura Kitashiba-kawa.

## Travel In China To-day By Road, Rail, Sea & Air

China has still access to the world by dozens of routes according to the opinion of an expert, Mr. Tang Wei-ping, Vice-Director of the China Travel Service, who gave a talk on the subject at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., Kowloon, during the week-end, states "Central News."

The British will pledge collateral of over \$700,000,000 and it is estimated that the interest dividends on the collateral will amortize the loan in about 13 years. Meanwhile, funds will be available to Britain as needed to meet commitments at about \$100,000,000 monthly.

Referring to communications in China since the war, Mr. Tang said that though many railways and highways have fallen into enemy hands or have been destroyed by the Chinese themselves, large number of new communication lines have been inaugurated.

Thus in the southwest, Kwangyuan, formerly an isolated and backward city, is now an important communication centre. From Kwangyuan a highway now leads eastward to Chungking measuring 1,000 kilometres, a second westward to Kunming measuring 662 kilometres, a third northward to Chungking measuring 488 kilometres and a fourth southward to Liuchow measuring 632 kilometres.

From Kunming there is the Burma Road running to Wangting, a small town on the Yunnan-Burma border. From Chungking there is the Sino-Soviet International highway, passing through Chengtu, Kienko, Ningkang, Hunchung, Tenshui, Lan-chow, Kiuchuan, Changyu, Wuwei, Singisang, Hami and Thiwu, measuring a length of 5,270 kilometres.

The main highways in the southwest and northwest measure approximately 9,930 kilometres.

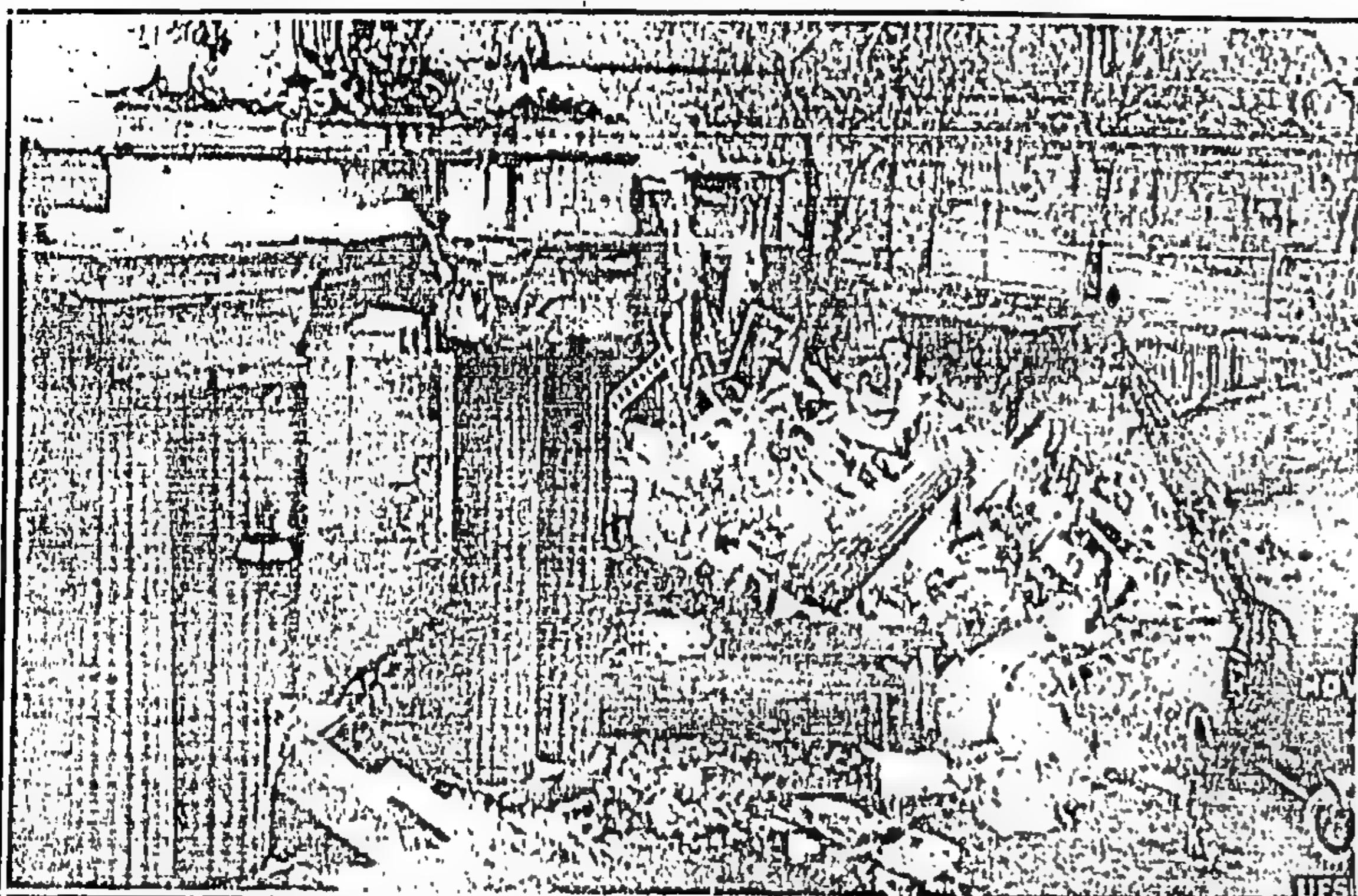
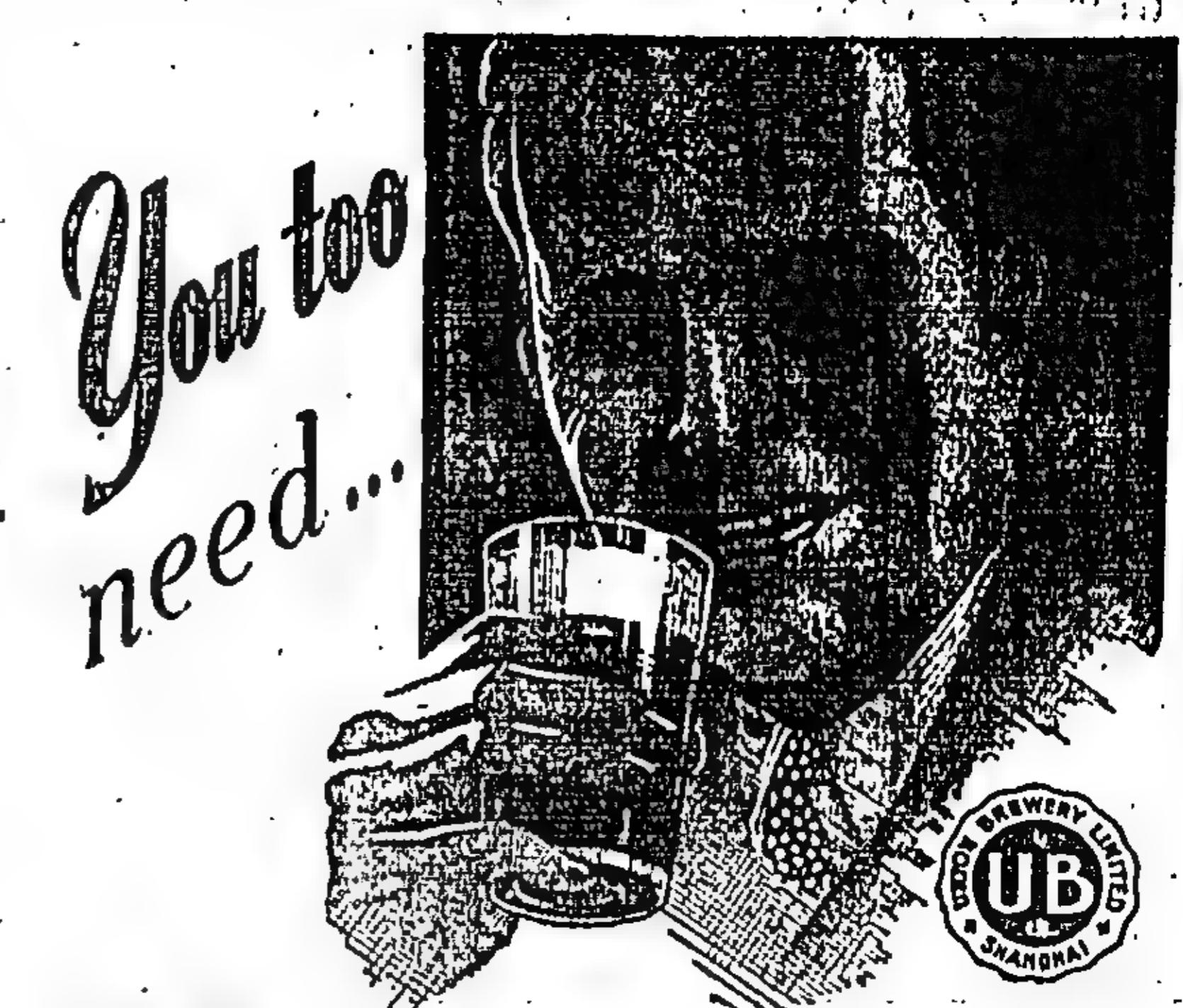
Recently a new highway between Neiklang in Szechuan and Sikong has been completed. In addition, there are a large number of main highways of shorter distances, branch highways and provincial highways.



## NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller



**BUCKINGHAM BOMBED**—For fourth time Buckingham Palace, London home of Britain's King and Queen, was target for Hitler's raiders. Cable picture from London shows porter's lodge in ruins. Young policeman on duty there was killed, but King and Queen were absent at the time.

## Standard Oil, N. J., Tells Of Trade With Japanese

**FLEMINGTON, N. J.**—The Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) outlined to stockholders details of an agreement to sell additional supplies of oil to Japan "negotiated with the full knowledge of the American, British, and Netherlands East Indies governments."

W. S. Farish, President of the holding company with interests wherever the world gets its oil, read a prepared statement to the annual meeting with the preface that the question of oil shipments to Axis powers had been raised and the concern wished to explain its programme.

The New Jersey corporation, which meets in this rural borough of 2,700 residents, explained it owned 50 per cent interest in Standard Vacuum Oil Company, with Far Eastern headquarters in the Netherlands East Indies.

### Sells Japan Oil

Mr Farish's statement continued: "About six months ago this affiliate joined with a Dutch-British oil company, a major producer of oil in the Netherlands East Indies, in special arrangement, over a limited period, to sell Japan additional supplies of oil and ordinary oil products... One hundred octane aviation gasoline, for example, was negotiated with the full knowledge of the American, British, and Netherlands East Indies governments."

"Up to date, the Japanese have not taken delivery of the full quantity of products they bargained for."

Mr Farish said Standard Oil has marketed oil in the Orient for more than 30 years and "even to-day, notwithstanding increased deliveries to Japan under terms of the special sales agreement, the total movement of oil from the Dutch East Indies to Japan, including shipments of the Dutch-British Company, as well as those of Standard Vacuum Company, are much smaller than Japan imports currently from other sources of supply."

### Follow Government

He said the New Jersey concern at all times endeavoured to adhere strictly to the policy of the United States Government.

"So long as the United States maintains normal relations with another country, Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) must also maintain normal relations. If the company on its own initiative, undertakes to establish embargoes or shipments of oil from one country to another it might find itself running directly counter to the policy and interests of its own Government. Obviously it cannot permit itself to be drawn into such a position."

Mr Farish said that he was "particularly gratified" with the company's business in the first six months of this year compared with a year ago.

### Earnings Outlook Good

"Our guess is that earnings for the first six months will be very healthy and will run between \$75,000,000 and \$80,000,000," he said, adding that if things kept going as they were he hoped the directors would be able to declare a \$1 a share dividend at the end of the year. The year-end payment last December was 50 cents regular and 25 cents extra.

Discussing possible oil shortages on the eastern seaboard due to lack of tankers, Mr Farish said the oil industry was working on two major plans. One involved the building of a pipe line from Texas to New York and Philadelphia and the other the formation of an industry-owned corporation to build tankers.

Mr Farish said Standard Oil Co. of Louisiana was building a "butyl" rubber plant at Baton Rouge costing between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000 that would produce 16,000 tons of synthetic rubber a year and raw materials therefor as well as 20,000,000 gallons of alcohol.

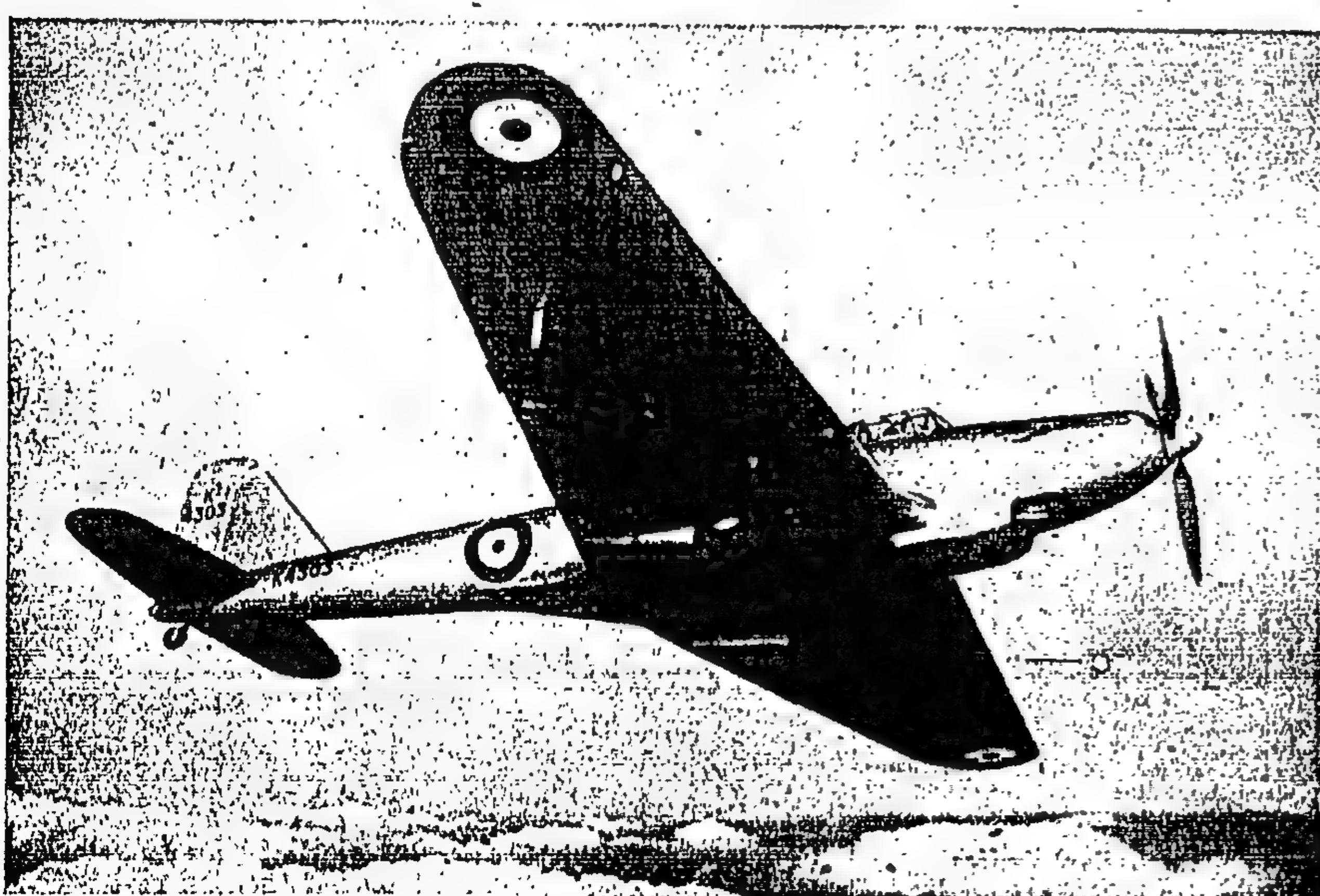
She said that she was certain that God's kingdom was now being established with visible representatives on earth, who would have charge of the affairs of the nations. Among these would be David, the former king of Israel.

Another unusual will was that of Mrs Esther Carter, of Sydney, who expressed the wish that her second husband should allow her first husband to live with him in her Maclean house after her death. She thought that "they would be company for each other."

John Pool, a Bathurst hotel-keeper, left the rents and profits from an hotel at Bathurst "to purchase every Christmas Day one glass of the best port wine and a sufficient quantity of good plum pudding for every one of the patients at the Bathurst Hospital."

Perturbed at the possible effect of port wine and plum pudding on ailing patients at the hospital, the executors of the will took the matter to the Equity Court, which ruled that the gift was not a good charitable bequest.

## KEEP THE BOMBER FUND SOARING



TYPES OF BOMBERS HITTING HITLER

6.—The Fairey Battle Medium Bomber.

DONATIONS TO DATE: \$2,393,379.39 and £1,0-0

REMITTED TO LONDON: £145,939.19.6d

## Pekinese Becomes Dog Of 'Independent Means'

**BEQUEATHED** 1s. a week in the will of a Park Street dentist, Ming Chang, a Pekinese dog in Sydney recently joined a select circle of privileged pets. He has become a "dog of independent means."

The late John Hunter, an Australian, who died in 1938, aged 75, remembered in a similar manner, "his faithful dog, Jack," and in his will, he bequeathed 2s. a week for Jack's maintenance.

A Toowoomba medical practitioner, Dr Aeneas John McDonnell, who was also 75 when he died, and who left a substantial New South Wales estate, was even more generous—in his will was the gift of an annuity of £50 "for the purpose of feeding and caring for his Scottish terrier, Sandy, as long as Sandy lives."

Animal lovers, however, do not always agree on what is the generous, or correct, thing to do.

Mrs Jessie Stuart Broomfield, of Northmead, who died in 1930, was a case in point.

In the first place she left instructions that a substantial part of her £3,714 estate should be used for the erection of drinking fountains and water troughs throughout the city and suburbs for the benefit of stray dogs; then, in another clause, she made certain that her own pets should never become "strays."

### Painlessly Destroyed

For she directed that "any pets, animals or birds in her possession at the time of her death" should be painlessly destroyed. She always had a horror that such pets might become unwanted and uncared for, and after her death, a pet dog and some canaries fell a victim to her decree.

For more than 12 years, at the horses' home controlled by the R.S.P.C.A., there was a pony named Stumpy, receiving maintenance at the princely rate of 7s. 6d. a week.

A cow, named Daisy, at Riverstone, according to the wishes of her former mistress, Miss Jane Sanders, is to receive a life-time of care and attention.

There have been gifts for bird sanctuaries and gifts for the erection of horse troughs—the probate records, throughout the years, have accumulated many strange and unusual stories of bequests, designed to lighten the load of stray dogs and unwanted cats.

But the unusual, bizarre, and sometimes fantastic in-will-making is not restricted to animal gifts. Many strange wills in Australia and elsewhere, have been reported during the past few years.

One of the strangest was the will of Mrs Catherine Hathaway, of Auckland, New Zealand, who, last year, directed that her Auckland residence be held in trust for ultimate occupation by David and other Biblical characters named in the 11th chapter of Hebrews "when they returned to earth."

### King Of Israel

She said that she was certain that God's kingdom was now being established with visible representatives on earth, who would have charge of the affairs of the nations. Among these would be David, the former king of Israel.

Another unusual will was that of Mrs Esther Carter, of Sydney, who expressed the wish that her second husband should allow her first husband to live with him in her Maclean house after her death. She thought that "they would be company for each other."

John Pool, a Bathurst hotel-keeper, left the rents and profits from an hotel at Bathurst "to purchase every Christmas Day one glass of the best port wine and a sufficient quantity of good plum pudding for every one of the patients at the Bathurst Hospital."

Perturbed at the possible effect of port wine and plum pudding on ailing patients at the hospital, the executors of the will took the matter to the Equity Court, which ruled that the gift was not a good charitable bequest.

## Australian Great War Epic Filmed

The gala premiere of "Forty Thousand Horsemen," the Australian picture sponsored by the Commonwealth Government of Australia, will take place at the King's Theatre to-morrow at 9.30 p.m. The major portion of the proceeds of this gala performance, it is learned from the management of the theatre, will be donated to the Bomber Fund.

His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, and high Government officials as well as other leading residents will be present.

The picture, which was made with the co-operation of the Department of Defence of Australia, and the officers and men of the 1st and 2nd Australian Cavalry Divisions, deals with the Light Horse campaign against the Germans in Palestine during the Great War.

In the 1914-18 war the most picturesque unit of the Australian forces was the Light Horse, which won immortal glory by victory in the Sinai Desert under the command of Sir Harry Chauvel. The charge at Beersheba, which forms the climax of the film, is one of the most impressive scenes ever filmed.

"Forty Thousand Horsemen" is the most ambitious Australian film ever made, and the cast is headed by Betty Bryant, hailed as a real screen discovery. Grant Taylor, "Clipper" Roffey, Pat Twohill and Harvey Adams.

## Gibraltar Now An Island

Transformation of Gibraltar into an "island" is now almost complete, and Canadian soldiers are finishing digging a most thirteen feet wide and ten feet deep and filling it with water across the neck of the promontory.

The hospital and several other installations which were on the top of the rock have been transferred to underground rooms hewn out of the rock. Some of them are below water level.

New guns, including some very heavy ones, have been put in position and ships with war materials are arriving daily.

All this has been reported on the Moscow radio.

## STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary, issued yesterday, is:

### Buyers

H.K. Govt. 4% Loan 97.50

H.K. Govt. 3 1/2% Loan (1034) 94

Bank of East Asia \$74

Canton Ins. \$225

Unions Ins. \$400

H.K. Fire Ins. \$185

Wharves \$90

Lands \$35

Lights "O" \$5.90

Electrics "O" X. Ris \$22

Electric "N" \$21

Electrics Ris \$11

### Sellers

Hotels \$3.60

Lands \$35.75

Trams \$17.40

### Sales

Providents \$5.90

Canton Ice \$1

Watsons \$10.75

## W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (China) LTD.

## BACK ROOM BOY WHO DESIGNED "SABRE"

### May Make Aviation History

NON-FLYING people well know such names as Fokker, De Havilland, Rolls and Royce, Messerschmitt, and Hawker, the men behind the aeroplanes. But few outside aero engineering know of Halford—yet he may go down as the greatest of them all.

You remember Lord Beaverbrook's "boys in the back room," who were deservedly given world publicity because they supported an astonishing new aero engine, the Napier "Sabre," up to now fearfully hush-hush?

Here at last is the story of Major Frank Bernard Halford, the boy who has been in the back room for 27 years—the man who designed the "Sabre," says J. D. S. Alan, the "Sunday Dispatch" air correspondent.

He has designed more successful types of aero engines than any person in the world.

He has designed the most powerful aero engine ever to pass Service type tests.

He went to France, in 1914, instead of letting him fly, they put him in the back room, and he has been there ever since.

### Got The Job

Major Halford is above medium height, of sturdy build, and has light blue eyes. He was born in Nottingham 47 years ago, and was educated at Felsted and Nottingham University.

He learned to fly at the old Bristol school at Brooklands in 1913. An assistant instructor was killed, so he got the job.

He joined the Royal Flying Corps before the Great War, and went to France in 1914.

Greater than the need for technical knowledge, of men who could keep planes flying is possible.

To his great disappointment he was grounded, to spite of his experience and flying skill. Disappointment in one way yet his teeth into a difficult and vital job.

### The Great "Puma"

He was loaned to Beardmore, and then came the great "Puma" engine, of which 6,000 were made.

It was known as the B.H.P.—the Beardmore-Halford-Pullinger. It did immense service in the Independent Air Force.

Halford followed up with his 300 horse-power "Nimbus."

After the war he represented engineering interests in America for some years. On returning, he set up as an independent designer.

The light aeroplane club movement swept the country in the late twenties, because of Major Halford.

He designed the famous "Circus" engine, which made the movement possible. It was ingeniously designed to incorporate many of the parts, then cheaply available, of an old Renault type.

Then came the amazingly successful "Gipsy" range for De Havillands.

Up to the beginning of this war over 10,000 "Gipsy" engines had

soon make these losses good.

The British armoured fighting vehicle now being issued to the troops is a great advance on earlier types. Its armour is heavier, its armament more powerful and its speed greater.

Tank policy, which has long been

grounded, is now settled.

Instead of light and medium machines the Government is concentrating on the heavier type. The light tank is now obsolete, and there is no longer a "medium" machine.

The "opportunity tank" is the

cruiser with the speed of a greyhound.

The fighting qualities of the "I" or infantry tank have also been improved. Its role is the close support of infantry.

It is possible that among the

heavy material abandoned in Greece

were tanks as well as guns. The

Wednesday,

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

July 23, 1941.

**KICKS**

TO-DAY ONLY

at 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 &amp; 9.30 P.M.



TO - MORROW

**"FORTY THOUSAND HORSEMAN"**

with BETTY BYRNE, GRANT TAYLOR, "CHIPS" RAFFERTY

Released by Universal Pictures

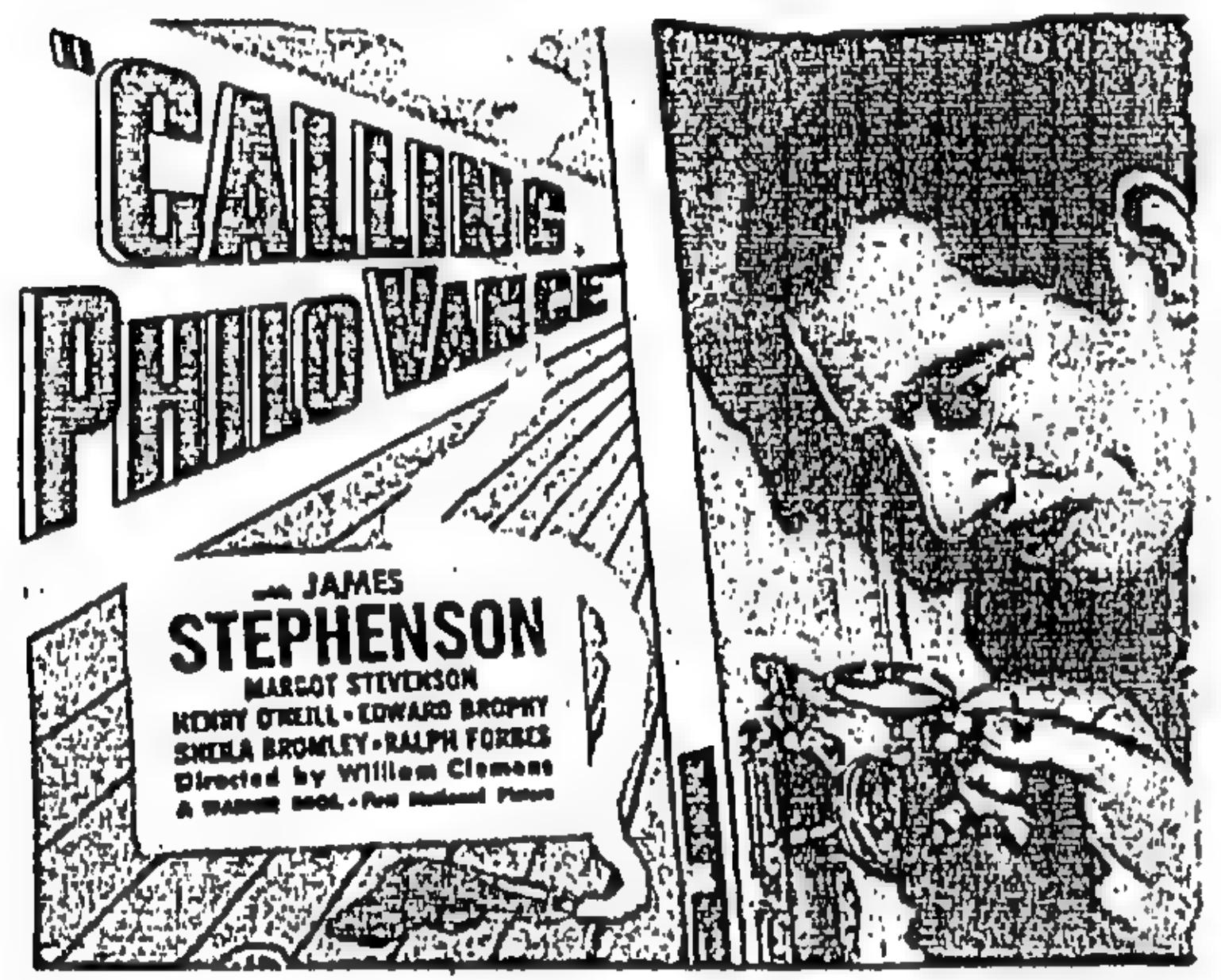


FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

HERE'S A REAL FAST ACTION DETECTIVE THRILLER!

You'll see the screen's most popular sleuth in his latest sensational adventure.

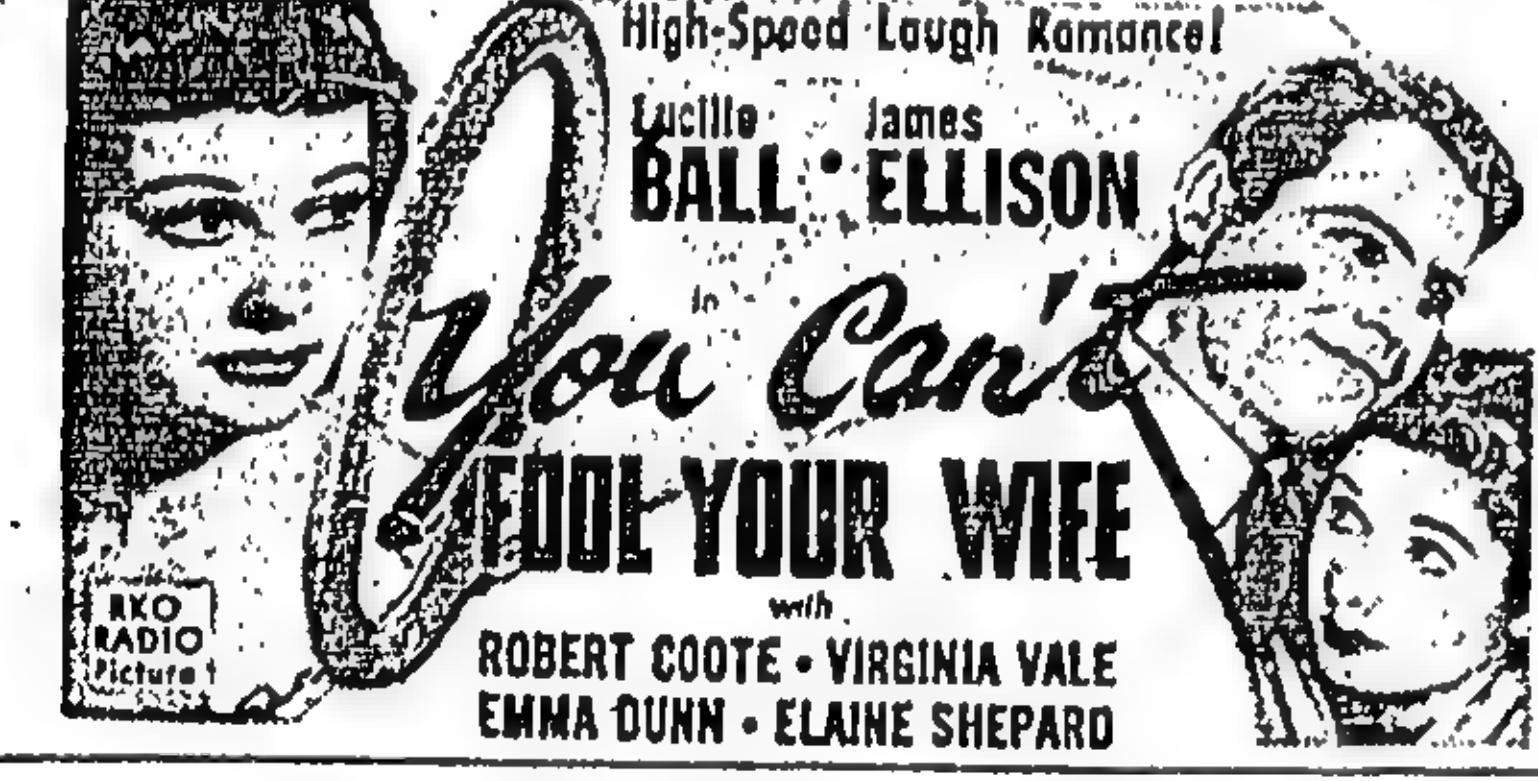
A PERFECT CRIME THAT JUST MISSED BY A HAIR!

FRI. SECON CHORUS Fred Astaire  
SAT. SECON CHORUS Paulette Goddard  
MATINEES: 30c, 40c. EVENINGS: 30c, 40c, 55c, 70c.

TO-DAY &amp; TO-MORROW

LAUGH with the wife who tried to trap her hubby

—and found herself trapped... in his arms!



FRIDAY: "THE GREAT PROFILE"

SATURDAY: John Barrymore - Mary Beth Hughes

**SOBRANIE**  
HAND MADE RUSSIAN CIGARETTES**C. INGENOHL'S**  
CIGAR STORES  
LA PERLA DEL ORIENTE

Wednesday,

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

**MOSCOW HARDLY SCATHED**

→ FROM PAGE ONE

slows were observed near the Kremlin, the Germans likening the raid to the "heaviest deal on targets of military importance in Britain."

**Leningrad Raid Fails**

TOKYO, July 22 (UPI).—Today's communiqué states that the German Luftwaffe tried to bomb Leningrad twice but the Russian defenders intercepted them.

**L.C.C. Sympathy**

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Mr C. G. Atkinson, Chairman of the London County Council, has sent the following telegram to the Chairman of the Soviet Union:

"On behalf of the people of London, I send sympathetic greetings to the people of Moscow in the wanton damage to their city. We share with you the hazards and dangers of these inhuman attacks."

**Stalin's Commandment**

TOKYO, July 22 (Reuter).—In an order of the day issued to-day in Moscow, M. Stalin, as Commissar for Defence, attributes the dispersal of the German air raiders to the vigilance of the Air Observation Service, night fighters, organised anti-aircraft fire and searchlight crews, while the fire-fighting brigade and city militia were also thanked.

Thanks to the measures taken by these organisations, said M. Stalin, the order of the enemy planes was upset, only isolated planes penetrating to the capital.

**Strong Force Smashes Nazi Plants**

→ FROM PAGE ONE

an aircraft flying well above 12,000 feet.

**"V" Lights Seen**

Lights in the shape of "V's" were seen by R.A.F. pilots while over France, Holland and Belgium last night, adds the Air Ministry.

A report to this effect by one of the British crews on their return from France was at first received with a sceptical smile by the interrogation officer. But other crews had also seen this and other "V's" both in France and the Low Countries.

The crews said that they were not anything like the lights of aerodromes. One "V" was made by white lights enclosed in circles of red lights and another by five yellow lights in each arm. They varied between 12 and 50 feet in length but a "V" in Belgium seemed to be about 100 yards long and made continuous lines of lights "like a neon sign," as the pilot, who reported it, said.

**Germans Attack Ports**

TOKYO, July 22 (Reuter).—A German High Command communiqué states that in the waters around England, German bombers scored direct hits on two large freighters.

Others attacked harbour installations in southeast England.

In the attempted enemy sweeps over the Channel coast, says the communiqué, six British fighters were brought down by German fighters.

British bombers dropped high explosive and incendiary bombs at various places in southwest Germany, killing and wounding some civilians. Mostly, houses were damaged or destroyed.

Anti-aircraft artillery shot down one attacking bomber.

**London Disquiet At Indo-China**

→ FROM PAGE ONE

from the Far East, Japanese Military Attachés being the only foreign military people allowed to visit the Russian front. Their reports, it is credibly stated in Washington, reflect admiration for the manner in which the Red Army is being used, adding that it holds a line as long as possible and withdraws it in reasonable order, then attacks the German flanks and often the rear as well.

**Leningrad And Kiev**

Japanese observers are quoted as saying that these movements are "beautifully executed."

While they are said to express the belief that Leningrad and Kiev will be occupied and that the Germans will eventually reach Moscow, they are stated to hold the view that the bulk of the Red Army will withdraw as a fighting force to the east of the Soviet capital.

**Berlin Bitter At Bolivia**

TOKYO, July 22 (Reuter).—Authoritative quarters in Berlin state that the German Government yesterday sent a sharp note of protest to the Bolivian Government on its behaviour to the German Minister there, states the official German news agency.

**Charge d'Affaires Leaving**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—The Bolivian Legation told the "United Press" to-day that the Charge d'Affaires is leaving Berlin to-day "after being recalled by the Bolivian government."

**BOMBS ON SUEZ**

CAIRO, July 22 (Reuter).—There was an air raid on the Suez Canal early this morning, the Ministry of the Interior announces.

A few bombs were dropped, causing no casualties, just only slight damage.

The alarm was also sounded in other parts of the delta.

**TYphoon Troubles Tokyo**

→ FROM PAGE ONE

RECORD RAINFALL  
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TOKYO, July 23 (Domel).—Fair weather is promised some time today by the Central Meteorological Observatory which predicted yesterday that the centre of the season's first typhoon would have swept past the metropolitan area by midnight that night, leaving in its wake a gentle rain gradually giving place to clear skies. Moving northward at 10 miles per hour, the typhoon was expected to strike the Kanto region shortly before midnight.

Meanwhile, the 27-inch rainfall during the four days from July 19 constitutes a new record for Tokyo. Reports up to 10.30 p.m. indicated that at least 12,000 homes in Tokyo and the surrounding districts were flooded, but no heavy casualties are reported thanks to the special precautions taken during the long rainy night.

Tramcars and subways in the Tokyo area are operating as usual in the intermittent blasts and downpour, but the streets are largely deserted. At 10.20 p.m., it was announced that one person had been killed and five seriously injured in Tokyo as a result of the storm.

**Traffic Disrupted**

TOKYO, July 22 (UP).—Virtually all trains out of Tokyo have been discontinued on account of floods and landslides resulting from a typhoon.

The typhoon swerved away from Tokyo itself and hit Shizuoka. It is expected to pass into the Japan Sea, thus clearing the weather. There is uneasiness in Tokyo regarding the extent of the damage caused, regarding which no details are yet available.

**Younger G.O.C.s For Britain Two Changes**

TOKYO, July 22 (UP).—Two changes in Army commands at home, both involving the appointment of younger generals, were announced by the War Office recently.

The changes are:

Lt.-Gen. Laurence Carr, 55, to be General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Eastern Command, in succession to Lt.-Gen. Sir Guy C. Williams, 59.

Lt.-Gen. A. F. A. N. Thorne, 56, to be General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Scottish Command, in succession to Lt.-Gen. Sir Robert H. Carrington, 58.

Lt.-Gen. Carr spent 1937-38 in Palestine and Transjordan at a time when the British Army was being introduced to modern mobile warfare. He has been Army Instructor at the Imperial Defence College, Director of Staff Duties, and Assistant Chief of the Imperial General Staff.

Gen. Thorne also had experience in Palestine, commanding the 1st Infantry (Guards) Brigade. As Military Attache in Berlin from 1932-35 he saw the birth of the Nazi Army. He has been G.O.C. London District.

British bombers dropped high explosive and incendiary bombs at various places in southwest Germany, killing and wounding some civilians. Mostly, houses were damaged or destroyed.

Anti-aircraft artillery shot down one attacking bomber.

**New Vice-Minister Of Foreign Affairs**

TOKYO, July 22 (Reuter).—Mr Kumaichi Yamamoto, Director of the Bureau of East Asian Affairs, has been appointed Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, succeeding Mr Chuichi Ohashi.

On July 22, our forces were engaged in heavy fighting in the Petropavlovsk, Poltov, Smolensk and Stolmori directions. There were no essential changes in the position of the troops on the front.

"On July 22, our aircraft brought down 87 enemy planes. We lost 14 planes.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid. Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, the German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow.

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises.

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the fire brigade militia and also by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance 'Claimed'**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

On July 22, our forces were engaged in heavy fighting in the Petropavlovsk, Poltov, Smolensk and Stolmori directions. There were no essential changes in the position of the troops on the front.

"On July 22, our aircraft brought down 87 enemy planes. We lost 14 planes.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid. Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, the German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow.

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises.

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the fire brigade militia and also by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance 'Claimed'**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

On July 22, our forces were engaged in heavy fighting in the Petropavlovsk, Poltov, Smolensk and Stolmori directions. There were no essential changes in the position of the troops on the front.

"On July 22, our aircraft brought down 87 enemy planes. We lost 14 planes.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid. Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, the German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow.

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises.

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the fire brigade militia and also by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance 'Claimed'**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

On July 22, our forces were engaged in heavy fighting in the Petropavlovsk, Poltov, Smolensk and Stolmori directions. There were no essential changes in the position of the troops on the front.

"On July 22, our aircraft brought down 87 enemy planes. We lost 14 planes.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid. Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, the German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow.

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises.

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the fire brigade militia and also by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance 'Claimed'**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

On July 22, our forces were engaged in heavy fighting in the Petropavlovsk, Poltov, Smolensk and Stolmori directions. There were no essential changes in the position of the troops on the front.

"On July 22, our aircraft brought down 87 enemy planes. We lost 14 planes.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid. Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, the German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow.

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises.

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the fire brigade militia and also by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance 'Claimed'**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced



Manager  
"Hongkong Telegraph"  
Dollar T. 14, 22 Morning Post, Ltd.  
18, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.  
High Water : 23.03.  
Low Water : 16.26.

for The Sunday

1941

No. 16317

FOUNDED 1861

三拜禮 號三廿月七英港香

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1941.

日九廿月六

SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS  
\$10.00 PER ANNUM

FINAL EDITION

# Hongkong Telegraph.

GILMAN'S

for —



## GERMAN TIME-TABLE SLOWED DOWN BY AT LEAST 50 PER CENT.

By EDWARD BEATTIE

Special to the "Telegraph"

LONDON, JULY 22 (UP).—THERE IS NO DOUBT IN THE MINDS OF WELL-INFORMED EXPERTS IN LONDON THAT THE GERMAN TIME-TABLE HAS BEEN SLOWED DOWN BY AS MUCH AS 50 PER CENT. BY THE SOVIET RESISTANCE, AND NO REASON IS APPARENT HERE FOR BELIEVING THAT THE NAZIS DO NOT FACE A STILL VERY FORMIDABLE AND WELL-ARMED DEFENSIVE FORCE IN RUSSIA.

It is pointed out that the Germans have still to fulfil some of their confident predictions of ten days ago.

The Russian forces have apparently held them, at least for the time being, both along the Estonian Lake sector and the Karelian Isthmus, while it appears that the armies of the Leningrad Military District, one of the strongest in the world, have now entered the battle.

The German advance there was first slowed down and then held stock still by heavy counter-attacks.

## MOSCOW HARDLY SCATHED

Raid Causes Little Damage

Special to the "Telegraph"

MOSCOW, July 22 (UP).—Moscow experienced its first baptism of fire last night and early this morning and emerged scarcely scathed. En route to the subway station, "Palace of Soviets," the "U.P." correspondent saw the streets cleared of everybody except air wardens, nurses and policemen who were escorting people to the subway.

It was found that some 2,000 men and women and a few children were on the platform and rails quietly discussing the event. Unlike previous occasions, many brought blankets and coats and hurried to sleep.

Intensive anti-aircraft fire held the raiders at considerable distance. A tour through the central portions of the city revealed but little damage. There were a few wrecked houses. By 7 a.m. the capital had assumed its normal appearance.

### Ignored By Papers

Newspapers devoted only two short paragraphs to the air raid on page three indicating the official view that slight importance was attached to the raid.

Three hours after the raid, most traces of damage had disappeared although workmen here and there were still cleaning up. An incendiary bomb set fire to one building occupied by Britons, the staff of which co-operated with the municipal firemen and speedily extinguished the flames. Public utilities are functioning normally.

A heavy explosive bomb fell in Manege Square opposite the American Embassy leaving a deep crater.

### German Version

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—The first German mention of the Nazi air raid on Moscow was made early this afternoon by the official news agency reporting that bomber and dive-bomber formations participated, causing great destruction.

"In a series of raids lasting from early night till dawn, the German squadrons dropped high explosives of all calibres and thousands of incen-

TUR to Back Page, Column 4

In Central Sector  
In the central sector the Germans are still moving slowly forward and authoritative quarters say that it is quite possible their armoured forces are beyond Smolensk on both sides, but it is questionable how solid is their contact with the bulk of the mechanised army which is rolling up from the rear.

The situation is pictured much as it was originally west of Minsk, where deep panzer penetrations were made. The question then was whether the Russians could cut off the armoured spearhead before their own supply lines were cut by it. They failed in this to the extent that the panzers were not forced to retire and large concentrations of Russians were scattered beyond the possibility of withdrawal.

### Important Guerrilla

The same authoritative quarters credited the guerrilla tactics with a large role in the slowing down of the Germans, assuring a second phase of the blitz which took the Germans past Smolensk, Pskov and Novograd-Volynsk, but has not produced the decisive break-through which the Germans predicted.

It is a type of warfare to which the Russians are suited and the TURN to Back Page, Column 4

### Junk Robbery Reported

Angry Chinese merchants have lodged a complaint with the Police in which they alleged that the junk master who had loaded their \$20,000 cargo at Ping Chau, on Monday, in collusion with robbers with the result that cargo and junk are now missing.

Young Wong, one owner reported that cargo of Chinese medicine, wolfram ore and wood oil was loaded by several owners. Soon after the junk had left Ping Chau, which is well within British waters, robbery came alongside off Ha Fa and the Master of the junk and these newcomers put the crew into the sampans and sailed the junk away.

A variety of reasons provoked the strong opposition to the invasion of Russia among many of those nearest to Hitler. Whereas Goering feared to see the Luftwaffe crippled, high Foreign Office and industrial circles believed that an invasion would destroy the Soviet gooses which laid golden eggs in the shape of much-needed trade deliveries.

Military circles showed a divided front, many through expert knowledge of Soviet conditions fearing the worst.

The most enterprising blitzkrieg General List, von Reichenau and TURN to Back Page, Column 3

**BOMBER FUND DONATION**

A cheque for \$1,072.05 for the Bomber Fund has been received from Mr. C. F. Hyde, Chairman of the YMCA Swimming Section. This represents the net proceeds of the A.N.S. versus H.K.V.D.C., Nursing Detachment Swimming Gala, which recently proved such an outstanding success.

## Reason For Cancelling Black-Out

Hot Weather Causes Inconvenience

The inconvenience caused to the public by the trying weather conditions is one of the considerations prompting the Director of Air Raid Precautions to call off the black-out exercises which have taken place during the past two nights and which were due to be continued to-night.

The cancellation of the exercises was officially announced this morning, and subsequently, in explaining the reasons for the decision, Wing-Commander A.H.S. Steele-Perkins told the "Telegraph" that on the whole, the objects of the exercise had been realised.

"I am a hard taskmaster," he added, "and the exercise has not given me complete satisfaction, but, considering the hot weather, it has been decided not to inconvenience the public further by extending the exercise."

A.R.P. personnel who have been detailed for blackout duties to-night and on the succeeding nights need not now report for duty.

## Strong Bomber Force Smashes Nazi Plants

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Describing last night's raids on Germany, the Air Ministry states that a strong force of aircraft did great execution among industrial buildings in Frankfurt-on-Main and Mannheim.

An important railway yard was the focus of attack at Frankfurt, which is one of the chief commercial centres of Germany and lies at a strategic point on the great trade routes between the north and south.

The crew of one aircraft said that they saw an explosion which destroyed a large building.

"Many fires in the yard were reported as well. Elsewhere in the town and especially in the neighbourhood of the



The Luftwaffe made a comparatively unsuccessful attempt to attack Moscow on Monday night, the damage caused being very slight. Here is a Moscow view.

## London Disquiet At Outlook In Indo-China

Special to the "Telegraph"

LONDON, July 22 (UP).—Authoritative circles to-day described as "rather disquieting" the news that Mr Chuichi Ohashi, Vice Secretary of Foreign Affairs—who early in July assured Ambassador Craigie that Japan did not intend to attack Indo-China—is among the latest high officials of the Japanese Government to resign.

They also termed as "disquieting" the continued Japanese press attacks on the Indo-China administration.

Significant LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—There is no definite news from the Far East in authoritative quarters in

London but it is significant that the disquieting rumours regarding Japanese intentions concerning Indo-China continue notwithstanding changes in the Japanese Cabinet, says "Reuter's" Diplomatic Correspondent.

In this regard it is noteworthy that Mr Ohashi, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, who gave Sir Robert Craigie the most categorical assurances regarding the purity of Japanese intentions in Indo-China, has been relieved of his office at his own request.

**Base For New Drive**  
CHUNGKING, July 22 (Reuter).—The possibility that Japan may shortly launch a new drive in an attempt to cut the Burma Road while awaiting clarification of the international situation before deciding on a north or south expansion is being discussed here.

The present Japanese negotiations with Indo-China are probably connected with the forthcoming drive since Japan is expected to use Indo-China as the base for an attack.

Chinese opinion further contends that Japan may push northward from Laotai along the railway towards Kunming or westward into Burma or both.

Japanese troop withdrawals from various fronts in China and the sighting of a Japanese convoy moving southward from Canton are attracting considerable attention here.

**Sumita Meets Decoux**  
TOKYO, July 22 (Reuter).—The head of the Japanese Military Mission in Indo-China, Major-General Sumita, called on Admiral Decoux, Governor-General of Indo-China, this evening for a talk lasting an hour, according to a Hanoi telegram.

Another meeting is expected tomorrow which will be the third on successive days.

**Siberia Safe At Present**  
WASHINGTON, July 22 (Reuter).—Despite reports of Japanese troop movements to the north from China in the direction of Outer Mongolia and Siberia, well-informed Washington circles do not believe that Japan intends any immediate attack on Siberia.

It is felt that she is more likely to move to establish herself more firmly in Indo-China to be ready for any further promising developments.

It is similarly believed that such troops are moving north in conformity with a policy of watchful waiting in readiness to strike should Russia completely collapse before the German onslaught and should this result in a breakdown of the Russian Eastern army.

**Japanese Admiration**  
Japan, however, does not appear to expect such a collapse. The only TURN to Back Page, Column 3

## JAPAN TO MOVE IN NORTH?

SHANGHAI, July 22 (Reuter).—An early Japanese move against Siberia is believed likely by well-informed Russian circles here. The opinion is held that should anything happen in Indo-China, it would be in the nature of a smoke-screen of the activities on the Manchurian border.

## LATEST

### U.S. Attitude To Japan & N.E.I.

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TOKYO, July 23 (UP).—The San Francisco correspondent of the "Nichi Nichi" says that 52 per cent. of the American nation favours war against Japan in the event of a Japanese invasion of the Netherlands East Indies, whereas the majority favour war against Germany in the event of Germany attacking Brazil.

Military circles showed a divided front, many through expert knowledge of Soviet conditions fearing the worst.

The most enterprising blitzkrieg General List, von Reichenau and TURN to Back Page, Column 3

### BOMBER FUND DONATION

A cheque for \$1,072.05 for the Bomber Fund has been received from Mr. C. F. Hyde, Chairman of the YMCA Swimming Section. This represents the net proceeds of the A.N.S. versus H.K.V.D.C., Nursing Detachment Swimming Gala, which recently proved such an outstanding success.

See Back Page For Further Late News

## Nazis Disappointed At Laval Being Ignored

Special to the "Telegraph"

VICHY, July 22 (UP).—As Admiral Darlan and M. Pierre Pucheu, the new Minister of Interior, opened their new Paris office, the Paris press vigorously attacked the Vichy "patched up" Cabinet, demanding a Government of action in place of a "waiting" Cabinet.

The attack by the German-controlled press was Pucheu's delayed answer to Admiral Darlan's promotion of M. Pucheu to M. Laval's former post as Minister of Home Affairs to which the Parisian editors had hoped to see the former Vice-Premier recalled.

Admiral Darlan opened the permanent Vice-Premier's office in Paris at Matignon Palace which was vacated by Comte de Brunon over the weekend when he moved the Government's general delegation to the Ministry of Interior. Palace in the Place Beauvau. M. Pucheu has installed his own Paris branch of the Ministry of Interior in the same building on the Place Beauvau as the Government prepared to widen its position in the capital without weakening any of its lay-out in Vichy.

Jean Luchaire, who usually writes exactly what the German occupation authorities think, pretends to believe that President Roosevelt will soon order the American navy and marines to occupy the Azores, Cape Verde and Dakar, and perhaps even to storm French Morocco. M. Luchaire pretends that the present patched-up Vichy Cabinet is not strong enough to face "such an American manager."

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words. \$2.50  
for 3 days prepaid

### SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED (temporarily) Accountant-Storekeeper on a civil engineering contract in the Public Works Department. Salary \$350 to \$450 a month inclusive according to experience. Probable duration 6 months. Application forms may be obtained from the Correspondence Office, Public Works Department, Lower Albert Road. Applications should be sent to the Director of Public Works not later than noon on Monday, 28th July, 1941.

### PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET. From August 1, six-roomed furnished house on Peak. Large garden. Write Box 600, "Hongkong Telegraph."

### FOR SALE.

**THE HONGKONG NATURALIST,** Vol. X nos. 3 and 4. Price \$4 (postage extra). Now on sale at South China Morning Post Ltd.

### COST OF LIVING

LONDON, July 22 (British Wireless).—A slight drop in the cost of living is reported by the Ministry of Labour.

On July 1 the official index was 90 points above the level of July, 1914, as compared with 100 points on May 31, 1941.

For food alone, the index figures were 67 points above the 1914 level.

### Senate Approves Shipping Bill

WASHINGTON, July 22 (Reuter).—The Senate unanimously and without debate passed and sent to the White House Bill authorising a \$545,000,000 expansion in naval, shipping, ship repair and ordnance facilities.

### The Hongkong Telegraph Eleventh Annual Amateur Photographic Competition

June—September, 1941.  
Two Silver Trophies Awarded by ILFORD LTD.

For the best and second-best entries. Three Silver Trophies Awarded by EASTMAN KODAK CO.

First Prizes in each of the three Sections.

\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250

### SECTION ONE

Interior scenes, Table Top and Still Life Studies. (Excluding portraiture, plants and flowers).

1st KODAK SILVER TROPHY

2nd \$40. 3rd \$30. 4th \$10

### SECTION TWO

Portraiture. 1st KODAK SILVER TROPHY

2nd \$40. 3rd \$30. 4th \$10

### SECTION THREE

Plants and Flowers. 1st KODAK SILVER TROPHY

2nd \$50. 3rd \$30. 4th \$10

### RULES

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

1.—The Competition is open to all British subjects.

2.—The entries awarded the Ilford Trophies for the best and second-best pictures in the Competition, will not be entitled to any other prize.

3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitors winning in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entrant must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be pasted on the back of every entry.

4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.

5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.

6.—No responsibility will be accepted for damage or loss of, or damage to entries.

7.—All entries to be either black, sepia, or toned pictures, and must be mounted. Coloured photographs are not accepted.

8.—Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.

9.—No picture to enter in more than one section.

10.—Mounts to be only white or cream, must be of one of the following sizes:—10x12, 16x20.

11.—No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.

12.—Members of the Staffs of the Hongkong Telegraph and the South China Morning Post are not permitted to compete.

13.—The decision of the Judges shall be final.

14.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

15.—The use of aliases is strictly forbidden.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### POWER OF ATTORNEY

Notice is hereby given that on account of transfer to other duties the Power of Attorney issued to Bayard Craig Lawrence, as District Manager for The Texas Company (China) Ltd., at Hongkong has been cancelled and recalled.

Similar Power of Attorney has been issued to Christopher Jenkins Livingston who has been appointed District Manager at Hongkong to succeed Bayard Craig Lawrence.

THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD.

By P. F. LEFEVRE,  
Managing Director,  
Hongkong, July 21, 1941.

#### APPEAL FOR FUNDS FOR ORTHOPAEDIC CENTRES IN FREE CHINA

At the request of Madam H. H. Kung and with the support of His Excellency the Governor and under the auspices of the British Fund for Relief of Distress in South China, an appeal is made for funds for the purpose of establishing and maintaining Orthopaedic Centres for disabled soldiers and civilians in China.

Cheques and donations may be sent to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. K. L. British Relief Fund for Distress in South China, Alexandra Building, marked Orthopaedic Appeal or to the British Relief Fund for Distress in South China, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, marked Orthopaedic Appeal.

#### FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN

##### What to do to help a child

Anyone knowing of a child who has been assaulted, neglected or ill-treated in a manner likely to cause unnecessary suffering or injury to health, or knowing of a parent who is seeking advice on any matter concerning a child, would be doing an act of kindness by communicating at once with

The Hon. General Secretary, HK.S.P.C., Old City Hall, The Inspector, 40, Pokfulam Road, 1st floor;

The Inspector, 82 Stone Nullah Lane, 2nd floor;

The Inspector, 12 Sai Yeung Choi St., Kowloon;

The Inspector, 52, Argyle St., Kowloon.

All further steps will be taken, and expenses borne, by the Society.

The Informant's name will be kept strictly private, except in cases where malice is proved.

#### NOTICE

##### DEFENCE REGULATIONS 1940

The following rates will be charged for mailing single copies of the following newspapers abroad:

South China Morning Post

China and Macao 10 cents per copy

British Empire and Foreign 25 cents per copy

The Hongkong Telegraph

China and Macao 16 cents per copy

British and Foreign 20 cents per copy

25 cents Saturdays.

#### NAZI SWAGGER

#### Moscow In A Month: Leningrad "In Time"

TOKYO, July 23 (Reuter).—The prediction that "within a month, the swastika will be flying over Moscow" was made by Lieutenant Colonel Wilhelm Nenz, the German Military Attaché, in a statement to the press on the first month's fighting against Russia.

The fall of Leningrad, he said, according to the "Domei" Agency, was a "matter of time."

The fighting will reach its peak in about a fortnight's time, he predicted, and referred to the bombing of Moscow as proof that "Germany has already won air supremacy."

As for the United States, Colonel Nenz asserted: "Germany naturally has made allowances for the possibility of the United States participating in the war."

The landing of American forces on Iceland, he said, "in fact constitutes participation."

#### Axis Officials' Press Leave Chungking

CHUNGKING, July 22 (Central News).—The Italian Charge d'Affaires Pier Pasquale Spinelli, and Signora Spinelli were escorted to Leningrad on the Indo-China border by an official of the Foreign Office from Liuchow in Kwangsi, and the last batch of Axis diplomats consisting of three members of the German Embassy and an attaché of the Italian Embassy are leaving Chungking on July 26 for Liuchow en route to Indo-China.

It is understood that Baron Leopold von Plessen, Counsellor of the German Embassy, has been transferred to Bangkok, while Herr Heinrich North, Second Secretary of the German Embassy, is entering business in Indo-China.

Dr Hans Bidder, Director of the Far Eastern Division of the Wilhelmstrasse, and Herr Wolfe Schenck, Chungking correspondent of the Deutsche Machrichten Bureau left for Kweihsien by a Eurasia plane last Saturday en route to Shanghai via Indo-China.

Please use block letters and paste one of these forms on back of each Entry.

#### ENTRY FORM

NAME .....

SECTION .....

ADDRESS .....

#### Prison Sentence For Indian

Amar Singh, Indian Police Constable B27, was found guilty by a Jury at the Criminal Sessions this morning on a charge of malfeasance wounding of another Indian constable, Adit Singh, B384, at Recitation Street, Mongkok, on June 8.

Accused was sentenced to 15 months' hard labour by the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, before whom the case was heard.

The Jury found Accused not guilty on a count of wounding Adit Singh with intent.

Mr K. A. Bidmead, Superintendent of Police in charge of the Indian contingent, said that Accused had been member of the Force since 1932. He had a bad record.

In sentencing Accused, his Lordship remarked that he was lucky he had only been found guilty by the Jury on the lesser count. Accused's complete loss of self-control was much worse than that of the ordinary man in the street.

## Gandhi Will Not Oppose Indian Executive Council

BOMBAY, July 22 (Reuter).—Gandhi in an interview at Wardha told "Reuter's" that the announcement of the expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council and establishment of the National Defence Council "does not affect the stand taken by Congress nor does it meet the Congress demand."

Replying to a further question, he said: "I can at once say that I have no authority to prevent members of the All-India Congress Committee from doing anything they wish to do. The authority given me by the All-India Congress Committee does not permit my interference with the fullest freedom of its members and in any case the body that gave me authority can at any time refuse it or withdraw it."

Mr L. M. Amery

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Mr Amery described those who had joined the Viceroy's Executive Council as a "team of ability and experience which it would be difficult to rival in India or, indeed, elsewhere."

They were, he declared, men with administrative, political and business experience and personal ability. The Viceroy's War Council would be very much stronger for their inclusion. They would in the fullest sense share in the collective responsibility and statutory responsibility of the Executive Council as well as direct the important departments which had been entrusted to them.

The aim, said Mr Amery, was to increase the efficiency of the Government and to make full use of the reservoirs of Indian ability and vast and hitherto insufficiently tapped patriotism.

Britain's Desire

Measures "marking a change in spirit if not in the letter of the Indian constitution" were an earnest of the British Government's desire to transfer to Indian hands a steadily increasing share in India's destiny.

"The National Defence Council will be very far from being a body of 'Yes men.'

At a meeting of the Council the members would be informed in confidence of the affairs which they would discuss with the Viceroy and in turn they would put forward their own suggestions. After the meeting they would return to their provinces and confer with their representatives. In this way it was hoped that there would be a continual contact between the Viceroy and his executive on the one hand and the provincial and State Governments, local war committees and war committees, industrial organisations at once with

The typhoon was expected to strike the Kanto region shortly before midnight.

Meanwhile, the 27-inch rainfall during the four days from July 10 constitutes a new record for Tokyo. Reports up to 10.30 p.m. indicated that at least 12,000 homes in Tokyo and the surrounding districts were flooded, but no heavy casualties are reported thanks to the special precautions taken during the long rainy spell.

Trams and subways in the Tokyo area are operating as usual in the intermittent blasts and downpour, but the streets are largely deserted. At 10.20 p.m. it was announced that one person had been killed and five seriously injured in Tokyo as a result of the storm.

Traffic Disrupted

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH". TOKYO, July 22 (UP).—Virtually all trains out of Tokyo have been discontinued on account of floods and landslides resulting from a typhoon.

The typhoon swerved away from Tokyo itself and hit Shizuoka. It is expected to pass into the Japan Sea, thus clearing the weather. There is uneasiness in Tokyo regarding the extent of the damage caused, regarding which no details are yet available.

The Yodogawa Ward of Tokyo was one of the hardest hit by the floods due to it being in a low-lying area. All school classes have been suspended.

Venerable newspapers reported that Kasumigaura Lake, 60 miles northeast of Tokyo is flooded and that army officials are aiding in the like-side town of Tsuchiura with a population of about 40,000.

One Woman On Council

The 22 representatives from British India on the Defence Council have been named.

The representatives of Indian states will all be princes with the possible exception of Hyderabad, and the Viceroy has invited nine to sit in rotation, nine at each meeting.

British India representatives include one woman, the Begum Shah Nawaz, who was a member of the Round Table Conference of the Joint Select Committee.

Mixed Reception

BOMBAY, July 22 (Reuter).—The announcement of the expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council and the establishment of a National Defence Council has been given a mixed reception by the Indian press and Party leaders.

While Mr Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, welcomes the step, Mr M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, says that it is to be most deeply regretted. It will not, he says, secure the whole-hearted, willing and genuine support of Muslim India for the simple reason that the persons chosen and nominated by the Viceroy are neither the real representatives of people nor will they command the confidence and trust of

The fighting will reach its peak in about a fortnight's time, he predicted, and referred to the bombing of Moscow as proof that "Germany has already won air supremacy."

As for the United States, Colonel Nenz asserted: "Germany naturally has made allowances for the possibility of the United States participating in the war."

The landing of American forces on Iceland, he said, "in fact constitutes participation."

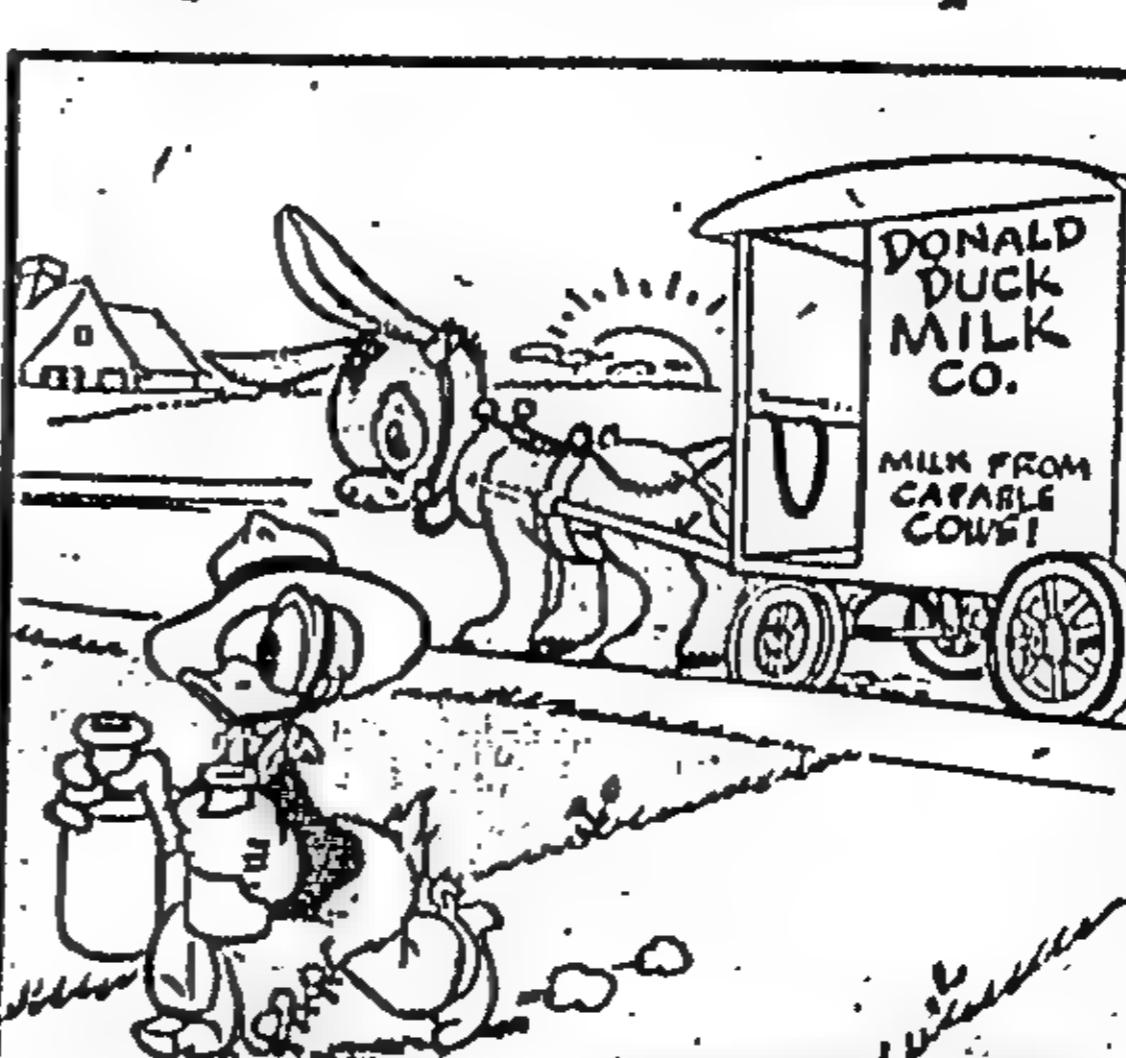
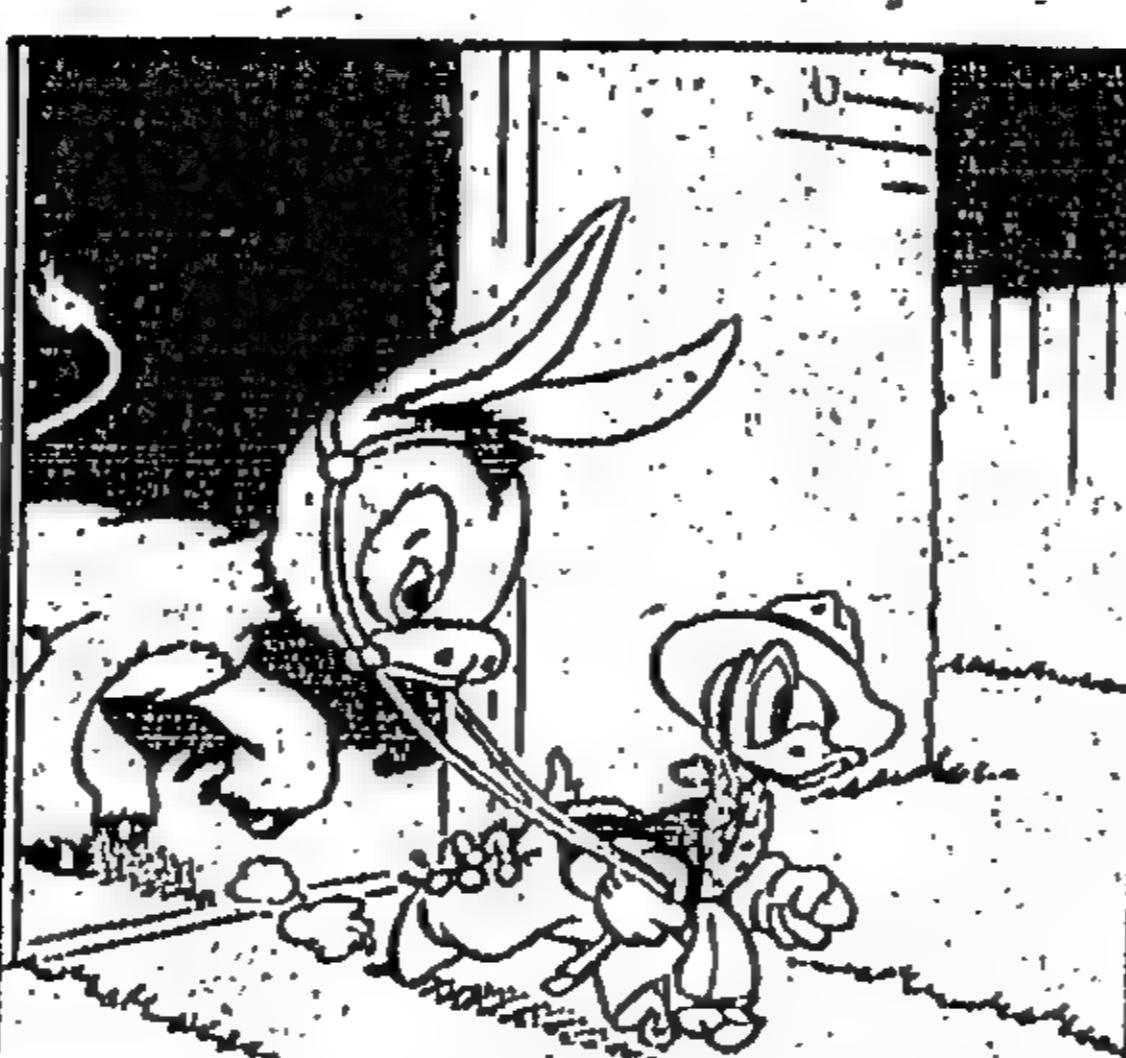
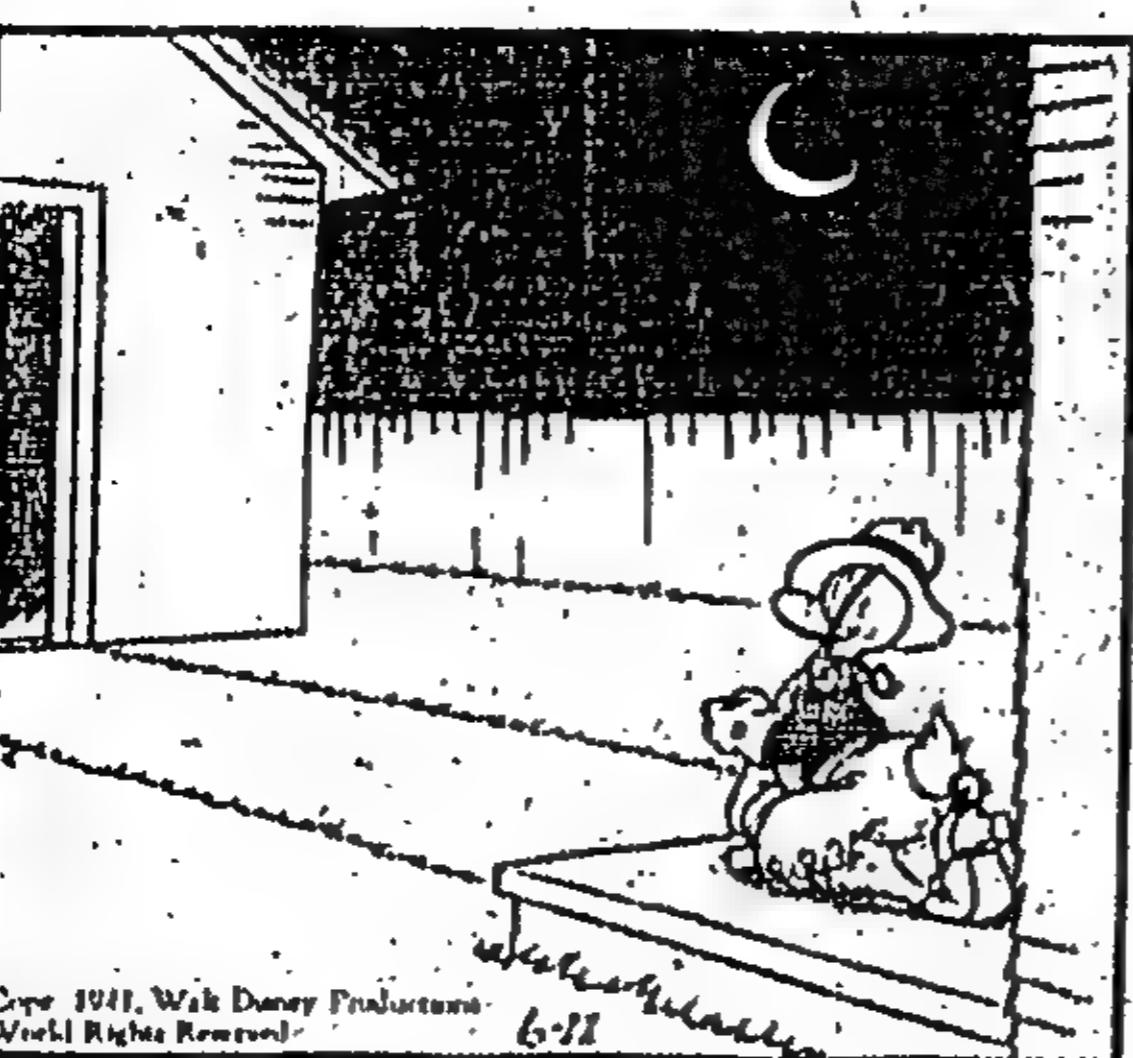
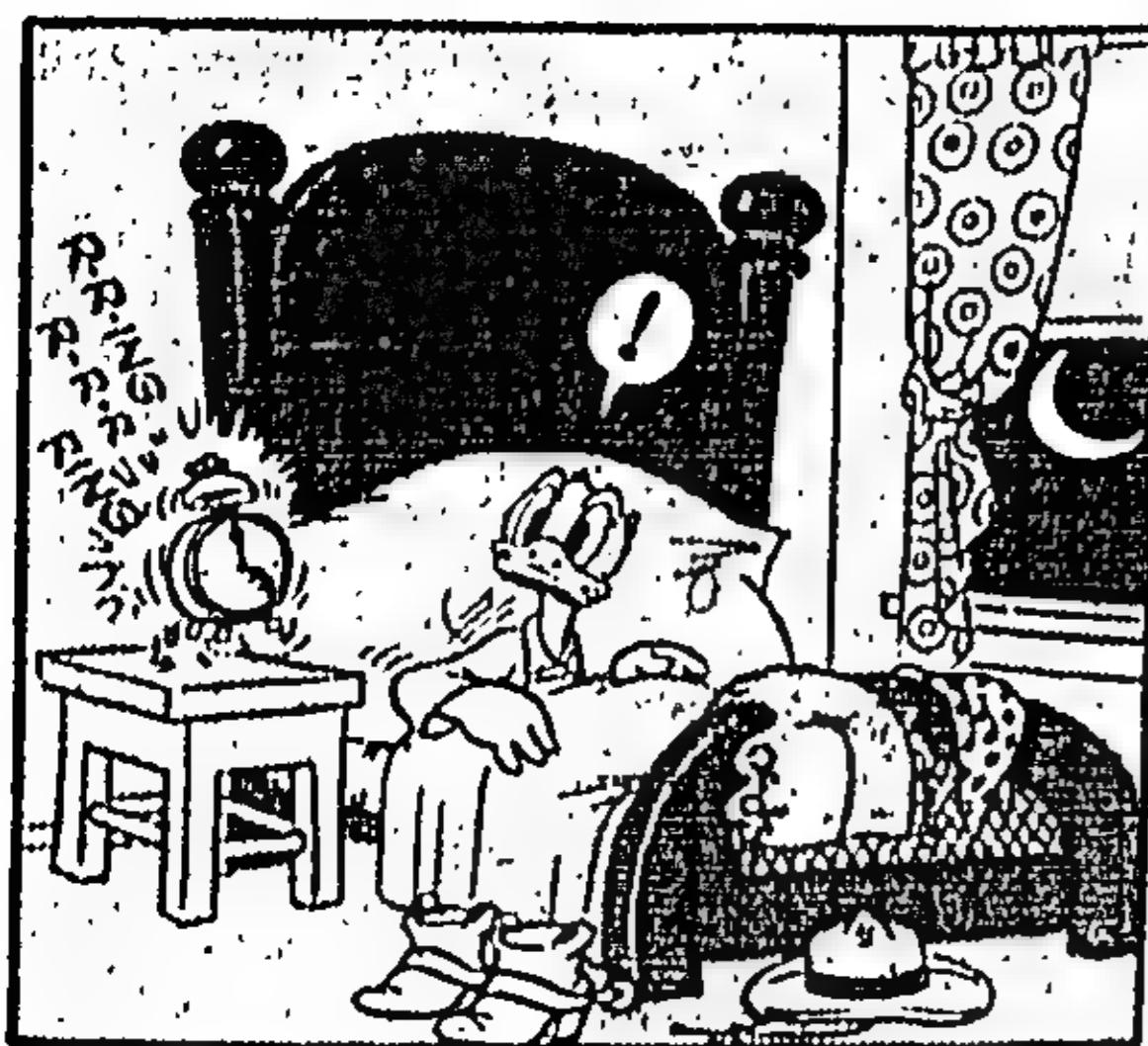
Mr Savarkar says that it is a step in the right direction but that it is, as usual, belated and halting.

The vernacular newspaper, "Amrita Bazar Patrika" of Calcutta says: "The reconstituted Cabinet is neither fish flesh nor good red herring. It is therefore not clear what particular object this Cabinet would serve."

Amar Singh, Indian Police Constable B27, was found guilty by a Jury at the Criminal Sessions this morning on a charge of malfeasance wounding of another Indian constable, Adit Singh, B384, at Recitation Street, Mongkok, on June 8.

Accused was sentenced to 15 months' hard labour by the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, before whom the case was heard

## DONALD DUCK



By Walt Disney

TRY  
"PRIMULA"  
NORWEGIAN  
**CREAM CHEESE**  
DELICACIES

3 (2 oz.) pkts. ....	\$1.40
1 (2 oz.) pkt. ....	.50

IN THE FOLLOWING FLAVOURS  
TOMATO - CELERY - CURRY - HAM -  
CARAWAY, also PLAIN  
YOU WILL BE DELIGHTED WITH THEIR  
PIQUANT FLAVOUR

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.



Blonde, beautiful . . . and balmy—that's Dulcy, the adorable dumb-belle whose misadventures have amused millions of theatre-goers. One of the most popular characters created by the famous American playwrights, George S. Kaufman and Marc Connelly, Dulcy is soon to be seen on the screen in Hongkong in the picture of the same name. Dulcy mixes millionaires and maniacs, ruins the sale of an invention and breaks up three romances (including her own). Start reading about her misadventures below.

"Miss Dulcy" calmly emerging from the cellar below completed the tableau.

There was a loud grumbling report. The whole house seemed to shiver. A section of the banister along the balcony teetered fitfully and fell. The servants stood transfixed.

"Earthquake!", cooed Miss Dulcy in sincere ingenuousness and wide-eyed wonder.

Dulcy Ward's amazing personality was a subject of continued discussion among all those who knew her. Few weeks passed that she made no contribution to her "ense history". She had lots of time and money to follow whatever whim engrossed her. Her friends observed two outstanding generalities. Whatever she did was in sincere effort to help somebody else—and whatever effort she expended usually produced exciting results contrary to her original expectations. "Not a 'busbody,'" the diagnosticians concluded. "Her heart is where her brain should be."

The servants in the comfortable home she occupied with her brother Bill knew the boiler was going to blow up the minute Dulcy tried to fix it!

Certainly as Dulcy stood there that morning and murmured "Earthquake!" there was nothing about her to suggest the busy-body. She was as quiet, calm, and entirely feminine as she was girlishly lovely to look at. Smudges on her frock—where she had "fixed" the boiler—had done nothing to detract from the charm which won—and kept—for her a place in the affections of everyone she encountered, no matter what embarrassing results her efforts to help them brought about.

Brother Bill's bath would be rudely disturbed. There would be plumbers' and carpenters' bills to pay. But one couldn't live with Dulcy and keep harkling back to the past—no matter how annoying—or recent—it was. Bill didn't have to ask questions; he knew exactly what had happened.

"What are you fussing around with the boiler for anyway?" he exclaimed. "Look at you—you're filthy! Why aren't you dressing?"

**MISS DULCY'S** fixing the boiler!

True, there was a measure of excitement in the usually sedate manner of the butler as he made this simple declaration and raced through the kitchen into the outside peace and quiet of a late summer morning in uptown New York. But not enough excitement to explain in itself the consternation it caused. The cook dropped the bowl she was using, the chambermaid and the chauffeur fairly leapt from the table at which they had been eating—and fled—after Huggins with cries akin to terror.

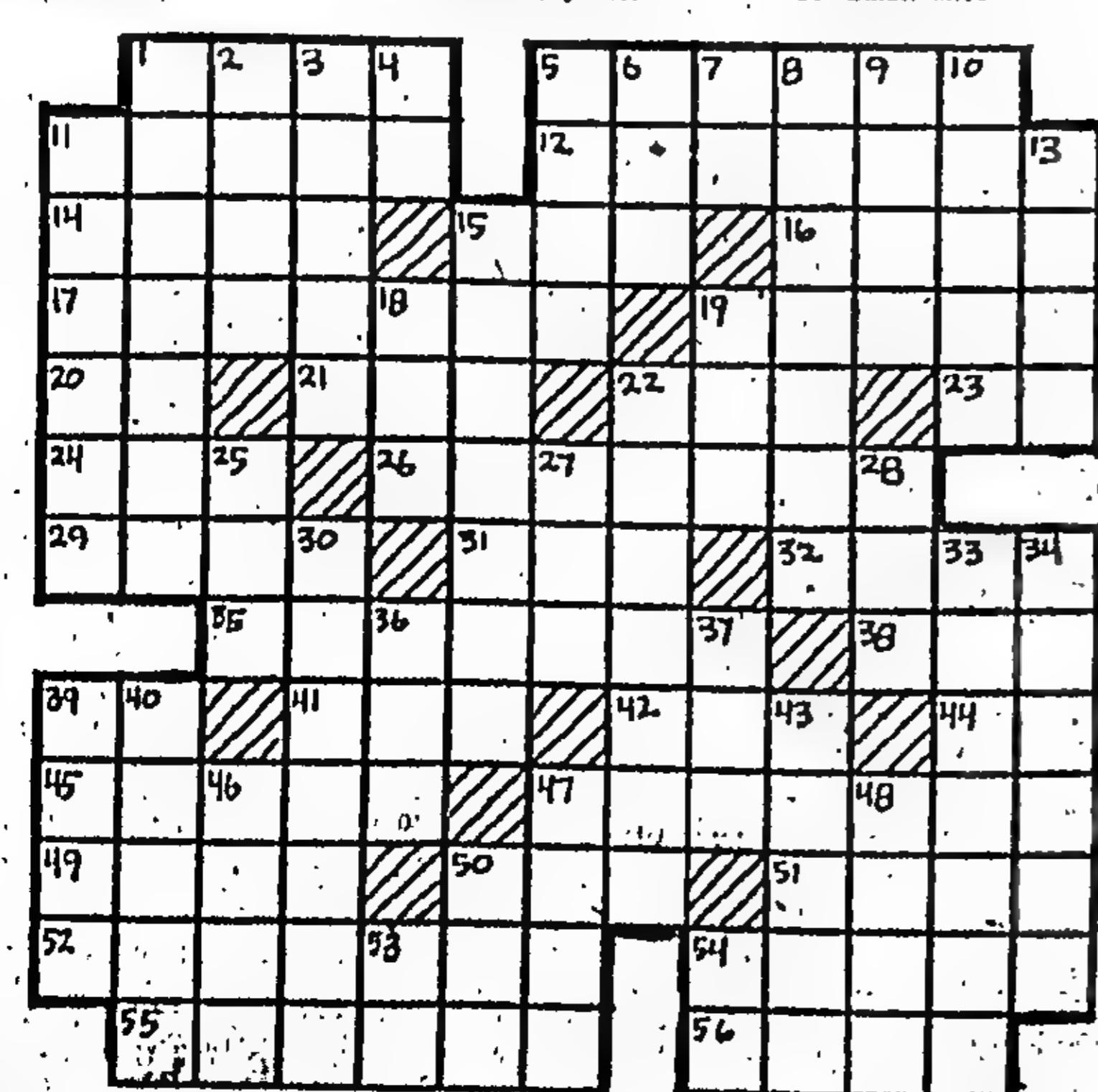
An apparition appearing on the balcony above checked them momentarily in their flight.

"What the devil's going on?", Bill Ward shouted. A bathrobe clutched about him was his only claim to decency.

**Crossword Puzzle**

By LARS MORRIS

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE									
1-Darby in stream	2-Death notice	3-Gallows	4-And (French)	5-Hair	6-Nod	7-Near	8-Otherwise	9-Otherwise	10-Prophets
11-Glass container	12-Goat	13-Work	14-Dull-colored	15-Harponeer	16-Songster	17-Try	18-Tea	19-Short poem	20-Chinese measure
21-Owning	22-Indigenous language	23-Hydrangea	24-Produce eggs	25-Common story	26-Hunken rock	27-Prized	28-Cycled	29-Label	30-Teacher's degree
31-Aged	32-Stamp	33-Look	34-Small bottle	35-Battered	36-Embossed	37-Scratches	38-Hazardous	39-Benjamin	40-Alfred's
41-Handicraft	42-Wife	43-Look	44-Small bottle	45-Handicraft	46-Embossed	47-Scratches	48-Hazardous	49-Down	50-With unequal sides
51-Overalls	52-Habits of another planet	53-Substantive	54-Small shot	55-Habits of another planet	56-Small shot	57-Substantive	58-Substantive	59-Substantive	60-Substantive

**CONTRACT BRIDGE**

By JOSEPHINE GILBERTSON

**There Are No "Free" Doubles**

THE best criterion of a penalty double is whether it can be countered by a successful redouble. There are other important factors, of course, such as "placing" key cards for declarer's guidance, but the great danger is that the opponent, by redoubling, may roll up a huge score. West, in to-day's hand, learned that a so-called "free double" is often very expensive.

South dealer.  
Both sides vulnerable.

♦ A Q J 4  
V 10 6  
Q K 10 5  
♦ 8 7

♦ K 10 5  
V A Q J 4  
Q 9 4  
♦ K J 10 8

V 7 6  
Q K 9  
♦ A Q 8 2  
V A Q 8 2

N  
W E  
S  
♦ J 9 6 2  
♦ 9 6 2

♦ 8 7 6 2  
V 7 6  
Q K 9 8  
♦ A Q 4 3

♦ 8 7 5 4  
V 7 6  
Q K 9 8 4  
♦ 10 9 8 7

♦ 8 7 5 4  
V 7 6  
Q K 9 8 4  
♦ 10 9 8 7

The bidding:  
South West North East  
1 0 1 2 Pass 1 ♠ Pass  
2 ♠ Pass 3 ♠ Pass  
3 NT Dbl. Redbl. Pass  
Pass Pass

One of the remarkable features of this hand was that, despite the eventual result, North did not have a good redouble of three notrump. He already had shown a good hand by his free bid of one spade and his subsequent "better-than-a-preference bid" of three diamonds over two clubs (one of the danger signals which West failed completely to observe). West, after much pondering, decided to open the queen of hearts. Declarer won and immediately took a spade finesse. When the jack held, he ran off every diamond. On the last three rounds West began to get

South dealer.  
Both sides vulnerable.♦ A 10 7 6  
V Q K 6 2  
Q K 10 5  
♦ A 6♦ 9 8 5 2  
V 7 6  
Q K 7 5 4  
♦ 10 9 8 7N  
W E  
S  
♦ J 9 8 4  
♦ 10 9 8 7♦ 8 7 5 4  
V 7 6  
Q K 9 8 4  
♦ A Q 4 3N  
W E  
S  
♦ 10 9 8 7♦ 8 7 5 4  
V 7 6  
Q K 9 8 4  
♦ 10 9 8 7

How should South play his seven spade contract? Opening lead, a club.

By Walt Disney

Wednesday, July 23, 1941.

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

July 23, 1941.

3 (2 oz.) pkts. .... \$1.40

1 (2 oz.) pkt. .... .50

IN THE FOLLOWING FLAVOURS

TOMATO - CELERY - CURRY - HAM -

CARAWAY, also PLAIN

YOU WILL BE DELIGHTED WITH THEIR

PIQUANT FLAVOUR

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

Ann Sothern  
as Dulcy

with fate, coincidence, or the Imps that possessed her to scramble a dozen lives!

DULCY had just been directed to where she might find the Forbeses when her attention was attracted by a cute little Chinese child in custody of a worried steamship attendant. The attendant was anxiously awaiting the arrival of one "Gordon Daly," 472 E. 32nd St., New York City, to whom the cute little pageant had been duly and properly addressed by the "American Red Cross, Shanghai, China," according to a tag attached to his colourful Oriental costume.

Dulcy was fondling the child when Mr. Daly, young and handsome, hurried to claim his consignment. The strange young lady seemed to have become a part of this unusual situation which had long made Mr. Daly somewhat ill at ease every time he thought of it—and he was hesitatingly volunteered an explanation. "I'm adopting him," he said. "His father was a classmate of mine. He died a couple of months ago."

"What beautiful thing to do!", was just the kind of gushing response Dulcy might have been expected to make.

"Come along, son," the benevolent foster father said as he tried to gather the youngster up in his arms. It must have been one of Dulcy's controlling Imps that made the youngster bite him. "Ouch, that little devil!" was not uttered with any great parental love.

"Why, Mr. Daly!" exclaimed Dulcy.

"He bit me," was the impatient retort.

The child clung to Dulcy's skirts. "Listen! I'm adopting him—and I'd like to get him home!" said Gordon petulantly.

"If he doesn't want to leave me," observed Dulcy delightedly. "May-be it isn't your face he dislikes—maybe he's hungry. I think I'd better go with him—just for his first meal!"

"Well, perhaps that would be a help—if it isn't too much trouble," replied Gordon good-naturedly.

"I'd love to—and I haven't a thing to do," was Dulcy's surprising answer. "My brother's getting married and he wanted me to meet the future family-in-law—but this is a lot more important!"

DULCY had the boy in her arms when she trailed past Mr and Mrs C. Roger Forbes, Miss Angela Forbes, and her husband—that-hoped-to-be, Mr. Bill Ward. Gordon Daly, quite obviously in interest, tagged on behind.

"Hello, Bill! Hello, everybody! Can't stop now," she shouted. "I feel as though I'd already met you all anyhow . . . Isn't he just too sweet?"

Angela spoke first when Dulcy, Gordon, and their Chinese orphan had vanished in the crowd. "You didn't tell me your sister was married," she said—and Bill felt a slight chill coming on.

"Oh, she isn't," he answered gaily.

Mrs. Forbes spoke next. "Who was that man—and child?" she asked.

"I never saw them before in my life," Bill replied.

The look all the Forbeses gave him—not excluding the already hostile tycoon—made him feel that at times there was little virtue in the plain unvarnished truth.

The picture features Ann Sothern, Jan Hunter, Roland Young, Billie Burke and Lynne Carver. Read about Dulcy's "big idea" in tomorrow's instalment.

**No Change In Policy Says Admiral Toyoda**

Special to the "Telegraph"

TOKYO, July 23 (Domei).—The Foreign Minister, Admiral Teijiro Toyoda, at his first conference with high officials of the Foreign Office on Tuesday afternoon emphasized that his policy will remain "absolutely unchanged" from that of his predecessor, Mr. Matsuoka.

Informed quarters attached importance to the withdrawal of resignation by Dr Kumataro Honda, Japanese Ambassador to China. These quarters said that this is proof of the immutability of Japan's policy toward China.

Pointing out that the new Foreign Minister, Admiral Toyoda, received on July 19 the German Ambassador, Major-General Eugen Ott, the Italian Ambassador, Sig. Mario Indelli, to affirm Japan's continuous adhesion to the tripartite pact, well-informed quarters expressed the belief that the fact that the Axis Ambassadors visited the Foreign Minister ahead of the customary receptions by the new Foreign Minister of foreign diplomatic envoys scheduled for July 25, is sufficient to forestall any possible talk of a change of Japan's foreign policy.

It is understood that Admiral Toyoda will confer with high officials of the Foreign Ministry three times a week and will also appoint successors to Mr. Toshio Shiratori and Mr. Yoshiya Saito who have resigned as Advisors to the Foreign Office.

**Assurance To Chinese****Eden's Statement**

CHUNGKING, July 22 (Central News).—Following the exchange of Notes between the British Ambassador, Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, and the Foreign Minister Dr Quo.

Sir Archibald's Note: "I have the honour to inform Your Excellency of instructions from His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, that in reply to a question in the House of Commons on July 9, Mr. Anthony Eden stated that the recognition of the Nanking Regime by the Axis Powers and their satellites will make no difference to the British policy in the Far East which is based on the recognition of the Chinese Government at Chungking as the legitimate National Government of China. Mr. Eden added that on July 7, the Chinese people entered the 8th year of their Indomitable resistance and he stated that he was happy to repeat the assurance he recently gave in the House of Commons that His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom would continue to do what they could to help China to maintain her independence."

"I am instructed to assure Your Excellency that this statement had the warmest support of all parties in Parliament."

**Dr Quo's Reply**

Foreign Minister Quo's reply: "I have the honour to state that the Chinese Government greatly appreciates the above definite pronouncement and reassurance on the part of the British Government which will strengthen the Chinese Government's determination to continue its resistance to aggression and further consolidate the ties of friendship subsisting between China and Great Britain."

They were received with some ceremonial and were escorted by the Swiss Guard to a library where they had a "long and cordial talk" with the Pope.

They later paid a visit to Cardinal Maglione, the Secretary of State.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek has sent a message of condolence to the family of Mr. Yang Yun-shih, noted Chinese poet and painter and former Chief Secretary to Marshal Wu Peifu, who passed away in Hongkong on July 15. The Generalissimo also remitted a sum of \$10,000 as a gift for the funeral expenses of the late Mr. Yang.

The message was transmitted to the Yang family through Mr. Tu Yuen-shen, member of the National Relief Commission and a close friend of the late Mr. Yang.

A touch of "Mischief" adds an air of charming chivalry to your outfit. With you, you're dressed for your first stepping out. This gay, sophisticated ensemble has a most unusual distinction and it always makes a first, intriguing impression on furs, trocks, undies or hankies.

SAVILLE'S

*Mischief*

APS COSMETIC SHOPPE

opposite HONGKONG HOTEL

**Fellowship**

# WATSON'S ORANGE SQUASH



Made From Fresh Juicy Oranges.

PREPARED BY A SPECIAL PROCESS WHICH ENSURES:  
FULL VITAMIN CONTENT.  
FRUIT CELLS UNDAMAGED.  
FLAVOUR FROM BOTH PULP AND RIND UNIMPAIRED.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.  
Manufacturers of High Class Aerated Waters & Cordials.  
ESTD. 1841.



You can give Castoria with confidence to all children—from babyhood to 11 years. Made especially and only for children, Castoria is mild and gentle, yet thorough—contains no harsh "adult" drugs. Children love its taste—mothers know it's safe.

## GIVE YOUR CHILDREN THE SAFE LAXATIVE THEY ENJOY TAKING

From babyhood to 11 years, all children love Castoria's wonderful taste—and you can give it with full confidence. Above all else Castoria is SAFE—it contains no harsh "adult" drugs which, when given even in small doses, are much too irritating for a child's delicate system. "Specialists say everything a baby gets should be made especially for him" even a special laxative.

Castoria is made especially and only for children

You couldn't ask for a safer, more effective laxative than Castoria. It's pure and really safe—no castor oil, no harmful or harsh drugs in Castoria. Mild enough for tiny systems Castoria acts gently, thoroughly without irritation or grip-

ing. You also avoid the danger of nervous upsets to your child's system, often caused by forcing him to take a bad tasting laxative. Castoria's taste is even made for children—they love it—take it willingly. When the younger members of the family show signs of catching cold, or have upset stomachs or are "bound up" inside, give them Castoria. Keep a bottle in your home always.

Where there are children, Castoria is needed. Economical, 12 doses or more in each bottle.

**CASTORIA**  
The SAFE laxative for children

## TO-MORROW AT THE KING'S

# FORTY THOUSAND HORSEMAN

MIGHTY CAST  
NETTY RYAN, ROBERT TAYLOR  
GLENDA FARRELL, JAMES ARTHUR  
ALVAN HARVEY ADAMS

CHARLES CHAUVEL'S

Count the  
"TELEGRAPHS"  
everywhere

## "PREST-O-LITE" YOUR NEXT BATTERY

NO BETTER ASSURANCE OF  
RELIABLE  
SERVICE

Than the Expressed Satisfaction  
Of Car Owners

### TYPES AVAILABLE

(Dry, uncharged)

6 VOLTS—13 & 15 PLATES  
12 VOLTS—7 PLATES

For further particulars apply

HONGKONG HOTEL  
GARAGE

Phone 27778-9 Stubbs Road

## The Hongkong Telegraph.

Wednesday, July 23, 1941.

Wyndham St., Hongkong

Telephone: 26015

THE prefix "Special to the Telegraph" is used by the "Hongkong Telegraph" to indicate news which is strictly copyright under the provisions of the Telecommunications Ordinance, 1936. Such news as bears the indication "UP" is received in Hongkong on the date of publication by the United Press Association, who reserve all rights and forbid republication, either wholly or in part without previous arrangement.

### WHAT HITLER FACES

IT has taken the world the better part of a decade to realise that Hitler's supreme objective in life has always been domination of the world. Europe scoffed at the notion until a year ago, and only to-day is the United States beginning to appreciate the ultimate menace of Nazism. So far, Hitler has been successful in subjugating the greater part of Europe, but it is obvious that he knows that until he has conquered Britain and disintegrated the British Empire, his mission will remain unfulfilled. His continental achievements are futile until Britain has been overcome; but this involves the task of obliterating the British navy; attempts have been made to this end, but they have failed miserably. It can, therefore, be reasonably claimed, that despite the overrunning of Central Europe, Hitler has to date lost the war.

Hitler's progress if considered on a world map in relation to land population of the Empire, United States and Russia, can be seen as no more than tactical successes against militarily weaker Powers, which has left Britain strategically stronger than she was a year ago. Britain's command of the seas, and the magnificent work of the R.A.F. have thwarted every effort by the Nazis to achieve their ultimate objective—the disruption of Britain and her Empire. The attempt to control the North Atlantic by the invasion of Norway, the subsequent plan of invading the British Isles and dominating the mid-Atlantic and his venture in Libya proved failures because of the dominance of the British navy and air force. These are striking defeats and have not, perhaps, been fully appreciated in the light of Hitler's spectacular triumphs on the continent. They may well account for his sudden decision to attack Russia—a gambler's throw based on the expectation of lightning and complete success.

WHEN Hitler went to war with Russia, he also involved himself in active war with another power. That is the Comintern, the world organisation of Communist parties. A significant point for Hitler, Goering and Goebbels, is that its leader is George Dimitrov, the hero of the Reichstag Fire.

Nothing can have displayed more exactly and precisely what Stalin felt about Hitler than the fact that when the Germans released Dimitrov because Soviet citizenship had been conferred on him he was made the world leader of Communism.

He made Goering spit and sputter with rage by his attacks on the Nazis from the dock during the trial. He must have made the Nazi leaders rage again and again during his tenancy of his present post.

The Pact between Stalin and Hitler in 1939 did not put Dimitrov out of action. From his office in Moscow he has maintained all possible contacts with Communists abroad, "guiding" them, sending messages to them, and when any Communist party has been able to produce a message of its own, giving it world-wide publicity.

### "La Passionaria"

ONE of his chief assistants in his war with Fascism is that remarkable woman, Dolores Ibarruri (also called "La Passionaria"). Threatened by the Falangists in Spain, she created the great rallying cry: "Better to die on your feet than live on your knees."

With them are Wilhelm Pieck, formerly a German M.P., and Andre Marty, formerly a French M.P. He organised the International Brigade in Spain. Along with them are representatives of other countries. Working with them as diplomatic expert, is Litvinov, formerly the Soviet Foreign Secretary.

It is constantly said that the possibility of internal revolt in Germany is dead now. Himmler certainly does not think so. The day after the blitzkrieg was turned against Russia he issued a White Paper on "Illegal Bolshevik Disruptive Work in Germany." His triple purpose was to threaten the German workers, stiffen the secret police, and help Hitler's propaganda about the wickedness of the Reds.

Two of their methods can be described without giving the Nazis any information. One is that the organisation of the Communists is often by tiny units. In any case, the committee does not number more than two or three, and of these only one would be in contact with another member of another cell. Another method is based on Dimitrov's instructions to

But the blitzkrieg on the eastern front is already behind schedule and complete success is improbable in view of Stalin's grim determination to fight on anywhere. Whatever the final outcome, it is plain that the Nazi war machine will be so disorganised as a result of the tremendous losses in the Russian war, that it will take practically a year to restore its equilibrium, by which time, if not before, Britain will be in the position to strike with her combined army, navy and air force. Present indications are that Hitler's Eastern gamble is doomed to failure.

## HITLER v STALIN

# The War Behind the Scenes



DIMITROV

The Nazis picked a tartar

German Communists that they should join every possible kind of popular organisation, try to become officials and bide their time.

They have joined almost everything from the German Labour Front down to the Austrian Stamp Collecting Clubs. Among their strongest points are believed to be "Strength Through Joy," and the women's organisations.

Was it a coincidence that our own War Office announced that

Stamp Collecting Clubs. Among

Continents with advanced

views believe that this kind of movement has gone so far in Germany and the occupied countries that it was one of Hitler's reasons for deciding on a Russian gamble.

Do we see here at work Dimi-

trov's principle that every effort

should be made to link up with

every school of thought that is

printed matter, often on slips no

thicker and bigger than a cigarette paper, has never ceased.

They believe, that as this war was foreseen in Russia, so it was in Communist Germany, and that at this moment a wave of underground propaganda is going on, which has caused

Himmler his special anxiety.

### Call To Workers

THE tenor of it may be judged from a specimen issued by Dimitrov through one of his propaganda organisations, the "Round the World News Agency." While Stalin and Hitler were still linked in their pact of uneasy amity, he issued in April the following statement which was being illegally distributed in Germany:

The German Government does not want a single free people to remain in Europe. . . . The attack on Yugoslavia is a con-

General Palmer, who has now re-

turned, was formerly Assistant Chief

of Staff under General Pershing.

"In my opinion, our peril is greater than it has ever been in our history," said General J. M. Palmer to-day, testifying to the Senate Military Commission in support of President Roosevelt's request on Monday for retention of draft selectees for a further period of active service in the army.

"All the forces of Nazism are deployed against us," General Palmer continued. "In order to achieve his aim, Hitler must conquer or encircle the United States."

General Palmer, who has now re-

turned, was formerly Assistant Chief

of Staff under General Pershing.

"Fires were accompanied by ex-

"During the same night, heavy bombs again attacked docks and installations at Berghazi, causing fires and explosions on the moles.

"All aircraft returned safely."

**Tanker Transfer "Secret" Is Out**

**Britain To Benefit**

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**

WASHINGTON, July 22 (UPI)—

Mr Harold L. Ickes, Secretary of the Interior and Petroleum Co-ordinator in the National Defence Programme, said to-day that the question of transferring additional oil tankers to Britain was a "matter of vital military information" and should not be disclosed publicly, thus inferentially nailing the newspaper to print the news of tanker transfers.

It is reported that Mr Ickes con-

fided with prominent oil men on

Monday regarding the transfer of

from fifty to one hundred tankers to Britain.

**Acquitted Of Assault To Rob Escort Girl**

Two unemployed men, Ho Ki, 24, and Yiu Man, 27, charged before Mr Justice P. E. F. Creswell at the Criminal Sessions this morning, with assault by two or more with intent to rob an escort girl, were unanimously found not guilty by a jury and were discharged.

LONDON, July 22 (British Wireless)—All women born in 1918 will register at the offices of the Ministry of Labour on August 2, it was announced in London to-night.



# Germans Making but Small Headway in Big Battles

LONDON, July 22 (British Wireless).—A great battle between the Germans and Russians in which the opposing armies are wrestling in fighting zones of great depth continues with unabated violence. It is considered by military circles here that certain developments are now clear.

Firstly, the German advance from Psirov towards Leningrad seems to be held up by the Russians.

Secondly, the Russians seem to be putting up fierce resistance to the enemy, who is endeavouring to advance on both flanks of Smolensk. It is still uncertain whether the Germans have occupied the city, but it is possible that German detachments are fighting beyond it to the east, although the main supporting forces are doing their best to break through on the flanks.

Thirdly, the Germans seem to be making an advance in the Kiev direction by a thrust developing down the right bank of the Dnieper, which will be watched carefully as a success might endanger the Russian forces in the Bessarabian sector.

#### German Confessions

The German newspaper "Frankfurter Zeitung," which has maintained an outspoken attitude throughout the Nazi regime, says that "in some sectors of our front, our victories were too hasty. Fortresses we had believed already conquered suddenly resumed resistance, by virtue of underground fortifications not observed by our soldiers."

"Again and again fresh battles must be fought in territory already considered dominated by our army. This stubborn resistance is only explained by Bolshevik fanaticism or fear of political Commissars."

An enormous number of Russian tanks have been destroyed and our tanks are still engaged in hard battles."

The article concludes, "A great part of the Red army has been annihilated, but it still remains impossible to judge how long it will be before it disappears. Only one thing is certain and that is that Germany will fight this war against Russia to the last."

"We confess to hardships in these battles exceeding anything in history and we assume that the increased bitterness and power of the Red army is caused by the knowledge of its leaders that the last reserves are in the fight."

#### German Version Fighting

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—The official news agency claims that German panzer troops in the Dnieper region on July 20 captured 10,000 prisoners and bombed or destroyed 220 Soviet tanks and forty guns.

It states that Soviet counter-attacks against German troops advancing in an easterly direction from Smolensk collapsed under German fire, causing severe and bloody Soviet losses. Many Soviet prisoners are claimed to have been brought in and numerous tanks destroyed, the number being given as 108 for Sunday.

In the area of Vitebsk, Soviet tanks attacked the Germans in several waves, but all the attacks were repulsed with heavy Soviet losses, the agency declares, claiming that one German panzer division alone destroyed 73 out of a total of 130 Soviet tanks.

**Nazi Claims In Air War**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—The official news agency claims that between Sunday and Monday the Soviet air force lost 71 machines in air battles and that 30 were destroyed on the ground.

Twelve British machines were brought down yesterday over the Channel coast, it states, adding that heavy air battles have been continuing there since early yesterday afternoon. It is claimed that eight Spitfires were shot down and that there were no German losses.

German bombers are stated yesterday to have sighted a heavily laden convoy of Soviet merchantmen on the Dnieper, with troops on board, and to have sunk three of them.

**Finnish Communiqué**

ROME, July 22 (Reuter).—A Finnish communiqué claims that Finnish troops have occupied the passes of Pitteranta in their advance north-east of Lake Ladoga, according to Helsinki telegram to the Italian official news agency.

#### Large Nazi Claim

London, July 22 (Reuter).—A German High Command communiqué states that breaching operations of the German Army in conjunction with their allies have divided the Soviet defence front into uncoordinated groups.

Despite tough local resistance and obstinate counter-attacks, no co-ordinated leadership of the enemy is now recognisable.

On the whole eastern front, it is stated, the defeat and annihilation of isolated groups of Soviet forces is continuing ceaselessly.

#### Rapair Raid

As a reprisal for the Bolshevik air raid on the open capitals of Bucharest and Helsinki, the Luftwaffe last night made their first attack on Moscow. In a series of waves of 12 bomber formations bombed military installations and munitions industries, visibility being good.

In the vicinity of the Kremlin and the river Moskva, direct hits caused a number of fires, some of which were large.

Buildings of the High Command and administrative authorities and a public utility plant were destroyed or severely damaged.

#### Germans Lose 22 Planes

MOSCOW, July 22 (Reuter).—The following communiqué was issued by the Soviet Information Bureau to-night:

"On July 22, our forces were engaged in heavy fighting in the Petropavlovsk, Poltava, Smolensk and Shlisselburg directions. There were no essential changes in the position of the troops on the front."

"On July 22, our aircraft brought down 87 enemy planes. We lost 14 planes."

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"Mention should be made of the splendid service rendered by the Moscow population who quickly extinguished incendiary bombs dropped on the city by individual planes which broke through and also quickly got the fires under control."

**German Advance Claimed**

BERLIN, July 22 (UP).—An authorised military spokesman to-day announced that German troops are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river.

"According to supplementary information, 22 German bombers were brought down in an attempt to make a mass raid on Moscow on the night of July 21. These losses must be considered very great under the conditions of the night raid."

"Scattered and demoralised by our night fighters and anti-aircraft guns, we are now 150 kilometers beyond the upper reaches of the Dnieper river. German planes dropped most of their bombs in the woods and fields outside Moscow."

"Not a single military target was touched nor was any damage done to municipal enterprises."

"

# Around The Courses

## Fairways Improved By Rain

### Another Definition Of "Plugged" Ball— Replacing One's Divots

(By "Birdie")

A VISIT was made to the Country Club, Shueungshui, the other day for the first time since the rains began—some weeks ago—and the improved state of the fairways was something amazing.

This is not peculiar to this Club, however, for it is very apparent at Kowloon, too. But at the latter course, the uneven surface of the fairways make it difficult and in spots impossible to use a mechanical mower. This is not the case in the New Territories, and the close clipped grass makes the course much the more enjoyable.

Not once in 27 holes, except for intermittent excursions into the rough, did one meet with a lie that was not, if desired, suitable for a brassie shot.

There are still one or two spots on the third fairway that have retained their water, but these will soon be dried and the tractor can get to work thereon.

How different it is, in comparison, at Kowloon. The grass has grown here with unusual rapidity, and the hand cutters have hardly been able to keep pace. It is not the harder kind of grass, either, and in it the ball snuggles down like in a nest.

Not unnaturally, the conditions have been somewhat difficult to the thoughtless ("unthinking" would be a better word) for I have seen spoons used recently where a No. 5 or 6 would have had far better results.

Improvement at the Country Club, however, has much to do with the better drainage system that is in the process of being laid. A herring-bone lay-out is noticeable on the second, while a new long ditch is being dug on the third.

The Kowloon Golf Club valleys are a big problem, and greatest credit must go to Mr Phillips who is doing a good job of work there.

AT the latter course, plugged balls on the first, third and some times the eighth are still recurring, and I was introduced to a novel definition of such the other day.

It is, as far as I know, generally accepted that a plugged ball is one which has half or more of its diameter buried beneath the surface of the ground.

The other day in a foursome the ball driven from the first tee was plugged in the fairway. The second player, naturally, picked up and played his shot, but being a somewhat erratic player topped the ball rather heavily and simply buried the ball again.

From the opposition came the opinion that the second case was not a plugged ball because it had not risen into the air. It was argued that it should be played in its then position—beneath the turf! But return it was argued logically, and with later support from an outside source, that the definition of a plugged ball (if there is such a thing) does not concern itself with how the ball reached that condition but was merely a statement of fact—that is, that when a ball is buried it is plugged.

\* \* \*

IN its present condition, loose and unconsolidated, turf is liable to be spattered into little pieces when irons shots are made. But even so, players should make the effort to retrieve as many of the little pieces as possible and replace them in what would otherwise be a ghastly scar on the fairway.

To have to play out of one of these horrid ruts left by someone previous is invariably an experience that leaves a lasting impression.

The same can be said of the one or two players who still continue to stroll aimlessly, judging by their footmarks, in bunkers. Such people are deserving of nothing short of ostracism.

### Tennis

### Helen Jacobs And Riggs Successful

NEW YORK, July 22. (Reuter).—Many well-known tennis players figure in the 54th invitation tournament at Seabright, New Jersey, to-day.

Winners of the first round included Helen Jacobs, who beat Mrs Coleman 6-1, 6-0, and Bobby Riggs, who beat J. Moorhead 6-1, 6-2. Both winners have held the American and Wimbledon titles.

Arthur Marx, son of Groucho Marx, film comedian, was also among the winners.

**THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.**  
**THE THERAPION NO. 1**  
**THE THERAPION NO. 2**  
**THE THERAPION NO. 3**

For Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Arthritis, etc.

Also OLEO-RUB'S PILLS for the Liver & Bowels—also Balsams for the Bladder.

### Another K.O. For Louis

MINNEAPOLIS, July 22 (UPI)—Joe Louis, the heavyweight Boxing champion, threw only one punch on Friday night to knock out Jim Robinson of Philadelphia in the first round of a scheduled four-round exhibition bout here.

### Promising Lightweight

Philadelphia, July 22. Ray Robinson, young Negro who has been boxing professionally for a year, remains unbeaten following the decision in a 10-round bout today against Sammy Angott, world lightweight champion. The title was not at stake.

Robinson floored Angott twice in the second round and clearly won seven of the rounds.—Reuters.

### One-sided Matches In Pairs Championship

THREE of the four Open Pairs Lawn Bowls Championship matches played yesterday proved very one-sided. Only close game was that at Recreio in which B. A. Mansell and P. Morgan beat W. McMaster and M. Ferguson 21-16.

Other scores were:

C. E. Marques and J. E. Noronha beat E. Strange and H. Strange 31-14 at Craigengower C.C.

W. Cameron and E. G. Post beat J. W. Leonard and W. Ward 24-14 at the Civil Service C.C.

A. Eastman and W. C. Simpson beat W. J. McCarrach and T. Pile 25-11 at the Kowloon B.G.C.

### Close Game

The game at Recreio was very close. The winners, Mansell and Morgan, scored on eleven of the 21 heads and their winning margin of five shots was the outcome of their score on the seventh end.

All four bowlers were steady, and from a deficit of 5-13, McMaster and Ferguson drew up to 13-all on the 14th, but over the last seven heads they were just that bit on the outside and scored on only two heads.

The winners' 5 on the 7th end was the biggest tally of the match, the losers' best being 3's on the 3rd and 14.

### Scores were:

Mansell & Morgan 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1=21

McMaster & Ferguson 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 3, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 2=21

### A Seven For Police

The victorious Police pair, W. Cameron and E. G. Post were the proud scorers of a 7 against Leonard and W. Ward at the C.S.C.C. This was on the 9th head to place them 15-2 in the lead.

They were never headed from the beginning and ran out deserving winners.

### Scores were:

Cameron & Post 2, 1, 0, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 4, 0=24

Leonard & Ward 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0=24

### Strange Brothers Beaten

The Strange brothers, E. and H., were soundly beaten when they met the strong Recreio combination of C. E. Marques and J. E. Noronha at Craigengower.

The winners chalked up two 5's, two 4's and two 3's—24 shots—in six heads, and though they were never led, the losers drew up to 6-all on the 7th.

### Scores were:

Strange & Strange 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 3, 0, 2, 0, 0, 2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0=24

Marques & Noronha 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 3, 4, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 5, 1, 0, 4, 0=24

### Another Big Defeat

W. J. McCarrach and T. Pile had no reply to the steady bowling of A. Eastman and W. C. Simpson at the Kowloon B.G.C., and were beaten by 25-11.

### Scores were:

Eastman & Simpson 0, 1, 0, 4, 1, 0, 0, 3, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 0, 3, 0, 1, 0, 0=25

McCarrach & Pile 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 3, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0=21

### Schools' Gala Organised By V.R.C.

Victoria Recreation Club will hold a Swimming Gala open to the Schools of the Colony for boys and girls on Saturday, August 23 at 9.07 p.m. Heats, if necessary, will be swum off on August 18 and 19 in the V.R.C. pool at 7.07 p.m.

Swimmers participating must be registered in their respective school registers at least three months prior to the date of the heats. There will be no age limit or height limit for Senior Boys, but junior swimmers must be 15 years of age or under and must also be 5 ft 1 in. and under on August 18. There is only one classification for girls and any schoolgirl may compete.

### Rules

As an incentive junior swimmers may compete in any senior event, but not for both classes. Another stipulation is that no swimmer may compete in more than one individual event except in the diving relays.

Points for individual and team placings will be 5, 3 and 1 for first, second and third.

In addition to the list of events given below a demonstration by V.R.C. divers and swimmers will also be given.

### Programme

The events are as follow:

Senior Boys' 200 yards free-style relay (teams of four); Senior Boys' 100 yards medley relay (teams of four); Senior Boys' 100 yards free-style; Senior Boys' 220 yards free-style; Senior Boys' 100 yards breast-stroke; Senior Boys' 100 yards back-stroke; Senior Boys' Diving (three forward headers); Senior Boys' Compulsory backward header, one optional dive; Junior Boys' 200 yards free-style relay (teams of four); Junior Boys' 100 yards medley relay (teams of three); Junior Boys' 100 yards free-style; Junior Boys' 50 yards breast-stroke; Junior Boys' 50 yards back-stroke; Junior Boys' 50 yards butterfly; Girls' 200 yards free-style relay (teams of four); Girls' 50 yards breast-stroke; Girls' 50 yards back-stroke; Girls' 50 yards butterfly; Girls' Diving (three forward headers).

### TRY THIS SOMETIME!



If you cannot get anywhere with your own style, try this sometime! The player in the picture, a Canadian, recently went round his home course in one over Par.

### How To Play Baseball

#### 5. Third Baseman

BECAUSE of the high speed of balls hit along the third base line, this position is known as the "hot corner" of the diamond. The baseman must be very fast, good on ground balls, and must have a good throwing arm. An accurate throw is needed to all bases, especially to first.

**1. POSITION.** The 3rd bsmn should play as far inside of the diamond and as far back of the base line as will permit him to field that territory. With a hard-hitting right hand batter he will not feel comfortable on or in front of the base line, but if he expects the batter to bunt he will not play back of the base line. His position, therefore, will vary with the batter.

He should watch hitters who hit along the foul line and play closer to the bag because hits just inside and over the bag often go for several bases.

When there is a runner on 3rd and no one or one is out, 3rd bsmn should play on the base line or in front so that he will be able to make the play home or be ready to cover third. He should also play close to the base line in order to keep the runner from taking too great a lead.

**2. FIELDING THE POSITION.** He must be on the alert for bunts; a batter is liable to bunt any time, but in most cases the bsmn can guess that a bunt is coming by theinning, score, out, and the balls and strikes on the batter and position of runners on bases.

Some bunts can be fielded with two hands, others with only one, but in every case the 3rd bsmn cannot loaf on the job. He should have plenty of practice in picking them off and throwing.

He should not be afraid to take chances as many hard hit balls can be knocked down and then picked up in time to catch the runner.

He should not be afraid to take ground balls which look to be the shortstop's; in fact all the ground balls which he can field safely should be taken by him because he is in position to throw and shortstop is not.

One hand catches are not grandstand plays. He should get in front of all ground balls. He can catch many foul balls if he starts quickly and keeps running. He should call as soon as he sees that he can field the ball and he should stop if one of the other fielders is on the ball.

**3. THROWING.** The 3rd bsmn has many easy and many hard throws but they are all long for the most part. He uses the overhead throw in balls which come to him with speed; on easy rollers and bunts he uses the underhand throw for the most part.

He should always know where first base is and not be worrying about the runner or whether the 1st bsmn will cover, but should throw the ball to the glove and then throw.

He usually does not have a great deal of time on slow rolling balls so the receiving and the throwing should be made with one movement. When there is a runner on 1st and the batter bunts, there is a question whether to play the ball to second or first. If doubtful, play the ball to first.

**4. COVERING 3RD BASE.** The 3rd bsmn is really the only defense for 3rd base, so it will not be necessary for him to worry a great deal about covering any other base.

After the ball has been hit and he does not field it, he should work back to his base. He should be ready to cover the base when there is a man on second, and when there is a man on third.

The 3rd bsmn looks mostly for throws from the catcher. Such throws should come on the inside of the base so it will be necessary for the 3rd bsmn to get in a position to receive the throw and tag the runner with the same motion, if possible.

**5. ALERTNESS.** When a runner is caught between 2nd and 3rd, the latter should run the runner back to second to do the tagging. In case the runner is caught between 3rd and home, he should expect to tag the runner close to 3rd.

When the squeeze play is being worked, he should hold the runner close to the base as possible, then, if he receives the batted ball, he should not play it home if it is impossible to catch the runner, but should throw it to 1st and at least catch the batter.

If 2nd and 3rd are occupied and the squeeze play is worked, 3rd bsmn should remember that a double squeeze may result, that is, both runners may score or try to score.

**6. SUGGESTIONS.** (i) When there are two strikes on the batter DO NOT LOOK FOR A BUNT.

(ii) Never throw to first base if it is impossible to throw the man out.

A GOOD FEINT MAY WORK IF THERE ARE OTHER BASES OCCUPIED.

(iii) The 3rd bsmn should be alert for a quick throw from the catcher when there is a runner on 3rd.

A good signal is to expect a throw when the batter strikes and misses.

July 28/51.

### GARDEN TOOLS..

"It has been said that it is the bad workman who complains about his tools; but there is no doubt at all that with better tools a finer job can be done . . .

First-grade

**SHIELD**

**STEEL**

Forks and spades,

Trowels, Shears,

Reap Hooks, Hoes,

and Watering

cans. Revolving

## NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller



## New \$425,000,000 Loan To Britain is Announced

*Special to the "Telegraph"*

WASHINGTON, July 22 (UP).—The Reconstruction Finance Corporation to-day announced its approval of a \$425,000,000 loan to Britain to pay for war supplies contracted for, prior to the enactment of the lend and lease bill.

The Administrator, Mr Jesse Jones, stated that President Roosevelt had approved the plan of a loan to provide Britain with dollars for exchange without the necessity of disposing of their securities at a forced sale.

He said that the interest would be 3 per cent, annually to mature in 15 years, with an extension of another five years if two-thirds of the principal is paid on the original maturity date.

The British will pledge collateral of over \$700,000,000 and it is estimated that the interest dividends on the collateral will amortize the loan in about 15 years. Meanwhile, funds will be available to Britain as needed to meet commitments at about \$100,000,000 monthly.

**Emergency Matter**

LONDON, July 22 (UP).—Sir Kingsley Wood, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announcing the R.F.C. loan in the House of Commons to-day stressed the fact that it "again reflects the readiness of the United States Administration to extend their assistance to us." He asserted that the Government had considered the execution of the agreement "as a matter of emergency."

**Full Approval**

WASHINGTON, July 22 (Reuter).—The announcement of the American loan to Britain, made over the radio early this morning, surprised most people, but it is expected to arouse anything but approval because it is increasingly realised by the average person that in the interests of world economy in general and America in particular it is essential that Britain should be a going business concern and that unless she can earn, she cannot buy.

The spirit in evidence before the passage of the Lease and Lend Bill amongst those who opposed the Bill—that Britain should be given nothing until her investments on this side of the Atlantic are liquidated—has disappeared, and the present loan is likely to assume the appearance of an act between allied concerns which are in business with a single objective, the destruction of Nazism.

**Sensible Arrangement**

Amongst the few businessmen contacted early this morning, the first reaction was that it is a far more sensible arrangement to lend money against such excellent collateral than ruin the market by dumping securities in order to liquidate them for ready cash.

The removal of a huge volume of British-owned American securities from the market as loan collateral provided added stimulus to this morning's rally of the New York Stock Exchange although the announcement of the loan had been anticipated for some time.

## Australian Great War Epic Filmed

The gala premiere of "Forty Thousand Horsemen," the Australian picture sponsored by the Commonwealth Government of Australia, will take place at the King's Theatre to-morrow at 9.30 p.m. The major portion of the proceeds of this gala performance, it is learned from the management of the theatre, will be donated to the Bomber Fund.

His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, and high Government officials as well as other leading residents will be present.

The picture, which was made with the co-operation of the Department of Defence of Australia, and the officers and men of the 1st and 2nd Australian Cavalry Divisions, deals with the Light Horse campaign against the Germans in Palestine during the Great War.

In the 1914-18 war the most picturesque unit of the Australian forces was the Light Horse, which won immortal glory by victory in the Sinai Desert under the command of Sir Harry Chauvel. The charge at Beersheba, which forms the climax of the film, is one of the most impressive scenes ever filmed.

"Forty Thousand Horsemen" is the most ambitious Australian film ever made, and the cast is headed by Betty Bryant, hailed as a real screen discovery, Grant Taylor, "Chips" Rafferty, Pat Twohill and Harvey Adams.

## Soviet-Czech Relations

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—"Reuters'" Diplomatic Correspondent learns that M. Zdenek Flerlinter, former Czechoslovak Minister to Moscow, has been appointed to represent Czechoslovakia in the Soviet Union as a result of an agreement whereby relations between the two countries are resumed.

M. Flerlinter, who is now in London, will shortly leave for Moscow.

## Exchange At A Glance

**SELLING**

T.T. London	1/2%
Desmond London	1/2%
T.T. Shanghai	.45%
T.T. Singapore	.52%
T.T. Japan	102%
T.T. India	.82%
T.T. U.S.A.	.24%
T.T. Manila	.48%
T.T. Batavia	.45%
T.T. Bangkok	149%
T.T. Saigon	105%
T.T. Switzerland	—
T.T. Australia	1/6%

**BUYING**

4 m/s L/C London	1/3%
4 m/s D/P London	1/3%
4 m/s L/C U.S.A.	.25%
4 m/s France	.34%
30 d/s India	.34%
U.S. Cross rate in London	4.02%
U.S. Cross rate in N.Y.	—

## FINNS ON PROBATION

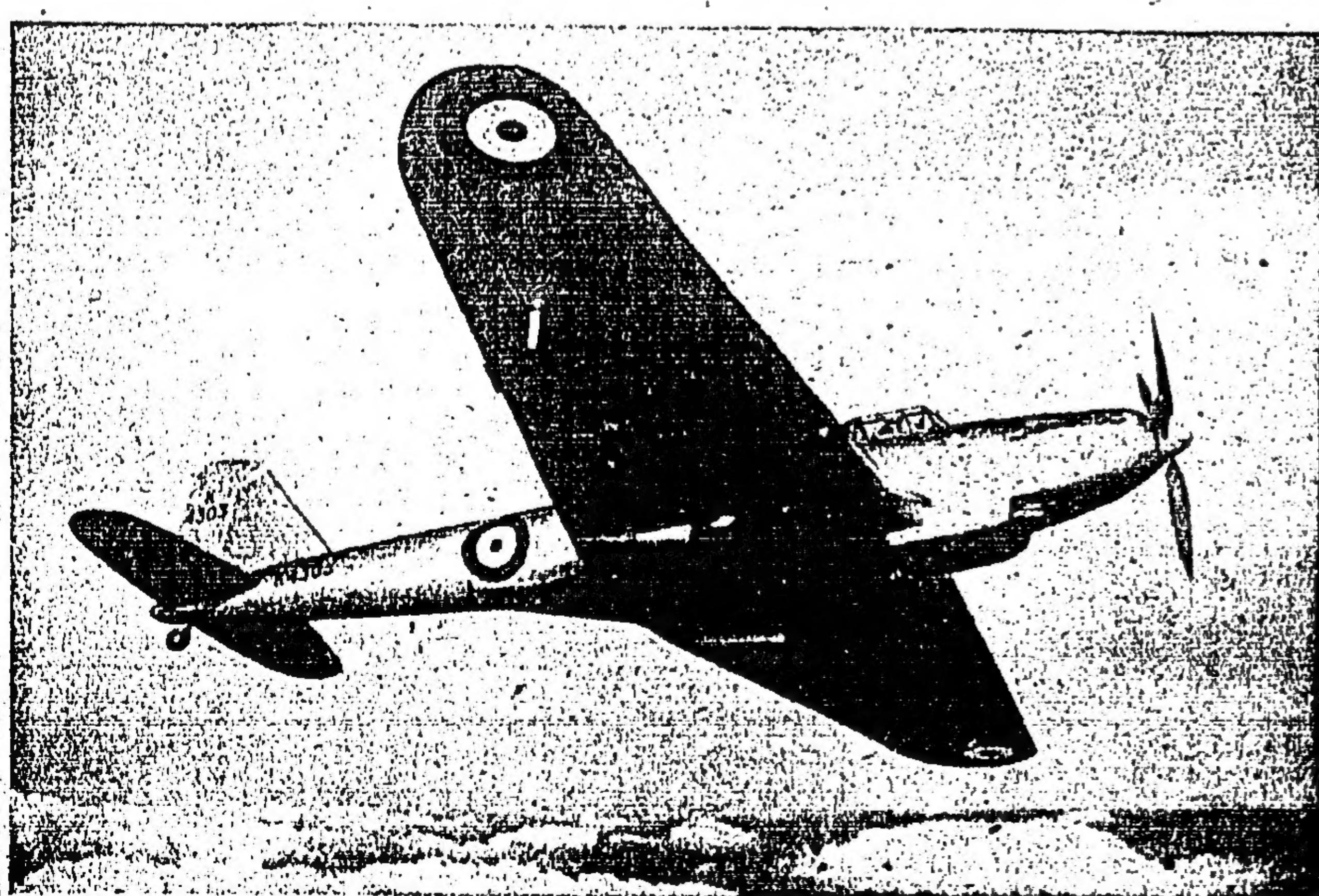
### Britain To Maintain Relations At Present

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—After careful consideration, the British Government has decided at present to maintain diplomatic relations with Finland but has left the Finnish Government in no doubt that this decision to continue may at any time be reversed in the light of events.

This announcement was made by Lord Snell in the House of Lords this afternoon. Lord Snell intimated that the issue of naval letters for goods destined to Finland had ceased and that no facilities were being given for ships to proceed to Finland.

CHUNGKING, July 22 (Central News).—A total sum of \$316,476 has been raised by the Chinese Boy Scouts Association as a result of the Winter Garment Campaign for Soldiers launched on the last Double Tenth Anniversary.

## KEEP THE BOMBER FUND SOARING



TYPES OF BOMBERS HITTING HITLER

6.—The Fairey Battle Medium Bomber.

DONATIONS TO DATE: \$2,393,379.39 and £1,000 REMITTED TO LONDON: £145,939.19.6d

## Indians Amenable To Help In Government

*Holding Portfolios*

LONDON, July 22 (Reuter).—Indians are to be taken into the Viceroy of India's Executive Council and more Indians are to hold portfolios in the Central Government.

This step toward augmenting and consolidating India's war effort was announced to-day when a White Paper on "India and the War" was presented to Parliament by Mr L. S. Amery, Secretary of State for India.

This announced the decision to enlarge the Executive Council in order to permit the separation of the portfolio of Law and Supply and of Commerce and Labour, and the division of the present portfolio of Education, Health and Lands into separate portfolios of Education, Health and Land and Indians Overseas and also the creation of the portfolios of Information and Civil Defence.

The Viceroy has also succeeded in securing co-operation in the establishment of a National Defence Council of distinguished and representative Indians in British India and the rulers of Indian states.

**No Constitutional Change** Though no constitutional change is involved in these announcements and the enlarged Executive Council will not be responsible to the Legislature, the Viceroy will now have what to all intents and purposes is a War Cabinet with a marked majority of Indian public men instead of the former European and official majority.

The new members of the Council are as representative of and as responsive to public opinion as the refusal of Indian Congress and the Muslim League to co-operate makes possible.

The changes indicated in the White Paper, while making a significant step towards augmenting and consolidating the Indian war effort, are not in any way concerned with constitutional developments in India. Authoritative quarters recall that in various statements made on behalf of the British Government since the outbreak of war, it had been made clear that constitutional changes in India are quite impracticable while the British Empire is engaged on vital struggle for its existence and that an agreement between the major political parties and interests in India is the fundamental condition of consideration of any new constitutional scheme.

**Sequel To First Effort**

It was last summer, following many attempts to ease the political tension in India and to bring Indian public opinion into close contact with the Central Government in the conduct of the war that the Viceroy promulgated proposals for an extension of his Council and for the setting up of what was then described as a War Advisory Council.

For a number of reasons, these proposals were found unacceptable by the major political parties in India, but it was made clear by the Viceroy that the Government would leave the door open for acceptance of such a plan as soon as a sufficient degree of representative support was forthcoming.

**Political Differences**

During the intervening months, all endeavours of the Viceroy have been directed towards finding a way in which Indian public opinion could be brought more intimately into association with the administration in all matters connected with the war effort. There is nothing to indicate at present that political conditions in India are on their way to being bridged.

Whitchall points out that the Viceroy waited for no less than 11 months since the offer to political parties in India to enter the Government before extending invitations to the individuals he has now called to the service of their country.

Nevertheless, the creation of the National Defence Council associates with India's war effort and is representative of all influential sec-



## U. B. STOUT

OBTAIABLE AT ALL LEADING COMPRADORES

W. R. LOXLEY &amp; CO., (China) LTD.

## Travel In China To-day By Road, Rail, Sea & Air

China has still access to the world by dozens of routes according to the opinion of an expert, Mr Tang Wei-pin, Vice-Director of the China Travel Service, who gave a talk on the subject at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., Kowloon, during the week-end.

Peking-Chungking route, the Chungking-Wanhsien-Lubshien—Hochein-Loshan route, the Wuchoow-Liuchow route, and the Liuchow-Nanning route.

Chinese students in Hongkong desiring to go to the interior of China to study, Mr Tang said, may do so by either of three ways. Firstly, they may go by C.N.A.C. or Eurasia plane to Chungking for HK\$540, to Kunming for HK\$600, to Nanyang for HK\$270, to Chengtu for HK\$580, and to Lanchow for HK\$720.

Secondly, they may go by way of Rangoon and the Burma Road. Four shipping companies, including the Douglas S.S. Co., are maintaining regular shipping services between Hongkong and Rangoon. It takes about 12 days to travel by boat from Hongkong to Rangoon.

Thirdly, they may go by way of Kwangchowwan, Wattam, Liuchow, Chinchingkang, Hochih, and Kwei-yang to Chungking or Kunming. Three steamships, namely, the Tai Po Shek, the Tai Shun, Hong, and the Jao Jao are running between Hongkong and Kwangchowwan.

The main highways in the southwest and northwest measure approximately 6,930 kilometres.

Recently a new highway between Neikiang in Szechuan and Sichuan in Sikong has been completed. In addition, there are a large number of main highways of shorter distances, branch highways and provincial highways.

**Railways Still Run** According to Mr Tang, railways still in operation include the Kunming-Kaliyan section of the Yunnan Railway measuring 350 kilometres, the Kweichow-Kwangsi Railway measuring 168 kilometres, the Pan-tangpu-Kukung section of the Canton-Hankow Railway measuring 478 kilometres, the Hunan-Kwangsi Railway measuring 537 kilometres, the Lung-hai Railway from Sian eastward to Tungkang, Shanchow, Loyang and Kunghsin, westward to Paochi and northward to Tungkun aggregating 767 kilometres, and the Chekiang-Klangsi Railway from Kunhwa to Chuk, Lanck, Chuochow and Yingtan aggregating 499 kilometres. The total of railways in operation is 2,797 kilometres.

Important air routes, Mr Tang said, include the Hongkong-Chungking-Kunming-Lashio-Rangoon line which will be extended to Calcutta soon, the Hongkong-Shilukwan line, the Chungking-Liuchow-Suifu-Lingting (Loshan) line, the Chungking-Kweiwan line, the Chungking-Chungming line, the Chungking-Chung-cheng line and the Sino-Soviet line, passing through Lanchow, Hami, Tihwa and Alma Ata.

**Shipping Routes** With regard to navigation Mr Tang said the principal shipping routes include the Changsha-Hengyang line, the Hengyang-Pengzhou line.

## U.S. RAILWAYMEN TO BUILD SHIPS

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WASHINGTON, July 23 (UP).—It is stated that the Office of Production Management is holding a special meeting in Chicago late to-day, when a committee of rail officials and labour executives will discuss the voluntary transfer of 100,000 railway workers to the shipbuilding and aircraft industries.

**Nearer To War** Mr Ingersoll went on to describe President Roosevelt's message to Congress as a "step nearer to the inevitable, but the more action the President takes the better in view of the fact that America will do everything to prevent a Hitler victory."

Mr Ingersoll was quite cheerful about the Russian situation.



STATE EXPRESS 555 cigarettes have always been the best at any price. Their consistent high standard of quality is still maintained and they are the natural choice for those who gladly pay that little extra to obtain the best cigarette in the world.

